

Moqhaka Local Municipality FINAL IDP REVIEW 2020 – 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TABLE OF CONTENTS	2
FOREWORD BY THE EXECUTIVE MAYOR	8
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY BY THE MUNICIPAL MANAGER	11
Chapter 1: Introduction	13
1.1 Background	13
1.2 Legal Framework	13
1.3 Integrated Development Planning Process	14
Figure 1: IDP Process	15
Table 1: Municipal IDP Process Rollout	16
1.4 Roles and Responsibilities in the IDP process	17
1.4.1 Within the Municipality	17
1.4.2 Distribution of Roles and Responsibilities between Municipality and External RolePlayers 18	
Chapter 2: Situational Analysis	20
2.1 Introduction	20
2.2 Moqhaka: Geographic location	
2.2.1 Urban Development: Hierarchy of Towns	
2.2.2 Urbanisation	
2.2.3 Growth Points	
2.2.4 Employment Opportunities	
2.2.5 Agricultural Opportunities	
2.3 Information from Census 2011 and Community Survey 2016	
Table 4: Population and Household Statistics	
Figure 3: Population and households	
Figure 4: Average household size	27
Figure 6: Access to water	29
Figure 7: Access to Water Community Survey 2016	30
Table 5: Sanitation StatsSA description	30
Figure 8: Access to sanitation	31
Figure 9: Access to Sanitation: Community Survey 2016	31
Figure 10: Households using electricity	32
Figure 51: Electricity Access: Community Survey 2016	33
Figure 73: Households by type of main dwelling	34
	35
Figure 94. Tanuna Status	25

Figure 95: I	Poverty Index	36
2.4 S	ervice Delivery and Infrastructure Development	39
2.4.1	Water	39
2.4.2	Sanitation	43
2.4.3	Electricity	46
2.4.4	Roads and Storm Water	48
2.5 R	efuse/Waste Services	51
2.5.1	Waste Management	51
2.5.2	Waste Removal	
2.5.3	Waste Disposal	
2.6 S	ocial Services	
2.6.1	Health Services	
2.6.2	Education	
2.6.3	Safety and Security (Traffic, Fire Services, Disaster Management etc.)	
	ublic Participation and Good Governance	
2.7.1	Governance Structures	58
Table 6: Co	uncil	58
Table 7: Mo	embers of the Mayoral Committee	59
2.7.2	Summary of Governance Structures	
2.7.3	Management and Operational systems	
2.7.4	HIV/AIDS, YOUTH DEVELOPMENT AND PEOPLE LIVING WITH DISABILITIES	
	nstitutional Development and Transformation	
2.8.1	Executive Management Structure	
2.8.2	Departmental Functions	
2.8.3	Municipal Workforce	
2.9 Fi	inancial Viability and Management	
	ocal Economic Development	
2.11 C	ommunity Development and Social Cohesion	74
2.11.1	Cemeteries	74
2.11.2	Sport and Recreation	76
2.12 G	lobal Warming (Climate Change)	79
	Agriculture	
	Biodiversity	79
CHAPTER 3		
3.1 Ir	ntroduction	81
	ard Description	
	opulation Statistics per ward	
3.2.1	Population and Gender Distribution per ward	
Figure 106:	Total Population by population group	83
Table 5: Dis	stribution of population by population group and gender per ward	84
Figure 117	Gender profile per ward	8 6
3.2.2	Distribution of population aged 5 years and older by level of education per ward	
Table & Di		
	stribution of population by level of education per ward	
3.2.3	Distribution of population by age groups and gender per ward	
	stribution of population by age group and gender per ward	
3.2.4	Households by type of tenure	91

Figure 1	28: Tenure status	91
Table 8:	Households by type of tenure per ward	92
	.5 Distribution of households by type of dwelling per ward	
Figure 1	.39: Dwelling type for the municipal area	94
Table 9:	Households by type of dwelling per ward	95
3.3		
3.3	·	
Table 10	0: Households with access to piped water per ward	97
	.2 Households by source of water per ward	
Table 1	1: Households by source of water per ward	
3.3	.3 Distribution of households by type of energy or fuel for lighting per ward	101
Table 12	2: Households by type of energy or fuel for lighting	101
3.3		
Table 13	3: Households by type of energy or fuel for cooking per ward	103
3.3		
Table 1	4: Households by type of energy or fuel for heating per ward	105
3.3		
	5: Households by type of toilet facility	
3.4	Community and Stakeholder Engagements	
3.4	· ·	
3.4	·	
3.4	· ·	
3.4	·	
3.4	·	
3.4	•	
3.4	·	
3.4		
3.4	•	
	.10 Ward Development Needs: Ward 10	
	.11 Ward Development Needs: Ward 11	
	P Review 2020/21	
	.12 Ward Development Needs: Ward 12	
	.13. Ward Development Needs: Ward 13	
	.14 Ward Development Needs: Ward 14	
	.15 Ward Development Needs: Ward 15	
	.16 Ward Development Needs: Ward 16	
	.17 Ward Development Needs: Ward 17	
	.18 Ward Development Needs: Ward 18	
	.19 Ward Development Needs: Ward 19	
	P Review 2020/21	
	.21 Ward Development Needs: Ward 21	
	P Review 2020/21	
	.22 Ward Development Needs: Ward 22	
	.23 Ward Development Plan: Needs 23	
3.5	Ward Needs Prioritised	
3.6	Sector involvement	

3.7	Legislation required Sector Plans in the IDP	165
3.8	Summary Overview: Sectoral Plans	165
3.9	Back to Basics Approach (B2B)	169
Chapter	4: Development Objectives and Strategies	
-	roduction	
4.2 Str	rategic Objectives	173
4.3 Ali	gnment of selected National, Provincial, District and Local	objectives 174
	1 The value of Planning Alignment	-
4.4	Strategic Alignment of key performance area's and priori	
4.4.	1 Key Performance Area 1: Basic Service Delivery	178
4.4.	•	
4.4.	•	•
4.4.	•	
4.4.	·	•
Chapter	5: Long Term Financial Plan	229
5.1	Introduction	
5.2	Financial Framework	
5.2.		
5.2.		
5.2.		
5.2.	•	
5.2.	5 Accountability, transparency and good governance	Error! Bookmark not defined.
5.2.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
5.2.	• •	
5.2.	•	
5.3	Financial Strategies	
5.3.	<u> </u>	
5.3.	2 Asset management strategies	Error! Bookmark not defined.
5.3.	3 Financial management strategies and programmes	Error! Bookmark not defined.
5.4	Financial Policies	Error! Bookmark not defined.
5.4.	1 General philosophy	Error! Bookmark not defined.
5.4.	2 Budget related policies	Error! Bookmark not defined.
5.4.	3 Revenue policies	Error! Bookmark not defined.
5.4.	4 Credit control policies and procedures	Error! Bookmark not defined.
5.4.	5 Supply chain management	Error! Bookmark not defined.
5.4.	6 Asset management policies	Error! Bookmark not defined.
5.4.	7 Investment policies	Error! Bookmark not defined.
5.4.	8 Debt management policies	Error! Bookmark not defined.
5.4.	9 Accounting policies	Error! Bookmark not defined.
5.5	Budget Assumptions	Error! Bookmark not defined.
5.6	Operating Revenue Framework	Error! Bookmark not defined.
The mu	nicipality's revenue strategy is built around the follo	owing key components:
		<i>y</i> , .
Tahla 17	: Summary of revenue classified by municipal votes.	Frrorl Bookmark not defined
	B: Operating Transfers and Grant Receipts	
	2: Capital Grants	
5.6.	1 Operating Revenue by Source	Error! Bookmark not defined.

Table 16: Summary of Revenue classified by main revenuedefined.	ue source Error! Bookmark not
5.7 Operating Expenditure	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Table 20: Summary of operating expenditure by municipal defined.	oal votes Error! Bookmark not
5.7.1 Analysis of operating expenditure	
Table 22: Medium-term capital budget per vote 5.9 Cash Flow Statement	
Chapter 6: Performance Management	251
6.1 Introduction	
6.2 IDP and PMS	
6.3 Overview of Performance Management in the Muni 6.3.1 Policy Framework	• •
Figure 14: Functions of a Performance Management Sys	tem 253
6.3.2 The Municipal Scorecard	
Figure 15: Municipal Scorecard	255
6.3.3 Planning, Monitoring, Reporting and Review of Po	
Figure 16: Performance Management cycle	
6.3.4 Performance Planning	
6.3.5 Performance monitoring	
6.3.6 Performance Measurement	
6.3.8 Performance Reporting and Review	
Table 23: PMS Reporting	258
6.4 Conclusion	260
Chapter 7: Projects and Programmes	261
7.1 Introduction	
7.2 Corporate Services	284
Table 25: Capital Expenditure: ICT	284
7.3 Community and Social Services	
7.3.1 Solid Waste Management	
7.3.2 Traffic	285
Table 26: Capital Expenditure: Traffic	
7.3.3 Public Safety	286
Table 27: Capital Expenditure: Public Safety	286
7.3.4 Refurbishment of the Civic Theatre	286
Table 28: Capital Expenditure: Fire	287
Table 29: Capital Expenditure: Disaster Management	288
7.3.5 Local Economic Development and Planning	
7.4 Technical Services	
7.4.1 Sanitation	
7.4.2 Water	
, , ,,,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	

7.5.1 Short term: Water and Sanitation issues that must be addressed	299
7.5.2 Short term: Gravel Roads to be upgraded to paved Roads	300
7.5.3 Short term: Existing paved roads to be urgently reconstructed (Identified by RF	RAMS
process)	
7.5.4 Planned Storm water projects	
7.5.5 Short term: Planned Paved roads to be resealed	
7.5.6 Short term: Existing paved roads to be urgently reconstructed	307
7.5.7 Planned Storm water projects	
7.5.8 Short term: Planned Pave roads to be resealed	
7.6 PROJECTS FROM SECTOR DEPARTMENTS	314
7.6.1 Free State Department of Education	
7.6.2 Department of Water and Sanitation	310
7.6.3 Department of Police, Roads and Transport	311
7.6.4 Department of Ecinomics, Small Business, Tourism and Enviromental Affairs	313
7.6.5 Department of Enviromental Affairs	315
7.6.6 Department of Social Development	317
7.6.7 Department of Health	318
7.6.8 Department of Public Works	321
7.6.9 Departnment of Agriculture	324
7.6.10 Department of Rural Development and Land Reform	328

FOREWORD BY THE EXECUTIVE MAYOR

Honourable Speaker, Cllr Mpho Chakane, Council Whip, Cllr Selloane Khiba, Members of the Mayoral Committee, all Councillors present in this meeting, officials of the municipality and most importantly the community of Moqhaka Local Municipality at large.

Firstly, let me take this opportunity to thank the residents of our municipality Moqhaka for adhering to the lockdown regulations as communicated from time to time by the National Coimmand Centre and the office of the Minister of Cooperative Governance and Tradition Affairs Dr Nkosazana Dlamini-Zuma. We are in this situation together and we will fight side by side and emerge victorious as a united international community against the corona virus pandemic.

Ladies and gentlemen it is a great pleasure for me to stand in this house and table the Draft Municipal Integrated Development Plan for review for the 2020-2021 planning cycle and financial year. We are meeting here when the President of our Country, President Cyril Ramaphosa made an announcement on the state of the Nation Address in 2019 of the seven bold priorities, which all the three spheres of government will focus on:

- Economic transformation and job creation
- Education, skills and health
- Consolidating the social wage through reliable and quality basic services
- Spatial Integration, human settlement and local government
- Social cohesion and safe communities
- A capable ethical and development state, and
- A better Africa and World

We managed to respond to some of these priorities as we approved the Spatial Development Framework and the Housing Sector Plan in preparation for the accreditation of the municipality at level one to mention but a few. We will be channelling all our energies towards the realisation of these priorities during this period under review.

In his state of the Nation Address 2020 President Cyril Ramaphosa mentioned that, Government is scaling up its efforts to tackle the high levels of unemployment, particularly among the youth.

He explains the two-pronged approach that government will be taking as a solution to the challenge being, by creating opportunities for youth employment and self-employment.

We welcome this two-pronged approach and we hope our newly appointed young people in our LED Directorate hit the ground running on this apex priority.

The issuing of sites in all three towns should not be looked in isolation to the clarion call made by our Premier that we need to reverse the spatial disparities created by the 1913 Land Act.

We will work very closely with our Provincial Departments to ensure that basic infrastructure is installed in all available erven as per the township establishment register.

Honourable Speaker allow me to raise the concern about poor attendance of our IDP public participation meetings, more especially Stakeholders meetings. It is at these meetings that we expect different stakeholders from different sectors of our communities to engage the municipality at the planning phase of carrying our legislative mandate forward. Tabling this draft IDP we wish to challenge all stakeholders within our borders to look into the document and communicate their submission with my office and further participate in the IDP Steering Committee meeting to be held before the final plan is presented to Council.

During public participation in November 2019, our people listed the following as their top five (5) priorities that we must look into:

- Roads & Storm water
- Electricity and Street lights
- Housing and Sites
- Local Economic Development & Job Creation
- Sanitation

This list clearly shows that the municipality is doing well in the provision of basic services but has challenges in those services that can positively contribute to local economic development.

The state of our economy is in disarray as it has recently been announced that it is in recession and has been downgraded by several rating agencies. This situation has resulted in increased unemployment more especially amongst youth and graduates.

Climate change is one of the thorny subjects that we need to look into. Recent storms that blew a couple of houses in our municipality provides proof of how destructive and devastating the effects of climate change can be. We need to ensure that resources are directed towards availing required mitigation and response toolkits.

The district planning model is a new approach that government wants to introduce to try centralise planning and distribution of available resources. In his state of the Nation Address 2020, the President said 'The model aims to address the challenge of government working in silos, resulting in a lack of coherent planning and implementation which has made monitoring and oversight of government difficult.

I therefore challenge all councillors, officials and stakeholders to look into this model and make submissions that will assist in ensuring that our municipality get maximum benefit out of it. We need to ensure that the adoption and subsequent implementation of this model does not compromise alignment of our Integrated Development Plan with the National Development Plan, Free State Growth and Development Strategy and the Fezile Dabi District Municipality IDP Framework.

Ladies and Gentleman let me mention once more that the declaration of Corona Virus as a pandemic by the World Health Organisation clearly shows the seriousness of our health situation. Its social, economic and health implications given our situation of ailing health infrastructure are a nightmare for our people and it is because of this that all sphere of government need to work together to confront this monster. Let us all observe basic

prevention measures and report any suspected cases while observing and respecting individual basic rights as enshrined in the Constitution.

Lastly, it should be placed on record that the latest audit opinion by the Auditor General is totally unacceptable and the office of the Executive Mayor will be working very closely with all Directorates to ensure that there is improvement and the confidence of our people to the municipality is restored given the undertaking by administration that it will improve after allowing the appointment of staff in critical positions.

Ladies and Gentleman I once more wish to thank those individuals and organisations, in particular the Afri Forum for your conributions and inputs into the draft IDP document. These has been noted and are already receiving attention from different directorates.

We hope the IDP document as considered by this Council will provide strategic direction to our municipality to ensure that our people are provided with services consistently and equitably.

I thank you

P.J. Phooko

Executive Mayor

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY BY THE MUNICIPAL MANAGER

Executive Summary by the Municipal Manager

Honourable Executive Mayor allow me to observe protocol as it applies and take this opportunity to provide and executive summary as we consider the draft Intergraded Development Plan for review for the 2020-2021 planning cycle.

It should be explained that this exercise takes place in compliance with and to conclude provision of section 30(a)(b) of the local Government: Municipal Systems Act, Act No 32of 2000 which states that, the Executive Mayor of a municipality in accordance with section 29, manage the drafting of the municipality 's integrated development plan, and assign responsibilities in this regard to the municipal manager.

Highlights of this drafting process started with the approval of the process plan, followed by public participation where at the community of Moqhaka local municipality was given an opportunity as required by the same Act to participate in the affairs of the municipality and the drafting of the Integrated Development Plan in particular

Executive Mayor it is clear from our public participation that roads and storm water are a top priority for our people. The state of our roads in our towns is deteriorating not to mention our streets in our townships. We have included in this draft an extract from the RRAMS report and a list of our roads and streets including cost estimates that need to be attended.

We also need to mention that shortage of machinery, equipment and personnel contributes to worsening this but we are working on requisite processes to arrest parts of this situation.

The following are MIG funded projects that we will be executing but it is clear that the need far exceeds our capacity.

- Maokeng –Construction of 0,8Km paved road from 16084-15680
- Maokeng –Construction of 0,7Km paved road from 13040-13956
- Maokeng- Construction of 0,55Km paved road from 10673-10857
- Rammulotsi –Construction of 0,61Km paved road from 2325-2330
- Rammulotsi –Construction of 0,83Km paved road from 4274-4218
- Rammujlitsi –Construction of 0,55Km paved road from 7058-1867

It should also be mentioned that Ntanga Street paved road project has been completed, storm water channelling in Koekoe village and the upgrading of paved road at 28331- 28348 were completed and are on retention in terms of our project management processes.

We need to acknowledge the fact that housing and provision of sites more especially in Maokeng and Kroonstad is a critical and urgent need. Led by the office of Executive Mayor we have started with the issuing of sites and updating our waiting list in Maokeng. A program was developed to issue people with erf numbers and explain to them challenges that we are phased with in terms of provision of basic services. The planned projects for the construction of water and sewer reticulation network in Constantia are aimed at addressing this backlog, but we need to mention that we are engaging with other departments to assist speed up the process.

We also need to mention the fact that most issues raised about electricity services are not about the provision of that service, but about the debt collection method that goes with the purchasing of electricity. This, coupled with our meter replacement programme will positively contribute to revenue enhancement for our municipality.

The recently advertised critical posts are being filled and this process is about to be finalised. This is intended to ensure that administration is properly manned with qualified officials to advance and fulfil the mandate of services delivery.

The 2019 Festive Season has been one of the best for Kroonpark resort as it recorded the highest rate of visitors for both day and overnight visitors. This should be seen as a sign of confidence of our people to this facility and we all know its state that we cannot be proud of. We hope the appointment of the Director LED and Planning and the resort manage, will help address challenges in this section.

Land for commonages in Viljoenskroon and Steynsrus is another critical issue that needs our undivided attention such that beneficiaries thereof can be able to participate in the Farmer Production Support Unit project that has already started in Kroonstad. We will be working closely with Department of Rural Development and Land Reform to find land and address this challenge. We need to report that there is progress made towards the external assessment of our municipality for Level 1 accreditation as a housing developer. This process will open many opportunities for our municipality and create economic spin offs for our communities.

Our audit opinion report for the previous financial year is also a matter if great concern for us and the community at large. Regress in this opinion can be attributed to shortage of staff, but we need to mention that the post of an accountant responsible for the compilation of annual financial statements was filled at a late stage of the audit process and we hope this will assist us reclaim our position of unqualified opinion and bring back confidence to our people.

Executive Mayor let me mention the fact that our Employee Wellness Section is working tirelessly together with our Municipal Disaster Managemnt Centre which coordites the muinicipal response and planning during this state of disaster. We are pleased to mention that the support we are receiving from political offices is overwhelming more especially during funerals in our residential areas. Together with our traffic services we are making an impact in ensuring adherence to the regulations governing the state of emergency we find ourselves in.

Lastly we wish to mention that as administration we are ready to hit the ground running and reclaim our unqualified audit opinion as we implement the municipal Inegrated Development Plan as reviewed.

I thank you

S. J MONYAKI

Acting Municipal Manager

Chapter 1: Introduction

1.1 Background

The Municipal Systems Act (No.32) of 2000 requires that local government structures prepare Integrated Development Plans (IDPs). The IDP serves as a tool for the facilitation and management of development within the areas of jurisdiction. In conforming to the Act's requirements, Moqhaka Municipality's Council has delegated the authority to the Municipal Manager to prepare the IDP.

Moqhaka Municipality's (MLM) commitment to developing an investment destination has been the focal point of the 2017/2022 IDP, with a specific emphasis to translate the Municipality's strategy into action.

The aim of the new 5-Year IDP2017/2022 for Moqhaka is to present a coherent plan to improve the quality of life for people living in the area. The intention of this IDP is to link, integrate and coordinate development plans for the municipality, which is aligned with national, provincial and district development plans and planning requirements binding on the municipality in terms of legislation.

This second review is intended to ensure compliance with legislation and monitor implementation and consistency with the aim, vision and mission of the municipality.

Moqhaka Local Municipality is a category B municipality – comprising Kroonstad, Maokeng, Viljoenskroon, Rammulotsi, Steynsrus, and Matlwangtlwang in the Fezile Dabi District.

1.2 Legal Framework

The IDP is compiled in terms of Chapter 5 of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act (MSA) (Act 32 of 2000).

Section 26 of the MSA states that the following core components should be included in the plan:

- ✓ the municipal council's vision for the long term development of the municipality with special emphasis on the municipality's most critical development and internal transformation needs;
- ✓ an assessment of the existing level of development in the municipality, which must include an identification of communities which do not have access to basic municipal services;
- ✓ the council's development priorities and objectives for its elected term, including its local economic development aims and its internal transformation needs;
- ✓ the council's development strategies which must be aligned with any national or provincial sectoral plans and planning requirements binding on the municipality in terms of legislation;

- ✓ a spatial development framework which must include the provision of basic guidelines for a land use management system for the municipality;
- √ the council's operational strategies;
- ✓ applicable disaster management plans;
- ✓ a financial plan, which must include a budget projection for at least the next three years; and
- ✓ key performance indicators and performance targets.

Moqhaka Municipal Council adopted the 2017-2022 IDP as its "single, inclusive and strategic plan" that will guide and inform the development of the municipality, and this second review is intended to monitor and amend the plan to achieve this objective.

1.3 Integrated Development Planning Process

Two processes are identified during compilation:

- → Drafting of the master plan this refers to the compilation of a long-term strategic plan for the municipal area (2017 2022) as prescribed in Section 25 of the MSA. This master plan is not annually amended, since it is a long-term plan and not an operational plan it is reviewed annually.
- → Annual Planning this refers to the review of the IDP as referred to in Section 34 of the MSA.

The process is schematically shown in the figure below:

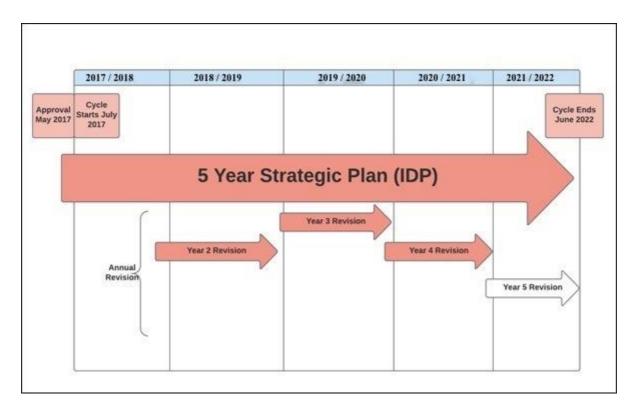


Figure 1: IDP Process

Moqhaka Municipal Council, at its meeting held on the 22 August 2019 approved the IDP Process Plan and Budget Schedule, detailing the process for the IDP and Budget development for 2020/21.

The municipality utilizes its ward committees as the primary consultative structure with regard to planning. The inputs of the ward committees in all wards, councillors and officials were taken into account during this process.

To guide this process, the Executive Mayor, as part of his responsibilities in terms of the Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act 117 of 1998) (Structures Act) should have conducted strategic workshops outlining the process and development of the new 5-year vision, mission and strategic objectives.

Drafting an IDP requires a comprehensive planning process and the involvement of a wide range of internal and external role players. Such a process has to be properly organized and prepared. This preparation is the duty of the Municipal Manager and senior management. The preparation process will be referred to as the "Process Plan" and should contribute to the institutional readiness of the municipality to draft and review the IDP.

The elected Council is the ultimate IDP decision-making authority. The role of participatory democracy is to inform, negotiate and comment on those decisions, in the course of the planning process.

In terms of the Council approved IDP and Budget process plan, Council should approve the final IDP before the start of the new financial year, that is, no later than 31 May 2020

In order for Moqhaka to prepare a credible IDP, several stakeholders have to be engaged to provide inputs and guide the final IDP. Stakeholder interventions (timeframes, resources, etc.) are outlined in the Table below:

Table 1: Municipal IDP Process Rollout

Planning Phase	Participation Mechanisms
Analysis Phase: Determine local issues, problems, relevant stakeholders, potentials and priorities.	 Stakeholder 's/ Community Meetings Stakeholder 's/ Community Interviews Sectoral Engagements District IDP Managers Forum Provincial IDP Manager's Forum
Strategy Phase: Determine vision and objectives, determine strategies, and participate in IGR Structures.	 Strategic Meetings with Senior Management Team/ Strategic Workshop with Municipal Council/ District and Provincial Government Engagements/ Municipal Budget Steering Committee
Project Phase: Design projects per strategy	 Inter-departmental/ sectoral planning Municipal Budget Steering Committee
Integration Phase: Agree on project proposals, and compilation of integrated programmes.	 Inter-departmental/ sectoral planning/ IGR Forum District IDP Forum
Approval Phase: Adoption by Council (Provide opportunity for Stakeholder's comments)	 Council and Stakeholder's Meetings and Interviews/ Approval of Main Budget Consolidation of SDBIP
Monitoring & Evaluation: Ensure economic, efficiency and effective use of resources.	 Meeting with Senior Management Team/ Representatives of Stakeholders/ Ward Committees/ Executive Mayoral Committee / Portfolio Committees/ Internal Audit Audit Committee Council Public

The IDP drives the strategic development of Moqhaka Municipality. The municipality's budget is influenced by the strategic objectives identified in the IDP. The Service Delivery Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP) ensures that the municipality implements programs and projects based on the IDP targets and associated budgets. The performance of the municipality is reported in its Annual Report.

In addition to the above, risk management, forms an integral part of the internal processes of a municipality. It is a systematic process to identify, evaluate and address risks on a continuous basis before such risks can impact negatively on the service delivery capacity of Moghaka Municipality.

When properly executed risk management provides reasonable assurance that, the institution will be successful in achieving its goals and objectives.

1.4 Roles and Responsibilities in the IDP process

1.4.1 Within the Municipality

Table 2.

Role Players	Roles and Responsibilities		
Council	 Approve and adopt the process and framework plans as well as IDP and budget Monitor the implementation and approve any amendments of the plan when necessary. 		
Executive Mayor and Mayoral Committee	 Consider the IDP and Budget timetable and Process Plan and submit to Council for approval. Overall management, coordination and monitoring of the IDP process Assign and delegate responsibilities in this regard to the Municipal Manager. Submit the draft IDP to Council for approval. Submit final IDP and Budget to Council for adoption. Provide political guidance in IDP and Budget (in terms of section 53(a) of the MFMA Act 56 of 2003. Co-ordinate plans and Timetables for the Budget. Exercise close oversight on Budget Preparation Process. 		
Speaker	Overall monitoring of the public participation process. Exercise oversight of the ward committee system.		
Ward Councillors and Ward Committees	 Form a link between the Municipality and residents. Link the IDP process to their respective Wards. Assist in organising public consultation and participation. Monitor the implementation of the IDP with respect to their particular wards Encourage residents to take part in the IDP process. 		
Municipal manager	 Managing and coordinating the entire IDP process as assigned by the Executive Mayor. Chair the IDP Steering Committee Meetings. Fulfil the duties of Accounting Officer as set out in Sections 68 and 69 of the MFMA, Act 56 of 2003. 		
IDP Manager	 Prepare IDP process plan and monitor the timeous implementation thereof. Day to day management and coordination of the IDP process. Ensure stakeholder engagement in IDP process by organising and setting up meetings for engagement. Ensure that the IDP process is participatory and that planning is ward-based oriented. Respond to public and MEC comments on Draft IDP. Compilation of comprehensive, neat and presentable IDP document that complies with all legislator requirements. Amend the IDP document in accordance with the comments of the MEC 		
Directors	 Provide relevant technical, sector and financial information for analysis for determining priority issues. Provide technical expertise in consideration and finalisation of 		

Role Players	Roles and Responsibilities			
	 strategies and identification of projects. Provide departmental, operational and capital budgetary information. Preparation of project proposals, integration of projects and sector programs. 			
IDP – Steering Committee	 Refinement and Quality check of IDP document to ensure credibility and compliance with legislation. Comprises of Executive Mayor, Members of the Mayoral Committee, Ward Councillors, Elected Members of the Representative Forum, Municipal Manager, Senior Management/Directors, FDDM IDP Manager, Unit Managers, Moqhaka IDP Manager and invited Guests from Sector Departments. 			
Budget Steering Committee	 To provide technical assistance to the mayor in discharging the responsibilities set out in Section 53 of the MFMA. Consist of portfolio Councillors for Financial matters, the Municipal Manager, the Chief Financial Officer, Senior Managers/Directors and Head of Departments to give technical advice if necessary. 			
IDP Representative Forum	 Provide an organisational mechanism for discussion, negotiation and decision making between stakeholders. Represents the interest of their constituencies in the IDP process. Monitors the performance of the planning and implementation process. Comprises of the Mayor, Ward Councillors, Ward Committees, Municipal Manager, Directors, representatives of various sectors, NGO's, NPO's, Government Departments and specialised community members. 			

1.4.2 Distribution of Roles and Responsibilities between Municipality and External Role Players

Table 3.

Role Players	Roles and Responsibilities
Moqhaka Local Municipality	 Prepare and adopt the IDP. Undertake the overall planning, management and coordination of the IDP
	process. Consider comments of the MEC on the IDP and adjust the IDP if necessary. Ensure linkage between the Budget and IDP.
Local Residents, Communities and Stakeholders	 Represents interest and contributes knowledge and ideas in the IDP process by participating in and through the ward committees. Keep constituencies informed on IDP activities and outcomes.
Fezile Dabi District Municipality	Ensure alignment of the IDP between the municipality and the district municipality

Role Players	Roles and Responsibilities
	 (Integrated District and Local Planning). Preparation of joint strategy workshops between municipality, provincial and national government.
Provincial Government	 Ensure horizontal alignment of the IDP between the municipality and the District municipality. Ensuring vertical and sector alignment between provincial sector departments/ provincial strategic plans and the IDP process at local/district level. Efficient financial management of Provincial IDP grants. Monitor the IDP progress. Assist municipalities in compiling the IDP. Coordinate and manage the MEC's assessment of the IDP. Provincial Treasury must provide views and comments on the draft budget and any budget-related policies and documentation for consideration by council when tabling the budget. Conduct Medium Term Revenue and Expenditure Framework (MTREF) budget
Sector Departments	 and IDP assessment. Contribute sector expertise and knowledge. Provide sector plans and programs for inclusion in the IDP.
National Government	National Treasury issues guidelines on the manner in which municipal councils should process their annual budgets, including guidelines on the formation of a committee of the council to consider the budget (Section 23(3) of the MFMA).

The IDP and budget of the Moqhaka Municipal Area for 2020-2021 is a people-driven process. It is informed by ward-based planning, including the prioritized needs of the ward community; an analysis of the status of service delivery and the environment; and various stakeholder engagements.

Chapter 2: Situational Analysis

2.1 Introduction

This chapter provides a situational analysis of the existing trends and conditions in the Moqhaka Municipality, in accordance with the requirements of the Municipal Systems Act in developing an IDP.

This chapter will also reflect on the key statistics released by Statistics South Africa for Census 2011 and the Community Survey of 2016 and provide an assessment of all critical services identified for the municipality according to the Local Government Key Performance Areas (KPAs). It will endeavour to respond to the following questions: Who are we? Where are we concerning the provision of services that relates to identified critical services?

The status quo assessment will further highlight the challenges confronting the municipality and indicate the state of affairs in the municipality in relation to the Local Government KPAs.

2.2 Moqhaka: Geographic location

The area of jurisdiction of the Moqhaka Local Municipality is situated in the southern part of the Fezile Dabi District Municipality. The former Kroonstad, Steynsrus and Viljoenskroon Transitional Local Councils and sections of the Riemland, Kroonkop and Koepel Transitional Rural Councils are included in the Moqhaka Local Municipality.

The general tendency of migration from rural to urban areas is also occurring in the area, as is the case in the rest of the Free State Province. The majority of the rural population is active within the agricultural sector. Regarding the population distribution (see Table 4), the area is largely urbanized (78% urban and 22% rural). In comparison to the other municipalities within the Fezile Dabi District, it appears as if Moqhaka is significantly less urbanised. However, the large rural population of the concerned region is attributed to the fact that the population of the Vierfontein and Renovaal villages as well as the Vaal Reefs hostel complex and informal settlement (see Table 6) is included in the rural population of Moqhaka.

The Greater Kroonstad is the centre of a large agriculture community that plays an important role in the economy of the district. Industrial activities subsequently contribute significantly to the district's economy. The Department of Correctional Services and the School of Engineer's Military bases are situated in the town. Kroonstad has of late become a distinguished holiday destination due to the ultra-modern and popular holiday resort of Kroonpark, adjacent to the Vaals River. The urban area is situated adjacent the N1 National Road and located adjacent one of the largest and most important four-way railway junctions in South Africa.

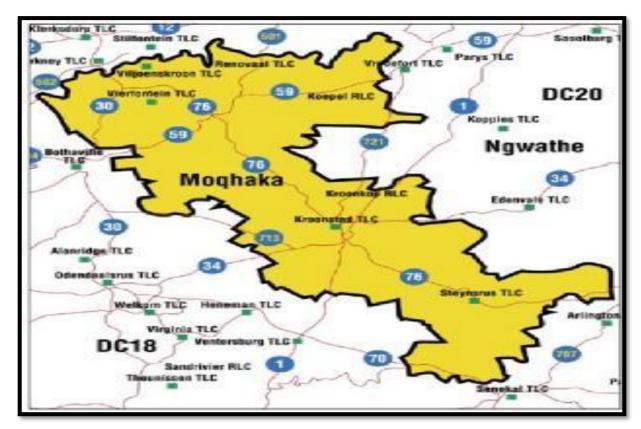


Figure 2: Map of Moqhaka Local Municipality

The Viljoenskroon/Rammoltsi urban area is located within an area of extreme agricultural significance. The urban area plays a significant role in providing residential opportunities to the adjacent Goldfields and mining activities in the North West Province. The provincial roads P15/1 and P15/2 from Kroonstad to Klerksdorp in the North West Province extend through the area from north to south.

The Steynsrus/Matlwangtlwang urban area is situated approximately 45km east of Kroonstad, 92km west of Bethlehem. The major link road between Bethlehem and Kroonstad stretches adjacent to the urban area. The area is located in an area of agricultural significance and mainly provides services in this regard to the surrounding rural areas. Kroonstad as a large service centre renders more specialised services in close proximity. The accessibility of the town, due to the main road and railway line, further influences growth in the area.

In addition to the existing formal urban areas, several residential areas and proclaimed town areas are situated in Moqhaka with reference to Renovaal, Vierfontein and the Vaal Reefs hostel complex and settlement. Renovaal was established during 1974 adjacent the Vaal River with the intention to provide residence in the proximity of the gold mining activities in the North West Province. The town was also later marketed as a leisure residential area with recreation potential adjacent the Renoster and Vaal Rivers. Development of the town is, however, extremely latent and only the proposed first phase of the town was established. According to Proclamation No. 167 of 1975, the concerned area represented by General Plan SG No. 459/1974, was proclaimed a township under the name Renovaal.

Vierfontein (referred to as "Vierfontein South") is also a proclaimed town. The area was initially developed to provide residence for workers at the adjacent electricity and mine power station and was owned by Eskom. After mining activities ceased and the power station discontinued, a township establishment was done to formalize the existing town area during 1993. According to Proclamation No. 35 of 1995 (Provincial Gazette of 24 February 1995), the concerned area represented by General Plan SG No. 786/1993, was proclaimed a township under the name Vierfontein. The individual properties were sold and the majority of the inhabitants of Vierfontein are retired residents with a limited number of inhabitants that are employed in Viljoenskroon.

To the north of the town Vierfontein, a sectional title scheme was established that is referred to as "Vierfontein North". As in the case of Vierfontein, this sectional title scheme also developed to provide residence for workers at the Vierfontein mine and power station, but most of the current inhabitants are also retired. The Dutch Reformed Church who was the initial property owner of the concerned farms developed the area. The concerned farms are currently the property of Vierfontein Developers Group Scheme who is also the current homeowner's association.

The Vaal Reefs hostel complex subsequently exists adjacent the Vaal River and in close proximity of Viljoenskroon. The hostels were developed by AngloGold who is the property owner of the concerned farms and provide residence to mine workers of the company. Although mining activities ceased on the Free State side of the Vaal River, the complex still exists and provides housing to remaining residents.

Apart from the dominant role agriculture plays in the region, no other significant economic activity exists. The Moqhaka area, like the rest of the Fezile Dabi District, is not considered as a primary tourist destination, although the area is increasingly becoming a favourite weekend destination. The hunting and guesthouse industries displayed an exceedingly rapid growth the past few years. Recreation areas and facilities are predominantly confined to the urban areas. The Kroonpark recreation and holiday resort in Kroonstad attracts interest throughout the region.

The Vaal River borders Moqhaka to the west. The Vals and Renoster Rivers drain through the area towards the Vaal River. These rivers play a significant role in providing the raw water supply to Kroonstad, Steynsrus and Viljoenskroon respectively. The topography of the area is particularly homogeneous with no prominent features and the area is characterised by extremely moderate slopes. The western areas, near Viljoenskroon, are known for various shallow and non-perennial pans.

2.2.1 Urban Development: Hierarchy of Towns

• Kroonstad with its strong service character and prominent commercial and industrial components will remain the main town and growth point of the region and will continue to render various services to the surrounding smaller towns and rural areas.

- Viljoenskroon is located in an area of agricultural significance and mainly provides services in
 this regard to the surrounding rural areas. Viljoenskroon functions as a satellite town for
 residential purposes due to its strategic location in the proximity of the Vaal Reefs mines as
 well as the Orkney/Stilfontein mining areas in the North West Province. These towns have the
 opportunity for future growth based on industrial development, mining and tourism.
- Steynsrus is located in an area of agricultural significance and mainly provides restricted services in this regard to the surrounding rural communities. Substantial future growth of this town is not foreseen.

2.2.2 Urbanisation

Future growth is attributed to the strong commercial and industrial component of the region. Growth is envisaged due to the weekend related tourism potential of the area. Future urbanisation will principally be attributed to farm workers that settle in the urban areas.

Due to the dominant regional role, Kroonstad plays as a regional service provider and industrial and commercial development, the focus of urbanisation will probably be in this area.

Smaller towns such as Viljoenskroon and Steynsrus primarily accommodate farm workers migrating to these towns.

Future directions for residential extension, predominantly in the high-density low cost residential areas, were identified for all urban areas and indicated on the Spatial Framework. These proposed directions for extension of the involved urban areas were discussed in detail and generally relates to the principles of land use development as pertained in the Development Facilitation Act and the National Environmental Management Act.

2.2.3 Growth Points

Kroonstad will remain a growth point in the region as indicated above.

Viljoenskroon and Steynsrus will continue to serve as small towns with limited economic growth potential focussing on tourism and providing a service to the agricultural community.

2.2.4 Employment Opportunities

Employment opportunities will mainly be created in Kroonstad as a continuous growth point, whilst opportunities in the other towns will remain limited and agricultural orientated.

2.2.5 Agricultural Opportunities

The agricultural potential of the municipality to develop and sustain enterprises cannot be underestimated given potential in the following:

1. Perennial crops

- a. Almonds
- b. Asparagus
- c. Cactus pear fruit
- d. Cape gooseberry
- e. Kiwi fruit
- f. Olives
- g. Pecan Nut
- h. Persimmon
- i. Pomegranate
- j. Walnut

2. Vegetables and melons

- a. Carrots & beetroot
- b. Cabbage
- c. Garlic
- d. Green beans, spinach, Lettice
- e. Onions
- f. Potatoes
- g. Squashes, pumpkins
- h. Watermelons

3. Grain, protein and oil seeds

- a. Canola
- b. Ground nuts
- c. Maize
- d. Sunflower
- e. Sorghum
- f. Wheat
- g. Soya
- h. Barley

4. Industrial crops

- a. Biofuel sweeteners
- b. Hemp

- 5. Pasture and fodder crops
 - a. Cactus pear
 - b. Digitaria eriantha
 - c. Eragrotis curvula
 - d. Labla purpureus
 - e. Lucerne
 - f. Sorghum

6. Livestock

- a. Beef cattle
- b. Milk cow (dairying)
- c. Sheep
- d. Goat milk
- e. Piggeries
- f. Broilers
- g. Bird layer unit
- h. Game

2.2.6 Influencing Factors

The following factors influence economic development and growth in the area:

- Road Infrastructure: An effective primary road network exists in the study area. The secondary road network provides effective access to the above primary road network.
- *Strategic Location*: The study area is situated strategically in close proximity to the Gauteng and North West Provinces.
- *Tourism Potential*: The study area has a significant weekend related tourism potential that could contribute to the GGP of the district in the future and should be further exploited.
- Agricultural Sector: The agricultural sector of certain areas in the district is extremely
 prominent and contributes largely to the GDP of the Fezile Dabi District, which emphasise the
 agricultural significance of this district. The latter results to industrial development that is
 agricultural orientated.
- *HIV&AIDS*: The impact of AIDS on economic growth patterns is still largely an unknown entity. An increase in mortality will place a large burden on health services and the cost thereof that will influence future economic growth.
- Competition: The impact of international trade and competition in agricultural products might result that the agricultural sector is internationally less competitive. The latter implies a negative effect on economic growth leading to a possible loss in employment.

2.3 Information from Census 2011 and Community Survey 2016

The table and figure below indicates that the population of the municipality has decreased by 4.4% from 167 892 in 2001 to 160 532 persons in 2011. The community survey conducted during 2016 indicated that the population once again decreased with 3.61% to 154 732. Contrary to the aforementioned, the number of households increased by 10.0% from 41 514 in 2001 to 45 661 and increased again with 17.39% to 53 601 according to the Community Survey results of 2016.

Table 4: Population and Household Statistics

	Census 1996	Census 2001	Census 2011	Community Survey 2016
Population	169 440	167 892	160 532	154 732
Households	37 447	41 514	45 661	53 601
Average Household Size	4.9	4	3.5	2.9

The decline in the population and the similarly increase in the number of households can be seen in the table below.

An average decline of population by 4% from 2001 may not be attributed to specific variables which may be attrition as a result of opportunistic diseases, migration as a result of job opportunities and even studies at tertiary institutions where-after most people don't come back to the municipality as they seek job opportunities.

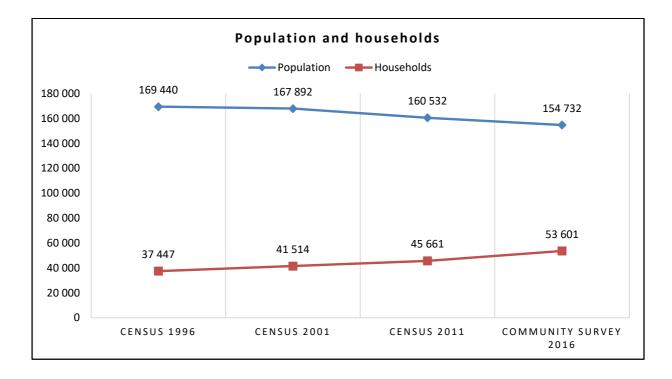


Figure 3: Population and households

The figure below shows the decline in the sizes of households within the municipal area.

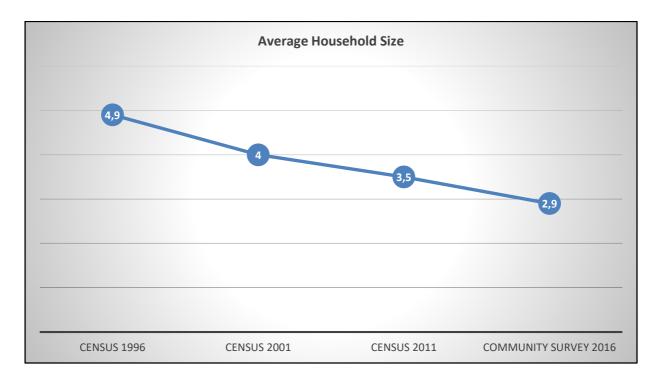


Figure 4: Average household size

Total Population of Moqhaka Local Municipality by Age and Gender

Table 5

Age	Gender		T-/-1
	Male	Female	Total
00-04	6327	6514	12841
05-09	6159	6571	12729
10-14	6345	6013	12358
15-19	7430	6921	14351
20-24	6857	6663	13520
25-29	7029	6696	13726
30-34	6210	6515	12725
35-39	6367	5142	11509
40-44	4942	4862	9805
45-49	4279	4292	8570
50-54	3792	3555	7347
55-59	3645	3522	7168
60-64	2675	3462	6137
65-69	1748	2847	4594
70-74	1234	2072	3306
75-79	553	1422	1975
80-84	422	868	1290
85+	179	600	779
Total	76193	78539	154732

Population Pyramid of Moqhaka Local Municipality

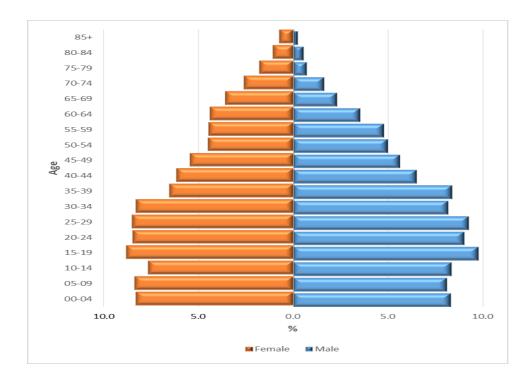


Figure 5: Population pyramid – Census 2016

The population pyramid here-above shows a bulge from ages 15-19, 20-24 and 25-29 which is a reflection that Moqhaka Local Municipality consists of a young population that still needs to go to school and a pool of new entrants into the labour market. The pyramid also shows that males in those age groups are more than females, whereas from age 70 females are more than males which means that females outlive males.

Households with access to piped (tap) water inside the dwelling and yard showed a positive movement and increased from 76.6% in 1996 to 94.2% in 2011, whilst piped water outside the yard decreased 6.8% over the same period.

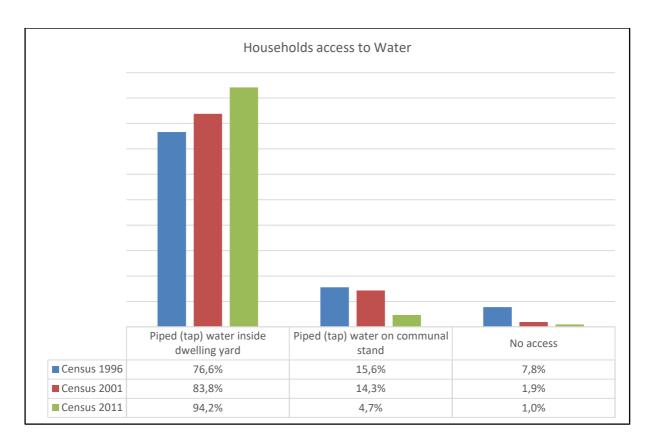


Figure 6: Access to water

The 2016 Community Survey defined piped water as:-

- Piped (tap) water inside the dwelling/house
- Piped (tap) water inside yard
- Piped water on community stand
- Neighbour's tap
- Public/communal tap

The 2016 Community Survey results are shown in the figure below.

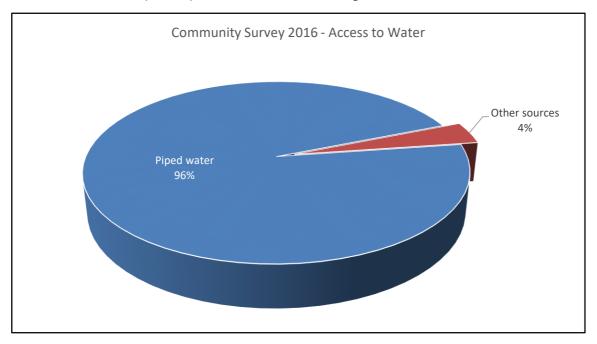


Figure 7: Access to Water Community Survey 2016

The 2016 survey showed a $\pm 2\%$ increase from the 2011 Census.

Significant progress has also been made in respect of access to sanitation whereby households with flush/chemical toilets increased from 53.6% in 1996 to 88.5% in 2011. The percentage of households utilising pit latrines and bucket toilets declined in the past 15 years. The 2001 Census definition sanitation systems compared to that of the 2016 Community Survey is shown in the table below:

Table 5: Sanitation StatsSA description

Flush/Chemical Toilet			
2011 Description	2016 Description		
 Flush toilet (connected to sewerage system) Flush toilet (with septic tank) Chemical toile 	 Flush toilet connected to a public sewerage system Flush toilet connected to a septic tank or conservancy tank Chemical toilet 		
Other			
2011 Description	2016 Description		
 Pit toilet with ventilation (VIP) Pit toilet without ventilation Bucket toilet Other 	 Pit latrine/toilet with ventilation pipe Pit toilet/toilet without ventilation pipe Ecological toilet (e.g. urine diversion, Enviro Loo, etc.) Bucket toilet (collected by municipality) Bucket toilet (emptied by household) Other 		

Due to the abovementioned changes to the descriptions used it was necessary to show the 2016 results in a different figure.

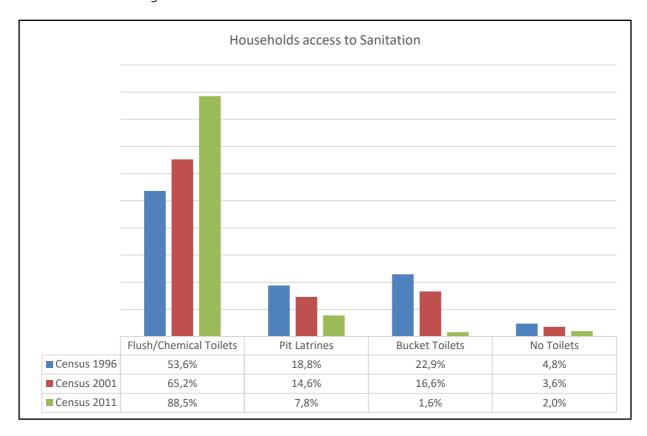


Figure 8: Access to sanitation

The 2016 Community Survey results shown in the figure below and shows a further increase in access to sanitation.

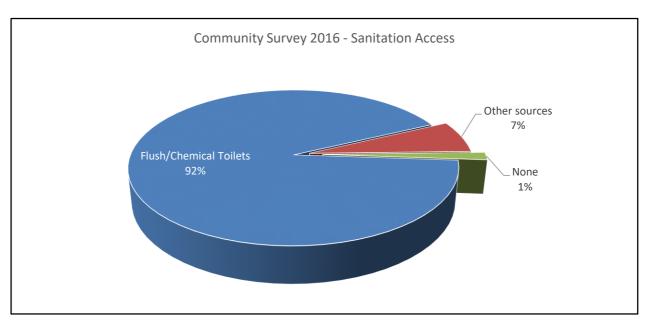


Figure 9: Access to Sanitation: Community Survey 2016

The 2011 Census information shows that more households utilise electricity for heating, lighting and cooking compared to the status quo in 1996. 93.3% (up by 34.3%) of households used electricity for lighting, 88.9% (+44.1%) for cooking and 64.8% (+26.8%) for heating in 2011 compared to 1996.

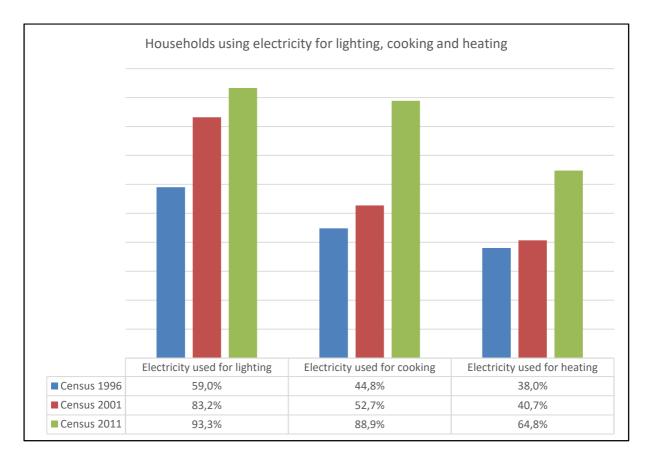


Figure 10: Households using electricity

The 2016 descriptions used in the community survey for electricity is as follows: -

Connected to electricity (2016)

- In-house conventional meter
- In-house prepaid meter
- Connected to other source for which the household pays (e.g. connected to neighbour's line and paying neighbour, paying landlord)
- Connected to other source which the household is not paying for (e.g. connected to neighbour's line and not paying neighbour)

Other Sources for electricity

- Generator
- Solar home system

- Battery
- Other

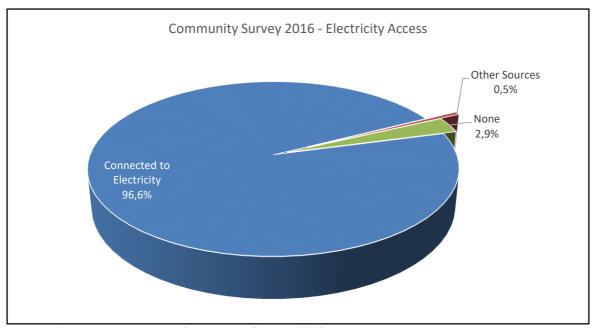


Figure 51: Electricity Access: Community Survey 2016

In respect of access to solid waste removal services 85.6% of households in 2011 had their refuse removed at least once a week showing a 16.6% increase compared to 1996. Households utilising their own or communal refuse dumps and with no access to solid waste removal services shows a comparative decline over the same period.

No access to refuse removal information was provided for the 2016 Community Survey. The figure below shows the information of the 2011 Census.

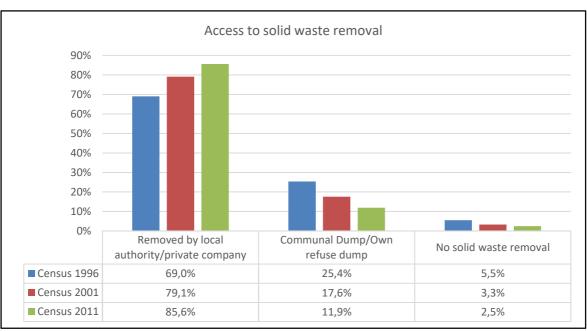


Figure 62: Households by type of solid waste removal

The figure below shows that percentage of households living in formal dwellings has increased from 72.1% in 1996 to 89.2% in 2011, whilst the percentage of households living in informal dwellings has decreased by 11.8% over the same period.

The community Survey of 2016 indicates that that the percentage of households living in formal dwellings have decreased with 3.3% and the number of households living in informal dwellings have increased with 2.7%.

In the community Survey of 2016, a formal dwelling is defined as:-

- Formal dwelling/house or brick/concrete block structure on a separate stand or yard or on a farm
- Flat apartment in a block of flats
- Cluster house in complex
- Townhouse (semi-detached house in a complex)
- Semi-detached house
- Formal dwelling/house/flat/room in backyard
- Room/flatlet on a property or larger dwelling/servants quarters/granny flat/cottage)

An informal dwelling is defined as: -

- 1. Informal dwelling/shack in backyard
- 2. Informal dwelling/shack not in backyard (e.g. in an informal/squatter settlement or on a farm). A traditional dwelling is defined as a traditional dwelling/hut/structure made of traditional materials.

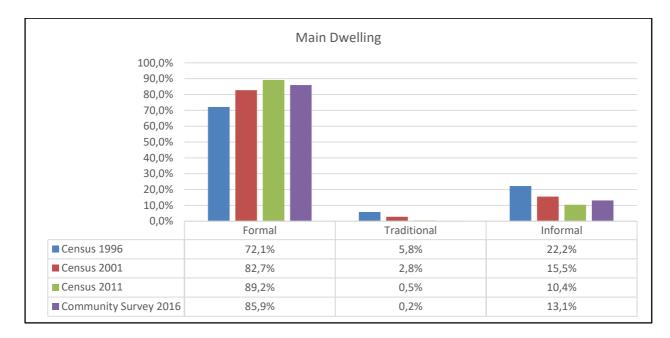


Figure 73: Households by type of main dwelling

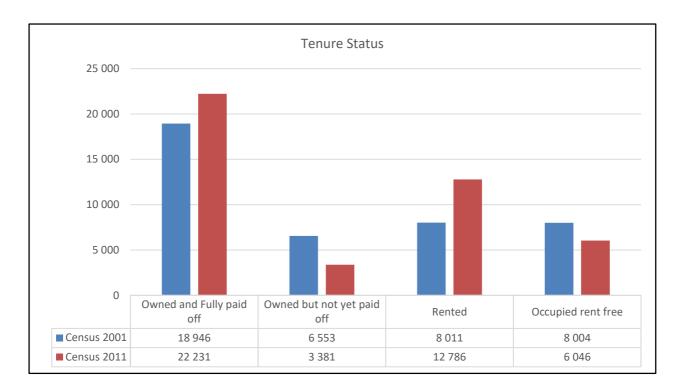


Figure 84: Tenure Status

Information regarding the tenure status of households in the municipal area was not reported in the 2016 Community Survey. The information reflected in the figure above is the 2011 Census statistics.

The 2016 Community Survey have release a poverty headcount. The poverty measures used below are based on the South African Multidimensional Poverty Index (SAMPI). The SAMPI is an index that is constructed using eleven indicators across four dimensions, namely health, education, living standards and economic activity. There are two measures mentioned in the table, namely the "poverty headcount" and the "intensity of poverty". The poverty headcount shows the proportion of households that are considered "multidimensional poor" in the defined area. The intensity of poverty is the average proportion of indicators in which multidimensional poor households are deprived.

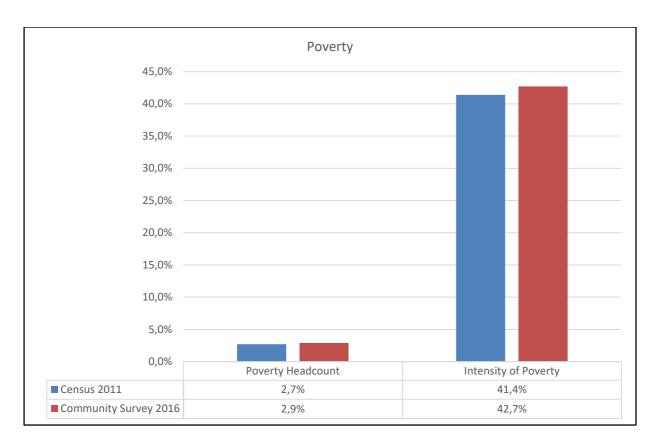


Figure 95: Poverty Index

Population of Moqhaka Local Municipality Aged 5 Years and Older By Highest Level of Education and Gender

aval of advention		Gender		
Level of education	Male	Female	Total	
No schooling	2323	2769	5092	
Grade 0	1968	2038	4006	
Grade 1/Sub A/Class 1	1755	1996	3751	
Grade 2/Sub B/Class 2	1284	2057	3342	
Grade 3/Standard 1/ABET 1	2642	2304	4947	
Grade 4/Standard 2	3203	2663	5865	
Grade 5/Standard 3/ABET 2	2665	2813	5478	
Grade 6/Standard 4	3807	4123	7930	
Grade 7/Standard 5/ABET 3	3269	3333	6602	
Grade 8/Standard 6/Form 1	5743	5681	11424	
Grade 9/Standard 7/Form 2/ABET 4/Occupational certificate NQF Level 1	5280	5422	10702	
Grade 10/Standard 8/Form 3/Occupational certificate NQF Level 2	6902	7614	14515	
Grade 11/Standard 9/Form 4/NCV Level 3/ Occupational certificate NQF Level 3	6428	7665	14093	
Grade 12/Standard 10/Form 5/Matric/NCV Level 4/ Occupational certificate NQF Level 3	17398	15798	33197	
NTC I/N1	20	-	20	
NTCII/N2	71	86	157	
NTCIII/N3	104	83	187	
N4/NTC 4/Occupational certificate NQF Level 5	242	181	423	
N5/NTC 5/Occupational certificate NQF Level 5	113	157	270	
N6/NTC 6/Occupational certificate NQF Level 5	295	539	834	
Certificate with less than Grade 12/Std 10	17	11	29	
Diploma with less than Grade 12/Std 10	189	251	440	
Higher/National/Advanced Certificate with Grade 12/Occupational certificate NQF	188	458	646	
Diploma with Grade 12/Std 10/Occupational certificate NQF Level 6	972	1097	2070	
Higher Diploma/Occupational certificate NQF Level 7	327	457	784	
Post-Higher Diploma (Master's	202	135	338	
Bachelor's degree/Occupational certificate NQF Level 7	303	368	670	
Honours degree/Post-graduate diploma/Occupational certificate NQF Level 8	240	214	454	
Master's/Professional Master's at NQF Level 9 degree	72	49	121	
PHD (Doctoral degree/Professional doctoral degree at NQF Level 10)	140	106	246	
Other	194	391	585	

TRENDS OF SERVICE DELIVERY: COMMUNITY SURVEY 2016 REPORT

This Community Survey report will be updated after the 2021 census, it should be therefore be seen as a reflection of service improvement over this period.

	2015/16	2014/15	2013/14	2012/13	2011/12
Water					
Blue Drop Score	n/a	n/a	60.16	0.00	54.93
Is the municipality	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
responsible to provide?					
Does the municipality have	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
infrastructure to provide					
Does the municipality	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
actually provide					
Is the service outsourced /	No	No	No	No	No
commercialised					
Number of households and	42 177	42 177	42 080	42 028	34 830
non-domestic customers to					
which provided					
Number of domestic	33 002	33 002	32 851	32 914	32 384
households / delivery points					
 Inside the yard 	32 602	32 602	32 451	32 514	31 984
 Less than 200m from 	400	400	400	400	400
yard					
 More than 200m from 	0	0	0	0	0
yard					
Domestic households with	12 478	11 480	8 919	32 914	32 384
access to free basic services					
Electricity					
Is the municipality	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
responsible to provide?					
Does the municipality have	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
infrastructure to provide					
Does the municipality	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
actually provide					
Is the service outsourced /	No	No	No	No	No
commercialised					
Number of households and	33 006	33 002	32 851	31 155	31 155
non-domestic customers to					
which provided					
Domestic households with	12 478	11 480	8 919	13 784	9 062
access to free basic services					
Corromage and Constables					
Sewerage and Sanitation	/	/-	/-	0	
Green Drop Score	n/a	n/a	n/a	0	0
Is the municipality	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
responsible to provide?	V	V	V	V	Var
Does the municipality have	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
infrastructure to provide]]

Does the municipality	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
actually provide					
Is the service outsourced /	No	No	No	No	No
commercialised					
Number of households and	42 177	42 177	42 080	40 934	32 384
non-domestic customers to					
which provided					
Number households using					
 Flush toilet – public 	32 252	32 252	32 101	31 070	30 891
sewerage					
Flush toilet – septic	0	0	0	0	0
tank					
Ventilated pit latrine	0	0	0	0	0
Bucket system	750	750	750	750	750
• Other	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic households with	12 478	11 480	8 919	13 784	9 062
access to free basic services					
Solid Waste Services					
Is the municipality	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
responsible to provide?					
Does the municipality have	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
infrastructure to provide					
Does the municipality	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
actually provide					
Is the service outsourced /	No	No	No	No	No
commercialised					
Number of households and	33 002	33 002	32 851	32 914	31 141
non-domestic customers to					
which provided					
Domestic households with	12 478	11 480	8 919	13 784	9 062
access to free basic services					

2.4 Service Delivery and Infrastructure Development

The information will indicate the existing level of development in the community, the names of settlements and their level of service in respect of water sanitation, waste management, electricity and energy, roads and storm-water, housing, etc

2.4.1 Water

Status of sector plan (WSDP)?	Electronic draft currently being updated on DWS website. Module 1 dated 2014
Availability and status of operation and maintenance plan?	day to day operations and maintenance plan not available (Consultant appointed for water services master plan)
Status of bulk supply and storage?	Water shortage in all three towns – 1. Kroonstad

		3. V	s (b) A r r teynsrus (a) R s (b) A r r iljoensk (a) U R (b) A r upply ta trategic	easonal floadditional equired to eserve s - daw water easonal floadditional equired to eserve roon Upgrade of denovaal ro additional equired to eserve rget met a Overview	shortagow in Ri reservo mainta shortagow in Ri reservo mainta raw wa equired reservo o mainta	ir capacity in 48-hour ge due to limited iver. ir capacity in 48-hour ater system from ir capacity ain 48-hour aragraph 3.6 of the Vater Sector in
National target for water service	?	South Africa (DWS 27 May 2013) • Water loss to be reduced to between 15%-30%				
Is the municipality the service at	thority?	Yes		X	No	
If no, indicate the arrangements	for the delivery o	of water	r.			
N/A						
Approved service level for munic						ramework (SDF):
> Formal areas	Minimum basic level as per Water Services Act. The minimum standard for basic water supply services is - (a) the provision of appropriate education in respect of effective water use; and (b) a minimum quantity of potable water of 25 litres per person per day or 6 kilolitres per household per month - (i) at a minimum flow rate of not less than 10 litres per minute; (ii) within 200 metres of a household; and (iii) with an effectiveness such that no consumer is without a supply for more than seven full days in any year. Water within 200m distance					
Informal areas	Water within 20	JUm dis	stance			

Number of HHs with/without access to water:					
Total No of HHs	No of HH with RDP and above	No of HH Below RDP	No of HH without service		
34 625	34 625 (Including 205 informal HHs)	0	0		

Number of households without access at all, with below standard access and with access.							
Name of Area or Settlement	Total no. of HHs	No. of HHs at or above RDP	Service Leve No. of HHs below RDP	No of HH with no Service	Reasons for lack of service (e.g. no reticulation infrastructure, no bulk infrastructure, etc.)	Intervention Required to address backlog	
Brentpark	833	833	0	0			

Number of households without access at all, with below standard access and with access.						
Name of Area or			Service Level		Reasons for lack	
Settlement	Total no. of HHs	No. of HHs at or above RDP	No. of HHs below RDP	No of HH with no Service	of service (e.g. no reticulation infrastructure, no bulk infrastructure, etc.)	Intervention Required to address backlog
Kroonstad	4535	4535	0	0		
Maokeng	17071	17071	0	0		
Matlwangtlwang	1649	1649	0	0		
Steynsrus	221	221	0	0		
Viljoenskroon	620	620	0	0		
Rammulotsi	8448	8448	0	0		
Matlwangtlwang	154	154	0	0		154 HHs
	Informal	Informal				(informal) with water at 200m radius.

	Indicate all areas or settlements with an unreliable service							
Name of Area or Settlement	Total	No. of	No. of	el No of HH	Reasons for lack of service (e.g. aging infrastructure,	Intervention		
	no. of HHs	HHs at or above RDP	HHs below RDP	with no Service	capacity to operate and maintain the service, etc.)	Required		
Viljoenskroon	620	620	0	0	Limited supply capacity and raw water shortage from Renovaal. Restricted supply from WTW to Reservoir To Town resulting in low pressure.	Upgrade system		
Rammulotsi	8448	8448	0	0	Limited supply capacity and raw water shortage from Renovaal. Restricted supply from WTW to Reservoir To Town resulting in low pressure.	Upgrade system		
Matlwangtlwang	1649	1649	0	0	Lack of raw water supply and aged infrastructure to transfer raw water	Upgrade raw water supply system and increase raw water storage capacity.		
Steynsrus	221	221	0	0	Lack of raw water supply and aged infrastructure to transfer raw water	Upgrade raw water supply system and increase		

Indicate all areas or settlements with an unreliable service							
Name of Area or		C	Service Lev	el	Reasons for lack of		
Settlement	Total no. of HHs	No. of HHs at or above RDP	No. of HHs below RDP	No of HH with no Service	service (e.g. aging infrastructure, Interve	Intervention Required	
						raw water storage capacity.	

Status of the provision of free basic	Free basic water available to Indigents only
water:	
Is there an approved FBS policy?	Yes
(Yes/No)	
If No, indicate the reason(s)	
How many HHs are benefitting from the Council approved FBS policy?	14 989 (figure obtained from Revenue Manager on the 28 February 2019. Figure is subjected to change as additional indigents are registered and some are taken off the register)

Indicate other challenges not highlighted above:

- Lack of skilled workers in supervisor positions (Artisans, special workmen and team leaders etc.)
- Lack of a drawing office (and related equipment such as plan copier / plotter that can accommodate up to A0 size paper) to maintain and update information relating to position of infrastructure
- Lack of vehicles and equipment, mostly due to old age of vehicles and vehicle types not suitable to function
- Silting up of river and dams resulting in loss of capacity. Requires resurvey and possible dredging.
- Shortage of raw water in all three towns as a result of current drought and seasonal flow in rivers that are affected by climate change resulting in less flow per year.
- Steynsrus raw water shortage on a permanent basis as a result of storage dam with limited capacity and dependence on seasonal flowing river.
- Old age of infrastructure (AC and Cast iron pipes that require replacement.)
- Old age of infrastructure (Pumps and electric motors / panels for which replacement parts are no longer available)
- Proclaimed areas without services: (Greenfields See the table below)

Extension	Description / Location	Number of stands	Erf numbers
Maokeng Ext 10	Next to Boitumelo - phase 1	2278	28760 - 31036
Maokeng Ext 13	Next to Boitumelo - phase 1	2848	31038-33869
Brentpark Ext 12	Between Brentpark and Phomolong	326	17891-17896 (streets) 27464-27771 (Erven) 27773-27780 (Erven) 27781-27787 (Parks)
Kroonstad	Tuinhof – Above Retief Street	89	7114-7203
	Wildebees Slot (Next to N1 / Reitz Street extension	20	7576-7594
Kroonstad	Heuwelsig	167	7346-7517

Extension	Description / Location	Number of stands	Erf numbers
Kroonstad	Elandia (Between Chris Troskie / Vredefort road	200	66757-7550
Viljoenskroon Ext 14	Between Kroonstad access road / Klerksdorp road	109	844-950
Rammulotsi Ext 10	Northleigh Phase 3	1044	10323-11359 (Erven) 11360-11366 (Parks) 11367-11375 (Streets)
Rammulotsi (Ext 6)	Re planned hostel area	42	5880-5921
Matlwangtlwang Ext 2	Between spruit and Ventersburg road	605	1917-2521
Matlwangtlwang Ext 3	Vogelvlei (Adjacent to Kroonstad road)	831	2531-3368

Availability of water to other associated public facilities:			
>	Schools	All in urban areas	
>	Hospitals	All	
>	Clinics	All	
>	Police stations	All in urban areas	

2.4.2 Sanitation

Status of sector plan (WSDP)?		plan (WSDP)?	Electronic draft currently being updated on DWS website. Module 1 dated 2014 available.	
Availability and status of operation and maintenance plan?			Have a draft 5- year maintenance plan	
Status of sewer treatment plants and related bulk infrastructure?		<u>-</u>	Kroonstad WWTW was refurbished in 2015 and has sufficient capacity, Viljoenskroon WWTW and Steynsrus WWTW have insufficient capacity	
Nat	National target for sanitation service? The national target for the eradication of basic services backlogs including sanitation was 2014			
App	proved servi	service level for municipality as informed by the Spatial Development Framework (SDF):		
>	Formal areas	Minimum basic level as per Water Services Act. The minimum standard for basic sanitation services is - (a) the provision of appropriate health and hygiene education; and (b) a toilet which is safe, reliable, environmentally sound, easy to keep clean, provides privacy and protection against the weather, well ventilated, keeps smells to a minimum and prevents the entry and exit of flies and other disease-carrying pests.		
		As per Paragraph 3.6 of the Strategic Overview of the Water Sector in South Africa (DWS 27 May 2013): A basic level of sanitation in South Africa is regarded as a Ventilated Improved Pit Latrine (VIP) which is a "dry" toilet facility. The preferred temporary sanitation solution is a chemical toilet. Bucket toilets are unacceptable.		
>	Informal areas	Not stipulated within the SDF or the Water Services Act		

Number of HHs with/without access to Sanitation:			
Total No of HHs	No of HH with RDP and	No of HH Below RDP	No of HH without
Total No of HHS	above	No of thi below KDF	service

34 029 34 029 405 0

Indicate the type of sanitation systems that are available in the municipality and areas where they					
are:					
Type of sanitation system	Ward	Name of Area or Settlement			
Waterborne	1-23	Kroonstad, Maokeng,			
		Viljoenskroon, Rammulotsi,			
		Steynsrus, Matlwangtlwang			
Septic Tanks	2, other wards within	Steynsrus, Kroonstad plots			
	Kroonstad				
Enviro-loo (dry sanitation)	23	Rammulotsi			
VIP (dry sanitation)	1	Matlwangtlwang			

Number of households without access at all, with below standard access and with access.						
Name of Area or		Service Level		Reasons for lack of		
Settlement	Total no. of HHs	No. of HHs at or above RDP	No. of HHs below RDP	No of HH with no Service	service (e.g. no reticulation infrastructure, no bulk infrastructure, etc.)	Intervention Required to address backlog
Kroonstad	4535	4535	-	-		
Maokeng	17071	17071	-	-		
Brentpark	833	833	-	-		
Viljoenskroon	620	620	-	-		
Rammulotsi	8448	8448	-	50	No reticulation infrastructure	Funding
Steynsrus	221	221	-	-		
Matlwangtlwang	1649	1649	-	-		
Matlwangtlwang Informal Settlement	205	-	205		Informal Settlement, no reticulation infrastructure	Relocate informal settlers to formal stands. But formal stands still need to be surveyed and serviced. Funding will be needed to service the formal stands.

Indicate areas or settlements with good levels of service and Indicate areas with intermediate levels				
of service.				
Name of Area or Settlement with good level of	Name of Area or Settlement with intermediate			
service.	level of service.			
Kroonstad CBD	Gelukwaarts (Maokeng ward 7)			
Kroonstad Industrial area				
Suidrand (Kroonstad)				
Constantia (Maokeng-ward 10)				
Morewag (Kroonstad)				

Marabastad (Maokeng)	
Brentpark	
Thakamiso (Maokeng-ward 9)	
Khatliso Moeketsi (Maokeng)	

Status of the provision of free basic	Free basic Sanitation available to Indigents only
Sanitation:	
Is there an approved FBS policy?	Yes
(Yes/No)	
If No, indicate the reason(s)	-
How many HHs are benefitting from the Council approved FBS policy?	14 989 (figure obtained from Revenue Manager on the 28 February 2019. Figure is subjected to change as additional indigents are registered and some people taken off the register)

List the resources available for rendering the service:

- Limited plants and equipment (TLB, sewer rods, LDV's)
- Limited staff: special workmen, team leaders, general workers
- An appointed service provider who assist with cleaning sewer lines, unblocking, vacuuming sumps and manholes and septic tanks, etc.

Status of the sewer treatment plants and related bulk infrastructure:			
Name of sewer treatment plant	Status of plant and related bulk infrastructure		
Kroonstad Waste Water Treatment Works	Plant was refurbished in 2015, currently in good working order. Total capacity of the plant is 20ML.		
Viljoenskroon Waste Water Treatment Works	Refurbished in 2016, capacity is 3.6ML. Capacity is insufficient for the current demand.		
Steynsrus Waste Water Treatment Works	Refurbished in 2016, capacity is 1ML. Capacity will not be sufficient for the additional demand once the additional 1500 sites have been allocated.		

Indicate the general challenges not highlighted above:

- Foreign objects that are thrown into manholes, leading to frequent blockages.
- Shortage of staff
- Shortage of vehicles (LDV, Cherry pickers and Crane truck)
- Shortage of equipment
- Old age of infrastructure (AC and Cast-iron pipes that require replacement.)
- Old age of infrastructure (Pumps and electric motors / panels) often resulting in frequent sewer spillages and impacting on human health and polluting the environment.
- Lack of a drawing office (and related equipment such as plan copier / plotter that can accommodate up to A0 size paper) to maintain and update information relating to position of infrastructure
- Financial constrains
- Only reactive maintenance on equipment
- Substations building require maintenance and refurbishment
- Lack of personnel for effective maintenance
- Prolonged repairing time due to lack of personnel
- Proclaimed areas without services: (Greenfields See Table below)

Extension	Description / Location	Number of stands	Erf numbers
Maokeng Ext 10	Next to Boitumelo - phase 1	2278	28760 - 31036
Maokeng Ext 13	Next to Boitumelo - phase 1	2848	31038-33869
Brentpark Ext 12	Between Brentpark and Phomolong	326	17891-17896 (streets) 27464-27771 (Erven) 27773-27780 (Erven) 27781-27787 (Parks)
Kroonstad	Tuinhof – Above Retief Street Wildebees Slot (Next to N1 / Reitz Street extension	89 20	7114-7203 7576-7594
Kroonstad	Heuwelsig	167	7346-7517
Kroonstad	Elandia (Between Chris Troskie / Vredefort road	200	66757-7550
Viljoenskroon Ext 14	Between Kroonstad access road / Klerksdorp road	109	844-950
Rammulotsi Ext 10 Northleigh Phase 3		1044	10323-11359 (Erven) 11360-11366 (Parks) 11367-11375 (Streets)
Rammulotsi (Ext 6)	Re planned hostel area	42	5880-5921
Matlwangtlwang Ext 2	Between spruit and Ventersburg road	17	1917-2521
Matlwangtlwang Ext 3	Vogelvlei (Adjacent to Kroonstad road)	831	2531-3368

2.4.3 Electricity

Status of sector plan (Energy Plan)?	Energy master plan has been compiled, and adopted by Council during the 2018/19 financial year.
Availability and status of operation and maintenance plan?	Not available
National target for electricity service?	The new Household Electrification Strategy approved on 26 June 2016 set the following target: electrification of 97% of households by 2025. Moqhaka Municipality is currently in line with this target. Currently 98% of households have access to electricity within Moqhaka Municipality.
Approved service level for municipality as	informed by the Spatial Development Framework (SDF):
Formal areas	
Informal areas	

Number of HHs with/without access to Electricity within Municipal area of distribution:				
Total No of HHs	No of HH with RDP and	No of HH Below RDP	No of HH without	
Total No of IIIIs	above No of the Below RDP		service	
25783 Municipal		205	All HHs have access to	
distribution area 8237	25 783Municipal	Informal Settlement	the service in the	
Eskom distribution	distribution area	Falls within Eskom	Municipal distribution	
area		area	area.	

Number of households without access at all, with below standard access and with access.						
Name of Area or		Service Level		Reasons for lack of		
Settlement	Total no. of HHs	No. of HHs at or above RDP	No. of HHs below RDP	No of HH with no Service	service (e.g. no reticulation infrastructure, no bulk infrastructure, etc.)	Intervention Required to address backlog
Brentpark	833	833				
Kroonstad	4535	4535				
Maokeng	17071	17071		50		
Matlwangtlwang	1649	1649			Eskom distribution	
					area.	
Steynsrus	221	221				
Viljoenskroon	620	620				
Rammulotsi	7660	3 860			Eskom distribution	
					area. Only 372	
					stands supplied by	
					the municipality.	
Matlwangtlwang (Informal area)	205		205		Informal Settlement	Occupants to be relocated to formal stands.

Indicate areas with access to public lighting and reliability thereof and areas without access and						
reasons for this:						
Name of Area or Settlement	Street lights (Y/N)	High Mast Lights (Y/N)	Reliability of service	Reasons for no access		
Brentpark	245	5				
Kroonstad	4051	1				
Moakeng	1469	74				
Matlwangtlwang	0	14				
Steynsrus	198	1				
Viljoenskroon	490	3				
Rammulotsi	15	37				

Indicate the general challenges not highlighted above:

- Shortage of staff
- Shortage of vehicles (LDV, Cherry pickers and Crane truck)
- Shortage of equipment
- Aged infrastructure (reach end of working lifespan)
- Financial constrains
- Only reactive maintenance on equipment
- Availability of materials (not shelve items)
- Requires outsource of specialized work
- Substations building require maintenance and refurbishment
- Lack of personnel for effective maintenance
- Prolonged repairing time due to lack of personnel
- Proclaimed areas without services: (Greenfields See Table below)

Extension	Description / Location	Number of	Erf numbers
		stands	

Maokeng Ext 10	Next to Boitumelo - phase 1	2278	28760 - 31036
Maokeng Ext 13	Next to Boitumelo - phase 1	2848	31038-33869
Brentpark Ext 12	Between Brentpark and Phomolong	326	17891-17896 (streets) 27464-27771 (Erven) 27773-27780 (Erven) 27781-27787 (Parks)
Kroonstad	Tuinhof – Above Retief Street	89	7114-7203
	Wildebees Slot (Next to N1 / Reitz Street extension	20	7576-7594
Kroonstad	Heuwelsig	167	7346-7517
Kroonstad	Elandia (Between Chris Troskie / Vredefort road	200	66757-7550
Viljoenskroon Ext 14	Between Kroonstad access road / Klerksdorp road	109	844-950
Rammulotsi Ext 10	Northleigh Phase 3	1044	10323-11359 (Erven) 11360-11366 (Parks) 11367-11375 (Streets)
Rammulotsi (Ext 6)	Re planned hostel area	42	5880-5921
Matlwangtlwang Ext 2	Between Spruit and Ventersburg road	605	1917-2521
Matlwangtlwang Ext 3	Vogelvlei (Adjacent to Kroonstad road)	831	2531-3368

2.4.4 Roads and Storm Water

2.4.4.1 Roads

Status of sector plan (Integrated Transport Plan)	Not available
Availability and status of operation and	Draft Available to be approved with IDP
maintenance plan	RRAMS
Status of roads regarding public transport/major	Reasonable
economic roads/roads leading to social facilities	
such as clinics, schools, etc.	
Status of arterial roads/internal streets	Mostly reasonable but mostly bad
Approved roads service level/standard for	No approved Standards
municipality ¹ :	
Formal areas	Paved roads
Informal areas	Gravel roads

Indicate areas with access/without access (backlog) in relation to the SDF					
Name of Area or	C	Service Leve	el		
Settlement	No. of km's at or above RDP	No. of km's below RDP	No of km's with no Service	Reasons for lack of service	Intervention Required to address backlog
Kroonstad/Maokeng	232.1	254	0	Lack of funding	Funding from Sector Departments/ National
Viljoenskroon/ Rammulotsi	41.4	44.7	0	Lack of funding	Funding from Sector Departments/ National

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ For example: tar roads, paved roads, graded roads, gravel roads, etc.

48

Indicate areas with access/without access (backlog) in relation to the SDF					
Name of Area or Settlement	No. of km's at or above RDP	No. of km's below RDP	No of km's with no Service	Reasons for lack of service	Intervention Required to address backlog
Steynsrus/ Matlwangtlwang	15	29.4	0	Lack of funding	Funding from Sector Departments/ National

What are the reasons for the backlogs in roads services?
Lack of funding

Indicate the general challenges not highlighted above:

- Shortage of staff
 Shortage of vehicles (LDV, Cherry pickers and Crane truck)
 Shortage of equipment
- Proclaimed areas without services: (Greenfields See table below)

Extension	Description / Location	Number of stands	Erf numbers
Maokeng Ext 10	Next to Boitumelo - phase 1	2278	28760 - 31036
Maokeng Ext 13	Next to Boitumelo - phase 1	2848	31038-33869
Brentpark Ext 12	Between Brentpark and Phomolong	326	17891-17896 (streets) 27464-27771 (Erven) 27773-27780 (Erven) 27781-27787 (Parks)
Kroonstad	Tuinhof – Above Retief Street Wildebees Slot (Next to N1 / Reitz Street extension	89 20	7114-7203 7576-7594
Kroonstad	Heuwelsig	167	7346-7517
Kroonstad	Elandia (Between Chris Troskie/ Vredefort road	200	66757-7550
Viljoenskroon Ext 14	Between Kroonstad access road/ Klerksdorp road	109	844-950
Rammulotsi Ext 10	Northleigh Phase 3	1044	10323-11359 (Erven) 11360-11366 (Parks) 11367-11375 (Streets)
Rammulotsi (Ext 6)	Re planned hostel area	42	5880-5921
Matlwangtlwang Ext 2	Between Spruit and Ventersburg road	605	1917-2521
Matlwangtlwang Ext 3	Vogelvlei (Adjacent to Kroonstad road)	831	2531-3368

2.4.4.2 Storm water

Availability and status of storm water	Not available
management plan or system	
Status regarding maintenance	Storm water included in draft road maintenance
	plan to be approved by Council with the IDP
Approved storm water level/standard for	Not available
municipality:	
Formal areas	Concrete pipes and channels
Informal areas	Soil channels / concrete where necessary.

Indicate areas with access/without access (backlog) in relation to the SDF							
Name of Area or	Name of Area or Service Level						
Settlement	No. of km's at or above	No. of km's below	No of km's with	Reasons for lack of service	Intervention Required to address backlog		
	RDP	RDP	Service				
Kroonstad/	198.5	254	0	Lack of funding	Funding from Sector		
Maokeng					Departments/ National		
Viljoenskroon /	37	44.7	0	Lack of funding	Funding from Sector		
Rammulotsi					Departments/ National		
Steynsrus /	14	29.4	0	Lack of funding	Funding from Sector		
Matlwangtlwang	5			Departments/ National			

What are the reasons for the backlogs in roads services?
Lack of funding

Indicate the general challenges not highlighted above:

- Shortage of staff
- Shortage of vehicles (LDV, Cherry pickers and Crane truck)
- Shortage of equipment
- Proclaimed areas without services: (Greenfields See table below)

Extension	Description / Location	Number of stands	Erf numbers
Maokeng Ext 10	Next to Boitumelo - phase 1	2278	28760 - 31036
Maokeng Ext 13	Next to Boitumelo - phase 1	2848	31038-33869
Brentpark Ext 12	Between Brentpark and Phomolong	326	17891-17896 (streets) 27464-27771 (Erven) 27773-27780 (Erven) 27781-27787 (Parks)
Kroonstad	Tuinhof – Above Retief Street Wildebees Slot (Next to N1 / Reitz Street extension	89 20	7114-7203 7576-7594
Kroonstad	Heuwelsig	167	7346-7517
Kroonstad	Elandia (Between Chris Troskie / Vredefort road	200	66757-7550

Extension	Description / Location	Number of	Erf numbers
		stands	
Viljoenskroon Ext	Between Kroonstad access	109	844-950
14	road / Klerksdorp road		
Rammulotsi Ext 10	Northleigh Phase 3	1044	10323-11359 (Erven)
			11360-11366 (Parks)
			11367-11375 (Streets)
Rammulotsi (Ext 6)	Re planned hostel area	42	5880-5921
Matlwangtlwang Ext	Between Spruit and	605	1917-2521
2	Ventersburg road		
Matlwangtlwang Ext	Vogelvlei (Adjacent to	831	2531-3368
3	Kroonstad road)		

2.5 Refuse/Waste Services

2.5.1 Waste Management

Indicate the status of the Integrated Waste	To be reviewed by 2019/2020			
Management Plan				
Provide the percentage of people accessing	100%			
the service.				
Indicate whether the service is rendered	Internally			
internally or externally.				
Indicate strategies employed to reduce, re-use and recycle				
They are informal recyclers. Some of the recyc	clers are not registered.			

2.5.2 Waste Removal

National Target for waste disposal service	At least once a week for private household. Up to three times a week for business, commercial and industrial households depending on the volume of waste generated.
Indicate the service levels adopted in relation to the SDF	At least once a week for private household. Up to three times a week for business, commercial and industrial households depending on the volume of waste generated.
Formal areas	Refuse picked up on the pavement
Informal areas	Refuse picked up at the end of the street depending on the accessibility of the street.

Indicate areas without solid waste removal at all and reasons for lack of access.								
Ward	Ward Name of Area or Settlement Total no. of HHs without access Reasons for lack of service							
None	None							

Indicate areas with solid waste removal and frequency of removal and reliability of service.							
Name of Area or Settlement Total no. of HH Settlement HHs With access (e.g. daily, weekly etc.) Reliability of Service (e.g. daily, weekly etc.)							
Kroonstad	4800	4800	800 Once a week On regular basis				
Maokeng	16340	16340	Once a week	On regular basis			
Marabastad 1534 1534 Once a week On regular basis							
Brentpark	883	883	Once a week	On regular basis			

Indicate areas with solid waste removal and frequency of removal and reliability of service.							
Name of Area or Settlement HHs With access (e.g. daily, weekly etc.) Reliability of Service (e.g. daily, weekly etc.)							
Viljoenskroon	754	754	754 Once a week On regular basis				
Rammulotsi	5463	5463	Once a week	On regular basis			
Steynsrus 348 348 Once a week On regular basis							
Matlwangtlwang	2522	2522	Once a week	On regular basis			

Indicate other challenges not highlighted above:

Break downs of refuse compactor trucks leads to refuse not being removed on time. At some points when the trucks are broken the refuse will be left over for the following day. This leads to illegal dumping of refuse as members of the community do not want to keep refuse on their premises after the day of removal

2.5.3 Waste Disposal

	·
Indicate the status of waste disposal in terms of: transfer stations, landfill sites (status regarding licensing, compliance with license conditions, etc.) and transportation mechanisms.	The Kroonstad landfill site is not meeting the minimum operational requirements due to lack of personnel and equipment. The Steynsrus landfill site is operated and managed by a service provided and the conditions have drastically improved. The Viljoenskroon landfill site is operated and managed by a service provider. Though the landfill site is not licensed, the conditions have improved. Application forms for both the new and the closure of the current landfill sites have been submitted to DESTEA.
Indicate the resources available to support the delivery of the service in terms of: personnel, skills and other related requirements.	The only equipment that is available is a tipper truck and a landfill compactor for the Kroonstad landfill site. The Viljoenskroon and the Steynsrus landfill sites have neither equipment nor personnel

Indicate other challenges not highlighted above:

Because of the lack of equipment, the life span of the landfill sites is drastically reduced due to operations that are not compliant with the national requirements. Equipment and personnel are urgently needed for the landfill sites to operate within the minimum legislative requirements. The Kroonstad landfill site is both an environmental and health hazard as it is managed below legislatively prescribed standards by NEMWA, which can result into a disaster for the municipality.

2.6 Social Services

2.6.1 Health Services

	Total	Total	Location (and/or		Status of sup	port services	
Facility	Facility No. Backlog ²		name of each facility)	Water	Sanitation	Electricity	Roads
Clinics	10		Bophelong clinic	✓	✓	✓	✓
			Kroonstad				
			Brentpark clinic	✓	✓	✓	✓
			Kroonstad				
			Lesedi CHC	✓	✓	✓	✓
			Kroonstad				
			PAX CHC	✓	✓	✓	✓
			Viljoenskroon				
			Rammulotsi Clinic	✓	✓	✓	✓
			Sedibeng Sa	✓	✓	✓	✓
			Bophelo Steynsrus				
			Seisoville Clinic	✓	✓	✓	✓
			Kroonstad				
			Thusong Clinic	✓	✓	✓	✓
			Kroonstad				
			Tshepong Clinic	✓	✓	✓	✓
			Kroonstad				
			Ango Maseola Clinic	✓	✓	✓	X
Hospitals	2		Boitumelo Hospital	✓	✓	✓	✓
			Kroon Private	✓	✓	✓	✓
			Hospital				

Indicate other challenges experienced:

Shortage of Health personnel more especially Doctors.

2.6.2 Education

Schools	Total No.	Total	Status of support services				
Schools	Total No.	Backlog ³	Water	Sanitation	Electricity	Roads	
Primary (Farm	14		Boreholes	VIP toilets	Only a	Only	
Schools)					few	those next	
						to	
						National	
						Roads are	
						accessible	
Primary	29		Accessible	Waterborne	Accessible	Accessible	
				Sewerage			
Secondary	23		Accessible	Accessible	Accessible	Accessible	
Specials Schools	2		Accessible	Accessible	Accessible	Accessilbe	

Indicate other challenges experienced:

Most Primary Schools on farms have no access roads.

Platberg primary is situated next to LIONS enclosure which is not safe for children and staff.

² Backlogs or needs in relation to national norms and standards

³ Backlogs or needs in relation to national norms and standards

2.6.3 Safety and Security (Traffic, Fire Services, Disaster Management etc.)

Service	Secto Availability (Y/N)	r plan Status	Status of service ⁴	Backlogs/Needs	Challenges
Traffic Police	No	NA	The service exists but is currently mainly centred around Kroonstad and surrounding areas such as Maokeng, Brentpark etc.	Additional staff and Vehicles to adequately cater for the Section to be in a position to cater for the needs of the entire municipal area (including Viljoenskroon and Steynsrus)	Shortage of staff and other resources such as Patrol Vehicles

Indicate other challenges not highlighted above:

There is still a challenge of providing a Law Enforcement service for 24 hours 7 days a week.

Service	Sector p Availability (Y/N)	lan Status	Status of service ⁵	Backlogs/Needs	Challenges
Fire service	No	N/a	Substations in outskirt areas and towns. Fire Engines for Substations. Equipment for substations. Personnel for substations.	A fire area shall be divided into sub-areas which fall into one of the following fire-risk categories: Category A: Central business districts and extensive commercial and industrial areas normally found in cities and large towns (areas where the risk to life and property due to fire occurrence and spread is likely to be high). Category B: Limited central business districts, smaller commercial or industrial areas normally associated with small towns and the risk to life and property due to fire occurrence and spread is likely to be moderate). Category C: Residential areas of conventional construction.	There is currently no budget allocation made for this service

 $^{^4}$ Refer to personnel, equipment, facilities, etc. 5 Refer to personnel, equipment, facilities, etc.

Service	Sector p	lan	Chahua - C		
	Availability	Status	Status of service ⁵	Backlogs/Needs	Challenges
	(Y/N)		SCI VICC		
				Category D: Rural risk areas of limited buildings and remote from urban areas.	
				Category E: Special risk areas. Individual risk areas requiring a predetermined attendance over and above the predominant risk category in an area. Includes large shopping/entertainment centres, informal settlements, harbours, hospitals, prisons, large airport buildings, and petrochemical plants.	
				The successful control and extinguishing of fires depend on sufficient appliances responding with adequate manpower and arriving within a reasonable time.	
				The efficiency of a fire service is judged largely by the attendance time that the fire brigade is capable of achieving. The attendance times shall not exceed those shown in table below.	
				Siting of fire stations and determination of station areas	
				The ability to meet attendance time requirements will be directly influenced by the siting of stations and the size of turnout areas which shall be determined by taking into consideration street grid net-works, speed of appliances, terrain, traffic conditions, etc.	

Risk category	Maximum call receipt	Maximum appliance	Maximum
	and turn-out time (min)	travel time (min)	attendance time (min)
A	3	5	8
В	3	7	10
С	3	10	13
D	3	20	23
Е	Within requirement of a	ppropriate risk category	

Equipment Required

Risk category	Minimum number of pumping units	Minimum manning level per appliance	Minimum pumping capacity of each unit (L/min)
A	2	5	3 850
В	2	4	3 850
С	1	4	2 250
D	1	4	2 250
Е	As determined by individ	lual risk assessment	

NOTE: Arrangements for vehicle fires, grass/bush fires and special services and the need for specialist vehicles such as aerial appliances and water carriers will be determined by local conditions.

Ind	Indicate other challenges not highlighted above:				
	No sufficient Fire Safety inspectors				
	No designated vehicles for Fire Safety inspectors				
	No designated hydrant vehicle for hydrant official				
	No training officer				
	Training facilities not conducive for training				
	Implementation of Fire Brigade Services Act, Act 99 of 1987				
	Implementation SANS 10090:2003				

Service	Secto	r plan	Status of		
	Availability (Y/N)	Status	service ⁶	Backlogs/Needs	Challenges
Disaster management	Yes	Currently under review	Improving since the appointment of its manager.	Full staff complement	There is insufficient budget allocation for this service, and it has been transferred back to the local municipality within the amendment of its governing Act.

Indicate other challenges not highlighted above:

There is a Centre for Disaster Management within Moqhaka Local Municipality but it is dysfunctional. This function is seen as a responsibility of one Directorate while it cuts across the entire municipality therefore, participation of other Directorates need to be improved.

The Act, Disaster Management Act, Act 52 of 2002, defines disaster as a progressive or sudden, wide spread or localised, natural or human-caused occurrence which causes or threatens to cause death, injury or disease; damage to property, infrastructure or the environment; or significant disruption of the life of a community; and is of a magnitude that exceeds the ability of those affected by the disaster to cope with its effects using only their own resources; while disaster management means a continuous integrated and multi-sectoral, multi-disciplinary process of planning and implementation of measures aimed at preventing or reducing the risk of disasters; mitigating the severity or consequences of disasters; emergency preparedness; a rapid and effective response to disasters; and post-disaster recovery and rehabilitation.

This definition clearly shows that disaster management is everybody's business. An example can be made of the decaying old infrastructure like asbestos water pipes that can no longer carry the amount of water needed to meet the current demand. Continuous pipe bursts can lead to severe shortage of water to an extend that the municipality can no longer meet the demand such that this develops into a disaster.

This definition also qualifies the classification of certain municipal services as essential, i.e water, electricity, sanitation and solid waste.

Service	Sector	r plan	Status of		
	Availability	Status	service ⁷	Backlogs/Needs	Challenges
	(Y/N)		Sel vice		
Security	No	None	Good	Insource the	Financial Constraints
Services				service and more	
				Peace Officers	
				required	

Indicate other challenges not highlighted above:

Community participation into assisting the municipality to prevent vandalism and enforcing bylaws.

2.7 Public Participation and Good Governance

⁶ Refer to personnel, equipment, facilities, etc.

⁷ Refer to personnel, equipment, facilities, etc.

2.7.1 Governance Structures

The Municipal Structures Act (Act 117 of 1998) informs the Governance Structure of Moqhaka Municipality. This Act stipulates different roles and responsibilities that each structure within the municipality should perform.

2.7.1.1 Political Structure

Section 53 of the Municipal Systems Act (Act 32 of 2000) stipulates inter alia that the respective roles and areas of responsibility of each political structure and each Political Office Bearer of the Municipality and of the Municipal Manager must be defined.

The council performs both legislative and executive functions. They focus on legislative, oversight and participatory roles and they have delegated their executive function to the Executive Mayor and the Mayoral Committee. Their role is to debate issues publicly and to facilitate political debate and discussion. The council plays a very active role in the operations of the Municipality. Apart from their functions as decision makers, councillors are also actively involved in community work and the various social programs in the municipal area.

The Council of Moqhaka Municipality comprises of 45 elected Councillors, made up from 23 Ward Councillor's and 22 Proportional Representation (PR) Councillors. The portfolio committees comprise of councillors drawn from all political parties.

Table 6: Council

Name of Councillor	Capacity	Political	Ward or
		Party	Proportional
Mr T J Marako	Councillor	ANC	1
Mr S Tladi	Councillor	ANC	2
Mr N Muller	Councillor	DA	3
Ms ME Mthunze	Councillor	ANC	4
Ms M Green	Councillor	ANC	5
Mr M V Mokoteli	Councillor	ANC	6
Mr L D Bolofo	Councillor	ANC	7
Ms M S Mahlatsi	Councillor	ANC	8
Mr O A Lebeko	Councillor	ANC	9
Mr M S Chakane	Speaker	ANC	10
Mr H G Makae	Councillor	ANC	11
Ms L Mpondo	Councillor	ANC	12
Mr B rooskrans	Councillor	ANC	13
Mr M Nhlapo	Councillor	ANC	14
Mr B S Ramathibe	Councillor	ANC	15
Ms H M E Boeitjie	Councillor	DA	16
Mr J Geldenhuis	Councillor	DA	17
Mr R Moletsane	Councillor	ANC	18
Mr S Mokoena	Councillor	ANC	19
Mr L Ramajoe	Councillor	ANC	20
Mr Z Magadlela	Councillor	ANC	21
Mr M Yhoyho	Councillor	ANC	22
Mr J M Baba	Councillor	ANC	23
Mr K Kokami	Councillor	ANC	PR

Name of Councillor	Capacity	Political	Ward or
		Party	Proportional
Mr C M Dalton	Councillor	DA	PR
Mr P J Phooko	Executive Mayor	ANC	PR
Ms R Mannefelt	Councillor	ANC	PR
Ms J Hattigh	Councillor	FF+	PR
Mr D N Nzunga	Councillor	DA	PR
Dr A Viljoen	Councillor	FF+	PR
Ms L van Schalkwyk	Councillor	DA	PR
Mr D Serapela	Councillor	EFF	PR
Mr S H Pittaway	Councillor	DA	PR
Mr R Mahlatsi	Councillor	DA	PR
Mr J Mareka	Councillor	ANC	PR
Mr D Khasudi	Councillor	DA	PR
Mr T Moahlodi	Councillor	DA	PR
Mr M I Thajane	Councillor	COPE	PR
Ms A M Malejoene	Councillor	EFF	PR
Mr M J Khunyeli	Councillor	EFF	PR
Ms S Khiba	Council Whip	ANC	PR
Ms M L Makhanda	Councillor	EFF	PR
Mr M J Lithupa	Councillor	DA	PR
Mr M E Ramathibe	Councillor	DA	PR
Ms M Pieterson	Councillor	ANC	PR

The Council has an Executive Mayor and its Mayoral Committee consists of the chairpersons of the various Section 80 Committees. The members of the Mayoral Committee each hold a direct portfolio as assigned by the Executive Mayor. Moqhaka Municipality has established nine committees in terms of section 80 of the Municipal Structures Act (Act 17 of 1998). The Portfolios assigned to the members of the Executive Mayoral Committee are as follows:

Table 7: Members of the Mayoral Committee

Name of Member	Capacity
Mr P.J. Phooko	Executive Mayor
MrE R. Moletsane	Chairperson of the Finance, Audit and Risk
	Management Committee
Mr ZS Magadlela	Chairperson of the IDP Portfolio Committee
Mr K.Kokami	Chairperson of the Municipal Infrastructure and
	Technical Services
Mr B.Rooskraans	Chairperson of the LED and Investment Portfolio
	Committee
Mr S.Tladi	Chairperson of the Corporate Services Portfolio
	Committee
Ms L.Mpondo	Chairperson of the Public Safety Portfolio
	Committee
Mr S.Mokoena	Chairperson of the Spatial Development and
	Human Settlement Portfolio Committee
Ms R Manefeldt	Chairperson of the Policy Development and
	Monitoring Portfolio Committee
Ms M Green	Chairperson of the Community Service Portfolio
	Committee

The portfolio committees' primary responsibility is to exercise oversight over the executive arm of the municipality's governance structure. These committees monitor the delivery and outputs of the executive and may request Directorates to account for the outputs of their functions. Executive Councillors account for executive decisions and operations performed in general policy framework agreed to by Council and although the portfolio committees play an oversight role, they have limited decision-making powers. These committees are responsible for submitting their reports to the Mayoral Committee.

2.7.1.2 Political Office Role Clarification

The roles and responsibilities of the political structures and political office bearers are stipulated in section 53 of the Municipal Systems Act. The roles of the Council, Executive Mayoral Committee and the Executive Mayor is summarised in the table below:

Council	Executive Mayor	Executive Mayoral Committee
 Governs by making and administrating laws, raising taxes and taking decisions that affect people's rights. Is a tax authority that may raise property taxes. 	 Is the executive and political leader of the Municipality and is in this capacity supported by the mayoral committee. Is the social and ceremonial head of the Municipality. Must identify the needs of the Municipality and must evaluate progress against key performance indicators. 	Its members are elected by the Executive Mayor from the ranks of councillors, apart from the Deputy Executive Mayor who is elected by the council and is an ex officio member of the mayoral committee
 Is the primary decision maker and takes all the decisions of the Municipality except those that are delegated to political office bearers. Individual councillors or officials; can delegate responsibilities and duties for the purposes of fast and effective decision making. Must strive towards the constitutional objects of local government. Must consult the community with respect to local government matters. 	 Is the defender of the public's right to be heard. Has many responsibilities with respect to the annual budget, the budget process, budget control and various other financial matters. Perform the duties and exercise the responsibilities that were delegated to her/him by the council. 	 Its functional responsibility area is linked to that of the Executive Mayor to the extent that s/he must operate together with the members of the mayoral committee. Its primary task is to assist the Executive Mayor in the execution of her/his powers it is in fact an extension of the office of Executive Mayor. The committee has no powers on its own decision making remains that of the Executive Mayor.

2.7.2 Summary of Governance Structures

Structure	Yes/No	Status
Internal audit function	Yes	Functional
Audit committee	Yes	Functional

Risk management function	Yes	Functional
Risk management committee	Yes	Functional
Oversight committee	Yes	Functional
Portfolio Committees (s80)	Yes	Functional
Ward committees	Yes	Functional
IDP Steering Committee	Yes	Functional
Supply chain committees (SCM)	Yes	Functional
Section 79 Committees	Yes	Functional

Indicate other challenges experienced:	
None.	

2.7.3 Management and Operational systems

System	Y/N	Status
Complaints management system	Yes	Operational
Risk management strategy	Yes	Operational
Fraud prevention plan	Yes	Operational
Communication strategy	Yes	Draft
Public participation strategy/policy	Yes	Adopted in 2013 needs to be reviewed

2.7.4 HIV/AIDS, YOUTH DEVELOPMENT AND PEOPLE LIVING WITH DISABILITIES

The office of the Executive Mayor is also responsible for Youth development, Disability and HIV/AIDS programmes coordination.

The HIV/AIDS operational plan serves to mainstream this function by working in partnerships with different departments like Social Development and different Non-Governmental Organisations and Community Based Organisations.

The issue of young people dropping out of school as early as grade 10 is a worrying fact for the office and in mitigating this, the office is working very closely with the Department of Education and the school governing bodies to combat this scourge.

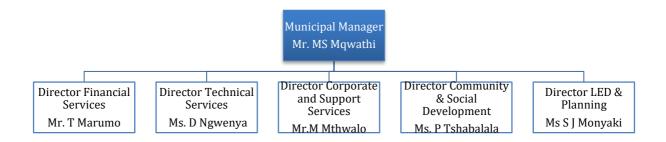
Youth unemployment more especially amongst graduates is a matter of concern that we try to address through Youth Economic Development programmes, which emphasise participation in the economy through small businesses.

Disability programmes entailing the establishment of the Disability Forum, Sporting activities, Disability Day Celebration, Awareness campaigns and skills development are some of the activities that we will be engaging in to advance the interests of this sector in our communities.

2.8 Institutional Development and Transformation

2.8.1 Executive Management Structure

The Administration arm of Moqhaka Municipality is headed by the Municipal Manager, who has 5 Section 56 Directors reporting directly to him.



The Municipal Manager as head of the administration is responsible and accountable for tasks and functions as provided for in Section 55 of the MSA, other functions/tasks as provided for in legislation as well as functions delegated to him by the Executive Mayor and Council. The Office of the Municipal Manager consists of:

- Internal Audit and Risk Management;
- Performance Management and IDP; and
- Communication and Customer Relations

2.8.2 Departmental Functions

The functions of each of the departments can be summarised as follows:

2.8.2.1 Directorate: Finance

The core function of this Directorate is to ensure sound financial management. This directorate consists of the Director: Finance as head of the directorate who is responsible for:

- Budget and Expenditure
- Revenue Management
- Assets and
- Supply Chain Management.

2.8.2.2 Directorate: LED and Planning

The core functions of this Directorate is to promote economic development initiatives, SMME, sustainable job creation, poverty reduction and shared growth that integrates and connects the Municipality, its citizens and its natural resources. The Directorate is also responsible for housing, town planning and building control. The directorate comprises of the following departments:

- Local Economic Development and Rural Development
- Housing and Properties
- Spatial Planning; Town Planning and Building control

2.8.2.3 Directorate: Corporate Services

The Directorate is responsible for cultivating a culture of good governance and administration and prepare sound systems and structures in the achievement of Council's Strategic Objectives. The core function of the Directorate is therefore to ensure that administrative processes take place in an environment, which promotes productivity. The directorate comprises of the following departments:

- Administration
- Committee Services;
- Human Resources;
- Legal Services;
- Records Management.

2.8.2.4 Directorate: Technical Services

The core function of Directorate is to provide bulk infrastructure and services. The directorate comprises of the following departments:

- Civic buildings;
- Public works, which includes main roads, storm water and streets;
- Sewerage purification services;
- Sewerage reticulation services;
- Sewerage sanitation services;
- Water purification works;
- Water reticulation;
- · electricity distribution and street lighting; and
- Management of the Workshop and Depot.

2.8.2.5 Directorate: Community Services

This directorate is responsible for a variety of community services, which include:

- Solid Waste Management which includes cleansing, refuse removal, and street sweeping;
- Management and maintenance of community halls, museums and municipal heritage buildings;
- Maintenance of parks, sports fields, recreational areas and maintenance of Public Open Areas;
- Municipal By-Law Enforcement
- Fire Fighting Services;
- Disaster Management;
- Traffic and Parking
- Cemeteries;
- Arts, Culture and Heritage

2.8.3 Municipal Workforce

Based on the strategic and policy decisions made by Council, the Management Team develops service plans for integration with other sectors within the strategy for the Municipality. They must measure performance according to agreed indicators, analyse and report regularly. They inform decision makers timeously of any risk to service delivery initiatives and conduct reviews of service performance against plans before other reviews. The senior management team is supported by a municipal workforce of 864 permanent employees, which is structured in the various departments to implement the IDP strategic objectives.

Section 68(1) of the MSA states that a municipality must develop its human resource capacity to a level that enables it to perform its functions and exercise its powers in an economical, effective, efficient and accountable way. The organisational structure should be revisited after the approval of the IDP and budget to ensure that the municipality still deliver services and the most productive and sufficient manner.

The approved organogram for the municipality has 1 384 posts. The actual positions filled are indicated in the tables below by post level and by functional level. A total of 524 posts were vacant at the end of 2016/17, resulting in a vacancy rate of 37, 86%.

Below is a table that indicates the vacancies within the municipality:

Department	Approved	Filled	Vacant
Office of the Executive Mayor	16	15	1
Office of the Speaker	7	5	2
Office of the Council Whip	4	1	3
Office of the Municipal Manager	24	9	14
Finance Department	84	74	8
Corporate Services Department	95	68	27
Community & Emergency Services	542	402	143

Technical Services	542	266	274
Planning & LED	64	18	46
Unit Management Viljoenskroon	3	1	3
Unit Management Steynsrus	3	1	3
Total	1384	860	524

System/Function	Y/N	Status
Information Technology	Yes	
Availability of skilled staff	Yes	Skills audit process to be finalized
Organisational Structure	Yes	Structure reviewed and approved by council on the Council sitting on 27 May 2015
Vacancy rate	Yes	The municipality has a total of 524 Vacant positions
Skills development plan	Yes	The municipality submits the WSP to LGSETA annually and is currently on the process of implementation
Human resource management strategy or plan	Yes	HR strategy in place and approved by council, the strategy to be reviewed in line with the IDP
Individual performance and organisational management systems	Yes	Performance management system approved by council
Monitoring, evaluation and reporting processes and systems	Yes	The municipality is submitting monthly and annual reports on trainings implemented to LGSETA. Mid-year performance assessment report also in place for monitoring and evaluation

Indicate other challenges experienced:
Finalisation of skills audit
Review of the organisational structure.

2.9 Financial Viability and Management

System/function/policies	Yes/No	Status
Tariff policy	Yes	2019/20
Property Rates policy	Yes	2019/20
SCM policy – staffing, staffing of the finance	Yes	2019/20
and SCM units		
Payment of creditors	Yes	2019/20
Auditor- General findings (action plan)	Yes	2019/20
Financial management systems	Yes	2019/20
Financial reporting systems	Yes	2019/20
Revenue enhancement/management plan	Yes	2019/20
Asset management policy and system	Yes	2019/20
mSCOA compliance	Yes	2019/20
Debt Collection and Credit Control Policy	Yes	2019/20
Write off Policy	Yes	2019/20
Indigent Policy	Yes	2019/20
Asset Management Policy	Yes	2019/20
Cashiers Control Policy	Yes	2019/20

System/function/policies	Yes/No	Status
Budget Policy	Yes	2019/20
Meter reading Policy	Yes	2019/20
Borrowing Policy	Yes	2019/20
Cash and Investment Policy	Yes	2019/20
Subsistence and Traveling Policy	Yes	2019/20

Indicate other challenges experienced:	
None.	

2.10 Local Economic Development

Moqhaka Local Municipality had an estimated population of 160 532 in 2011, with an estimated 45 661 household units and -0.45% growth rate. The population declined in 2016 community survey to 154 732 with unemployment rate of 35.2%. The youths are the hardest hit with 47 .2 %.

This decline exacerbates the range of challenges facing Moqhaka, including, but not limited to, unemployment and migration to name but a few. It has the necessary basic economic infrastructure like industrial areas of Kroonstad and Viljoenskroon, which plays an important role in agricultural industries.

The municipality has a number of competitive advantages and key positives on which the economy can built. It has a solid economic infrastructure, the N1 road run just few minutes from the CBD. It has a solid railway line which plays a significant role in transporting agricultural products and other industrial good. The railway line linking the North West Province particularly Lichtenburg and Kwa Zulu Natal Province particularly the Durban Harbour passes through all the three towns of Moqhaka Local Municipality. It has airport that is designed for large aircraft such as Boeing 737s that can attract both international and national investors.

Main Economic Sectors include: Agriculture, manufacturing, trade, construction, electricity, transport and finance,

Level of current economic activity (major sectors and potential sectors) ⁸			
Sector	2016 Forecast		
Agriculture	-2.0%		
Mining	-1.4%		
Manufacturing	-2.0%		
Electricity	-0.6%		

66

Construction	-0.7%
Trade	-0.9%
Transport	-0.4%
Finance	-0.4%
Community services	0.6%
Total Industries	-0.7%

The closure of two diamonds mine in the area, has negatively affected the economic standing of the municipality which is progressively shifting towards agriculture, tourism and transport. The largest areas of focus being black emerging farmers and the development businesses. There are prospects of coal and methane gas in the area

The informal economy in the area is active – mainly wholesale and retail trade, home-based catering and accommodation. However, are not linked to the town's main economic activities.



The economy is progressively shifting towards agriculture. Maokeng commonage committee were assisted with the 5000L Jojo tank, Pit toilet with pedestal, 40mm plastic pipe and Water pump generator

The informal economy





KRD Taxi rank

In Kroonstad, there is a marked growth in small informal businesses around the Selborne Square which plays an important role in the economy of the town, the environment in which the business was operating was (and some is still) just conducive and council intervened by refurbishing one of the structures at the Taxi rank into stalls. The pictures above show the environment where they used work. The picture also shows the intervention done

There is a need for a development path for Moqhaka that promotes economic growth, reduces poverty and social marginalisation, making residents more resilient in terms of its economy, natural and cultural landscapes. The municipality requires a participatory approach to local economy where local citizens are consulted to shape the economy of the area.

Economic Development Strategy

While the municipality has LED strategy, it is important to understand that the principal objective of the Economic Strategy is to grow the economy and create jobs. It must respond to the most fundamental challenges facing Moqhaka in the years ahead: unemployed, poverty and inequalities.

The council needs a different approach towards the implementation of the strategy. The "Thuma Mina" campaign by the President suggests that we should not follow "business as usual approach"

As the demand for municipal services increases every year, this trajectory will be unsustainable in the long-term unless incomes rise, and council revenue from households and businesses increases. Part of the strategy is to adopt participatory approach focusing on a number of project including tourism.

The appointment of the Director, Agriculture Development Officer and Enterprise Development Officer will help see its functions and mandate carried.

- Agriculture: Kroonstad is the center of a large agricultural community that plays an important role in the economy of the district. However, 2016 saw the entire agricultural sector in the province hit by severe drought that resulted in low harvest output and job losses. In terms of current plans underway within MLM, supported by Fezile Dabi District. Initiatives have been prioritized to grow the agricultural sector, such as diversification of agricultural products; and Introduction of high value crops ("Fezile Dabi IDP 2014/15"). A draft plan, Rural Development Plan for Moqhaka Local Municipality has been developed by the Department of Rural Development and Land Reform in partnership with the Provincial Department of Agriculture and Fezile Dabi District Municipality has been included in this plan and serves as a separate document for a sector plan.
- Mining: Mining remains one of the primary economic sectors within MLM through both De Beers and Lace Mine diamond within +- 15 KM from Kroonstad CBD. Anglo Gold Ashanti Kopanong Mine and possible re-opening of Vierfontein Colleries in the area of Viljoenskroon also play the same important economic role. The Mining sector throughout the country is under immense pressure that resulted into a bloodbath of job losses. An example of Lace Mine becomes more relevant whereat 300 people lost their jobs in 2016 as the mine was placed under business rescue, while De Beers, Voorspoed mine will be closing shop or selling operations by 2019/20. Has stopped operations and the due to high costs of operation the mine but confirm the pressure or availability of the kimberlite
- Manufacturing: Mmanufacturing through locally based small enterprises in agriculture (for example) has been identified as critical in growing the national export base necessary to grow the economy. The Free State Provincial Department of Agriculture has identified areas within the agriculture machinery that can positively contribute to grow and strengthen the manufacturing and agro-processing sectors within Moqhaka through the proposed Farmer Support Units contained in the Rural Development Plan.

Electricity: A 30MW power station, Power Station #2 was constructed in Kroonstad and was commissioned in 1961. This power station replaced Power Station #1, which had reached inadequate capacity. As Power Station #2 later also could not generate adequate electricity to provide in the town's increased demand in energy, it was utilised for peak lobbing and therefor minimising on the maximum demand received from Eskom and significantly reducing the monthly Eskom bill.

Unfortunately, the power station was shut down in June 1997 due to high operational costs and an agreement reached with Eskom regarding favourable energy tariffs. Several services providers have shown interest in returning the power station to service during the period since it was shut down, but due to lack of maintenance, copper theft and vandalism considerable offset capital would be required to refurbish the power station. However, the basic infrastructure of the power station is still intact and presents an opportunity to be returned to service.

- Construction: This industry started to grow substantially in our historically disadvantaged communities with the rollout of government's housing provision to poor households known as RDP houses. Skills were developed in this sector but not formalised and young people did not really see the sector as worth investing in in terms of skills and knowledge. Small Medium and Micro Enterprises continue to benefit in the construction sector through capital projects such as housing, roads and storm-water infrastructure. These SMME's are expected to work very closely with our LED Directorate and other stakeholders like De Beers Voorspoed Mine, Zimele Bussiness Hub to mentor and monitor their performance such that they become sustainable.
- Public Transport Services: The municipality does not provide public transport but provides
 requisite infrastructure through grant allocation for such facilities as taxi ranks, roads and
 street infrastructure etc. A commuter rail line has historically been one of the main sources of
 employment within the municipal jurisdiction. Opportunities for upgrade and maintenance of
 the rail line with PRASA needs to be looked into taking into consideration the need to grow
 our economy in agriculture, tourism and other related sectors.
- Community services: The Department of Correctional Services and the Military School of Engineering based in Kroonstad play a huge role in skills development and contribute immensely in the development of the municipality and the Region as a whole.
- Tourism: Moqhaka is located within the northern part of the Free State Province, which is being promoted as one of the primary domestic tourism destination especially for the "weekenders". Existing tourism products that would have to be further developed to achieve maximum value include those around the existing municipal nature conservation and heritage sites such as the Vals River, Bloemhoek and Serfontein Dams renowned for water sports and the Vredefort Dome. Extensive marketing of Kroonnpark as a preferred tourist destination in this region should be closely looked into. The National Maize Producers Organisation

(NAMPO) annual show is another tourism venture that needs to be closely looked and invested into.

DEVELOPMENT SECTOR PLAN ANALYSIS

The Fezile Dabi District Rural Development plan has been endorsed and signed by the District Executive Mayor on 26/04/2017. This portion of the document is the Department of Rural Development and Land Reform's Sector plan to the Integrated Development Plan of the Moqhaka Local Municipality. This DRDP fulfil the requirements vested in DRDLR by SPLUMA sec 7(e)(ii) and sec 12(2)(a) of the Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, 16 of 2013 (see below) where it is required that we support Municipal Planning:

The following principles apply to spatial planning, land development and land use management: "Sec 7 (e) (ii) all government departments must provide their sector inputs and comply with any other prescribed requirements during the preparation or amendment of spatial development frameworks;"

"Sec 12 (2) (a) The national government, a provincial government and a municipality must participate in the spatial planning and land use management processes that impact on each other to ensure that the plans and programmes are coordinated, consistent and in harmony with each other."

This document forms part of the current Integrated Development Plan cycle for the 2020/2021 financial year and serves as a sector plan for both the Integrated Development Plan as well as the Spatial Development Framework as approved by the Council of Moqhaka Local Municipality.

2.10.1 IMPLEMENTATION MATRIX

Moqhaka Municipality is a category B municipality – comprising Kroonstad, Maokeng, Viljoenskroon, Rammulotsi, Steynsrus, Matlwangtlwang in the Fezile Dabi District. The following Table presents the projects based in the local municipality by category, type, objectives, priority, key stakeholders as well as rural development alignment per project proposed for the broader Fezile Dabi Agri-park development:

Table 2: Prioritisation matrix and alignment analysis

Towns	Project Description								_		aha	dore	2					unc	tion						Com	mo	dity !	Regio	on			Loc	atio	n		Project Priority						
TOWNS	Project Description	y pockets		Time Frame					Stakeholders								Functions Program 3 Program 4 & 5								Com	imo	uity i	Kegi	on	Location							Project Priority Score (0-5)					
		Poverty	2018/2019	2019/2020	2020/2021	2021/2022	Longterm	DMR	DESTEA	DARD	ROADS	НЕАГТН	СОСТА	EDUCATI	RID	REID	NARYSE	Land	RECAP	Property	Tenure	Restitutio	Not Agricultur e related	Cereal	Fruit &	Fats &	Poultry	Protein	Protein Game	AgriHub	FPSU	1Нһ1На	20/20	ALDRI	Other	Water	Cluster	Poverty	Agricultur e Focus	AgriPark/	Total	
Viljoenskroon	Middenspruit	М								х						х												С		х							х					
Kroonstad	Zaaiplaats	L	х							х						х												D		х							х					
Kroonstad	Mechanization project	L	х							х						х												D	х								х					
Kroonstad	Brakfontein	L	х							х						х												D		х							х					
Steynsrust	Makkawaans Bank No. 134	М	Х																			Х						В		х		х	Х	•			х					
	PSP for the design & construction Monitoring of Kroonstaad FPSU Bulk Services & Logisticts Centre	L	х												Х													D	Х								х					
Kroonstad	Construction of Kroonstaad FPSU Bulk Services & Logisticts Centre & Fencing	L					х								Х													D	Х								х					
	Tot Hierna Toe farm Soil Rehabilitation Heilbron - AVMP Community Workers	L	х												Х													D	Х								х					
	Vreugde No 218, Uitzicht No 227, Boompe Alleen No.281, The Kampsruit No.1753 and Begeerte No. 299	М	х															Х										В		х		х	Х	х	Х		Х					
Kroonstad	Cornerton No 2583	L			Х													Х										D		Х	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х					

Towns	ns Project Description		Т	ime F	rame			;	Stak	ehol	ders			Pro	ogran			Prog	ram 4	& 5		Functional Region Number		Cor	nmo	dity	Regi	on			Loc	atior	1			P	rojec Sco	t Pric re (0-	ority 5)	
		Povert	2018/2019	20/202	2021/2022	Longterm	DMR	DESTEA	DARD	ROADS	НЕАГТН	совта	EDUCATI	RID	REID	NARYSE C	Land Reform	RECAP	Property	Tenure	Restitutio n	Not Agricultur	e related Cereal	Fruit &	Fats &	Poultry	Protein	Protein Game	AgriHub	FPSU	1Hh1Ha	50/50	ALDRI	Other	Water	Cluster	Poverty	Agricultur e Focus	AgriPark/ FPSU	Total
Kroonstad	Goedehoop No.181	L		Х													Х										D		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х				

Table 3: Primary Production Matrix

Town Name		PRIMARY PRODUCTION (CROPS) FS Agricultural Master Plan Alignment							PRIMARY PRODUCTION (LIVESTOCK)						OTHER PRIMARY SUPPORT				RIORITIS TION CORE													
Edenville	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	2	2	0	5	2	25	0	0	0	0	2	2	5	<u>ნ</u> გ	14	2	0	0	0	0	5	7	46
Kroonstad	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	5	2	9	0	0	0	0	2	2	5	5	14	2	0	0	0	0	5	7	30
Steynsrus	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	5	2	13	0	0	0	5	5	5	5	5	25	5	0	0	5	5	5	20	58
Viljoenskroon	5	0	5	5	5	2	2	0	5	5	5	0	5	2	46	0	0	0	5	5	5	5	5	25	5	5	0	5	5	5	25	96

2.11 Community Development and Social Cohesion

2.11.1Cemeteries

Status and availability of cemetery management plan	There is no approved cemetery management plan at this stage. The plan is being drafted and when completed it will be submitted to Council for
	approval.

Indicate the number of cemeteries, their location and capacity.

				Capacity	
			Total	Current usage	Remaining
Town	Cemetery name	Location	No. of	No. of graves	capacity
			graves	J	No. of
					graves
Viljoenskroon/Rammulotsi	Northleigh	Rammulotsi (Adults)	20 000	2849	17 151
		Rammulotsi (Children)	5000	34	4966
		Heroes Acre	5000	3	4997
	Rammulotsi	Rammulotsi	5856	5856	0
	HA Pieter	Rammulotsi	1192	1192	0
	Viljoenskroon	Viljoenskroon	2135	1835	300 booked
Kroonstad/Maokeng					
	Seeisoville	Seeisoville	No records	No records	No records
	Wespark	Wespark	11 129	10 144	985
	Dinoheng	Gelukwaarts	33 498	27 402	6096
	Boikgutsong	Brentpark	No records	No records	0
	Stilfontein	Gelukwaarts	5979	5979	0
	Military memorial garden	Marais street	6	6	0
	Newly discovered	Between FC&H bridge and Kroonstad Trekkerdienste	No records	No records	0
	Checkers	Checkers shopping centre	No records	No records	0
	Brentpark	Brentpark	1609	1609	0
Steynsrus/Matlwangtlwang	Matlwangtlwang 1		No record	No record	No records
	Matlwangtlwang 2		No records	No records	No records
	Matlwangtlwang 3		19 302	722	18 580
	Steynsrus 1		2370	2370	0
	Steynsrus 2	Does not exist			

Status of operation and maintenance	
Name of cemetery	Status of operation and maintenance
Northleigh	Minimum maintenance
Rammulotsi	None
Ha Pieter	None

Status of operation and maintenance	
Name of cemetery	Status of operation and maintenance
Viljoenskroon	Minimum
Seeisoville	Minimum maintenance. When funds are available for weed killer overgrowth can be control. There is no additional employment for the cleaning of the
	cemeteries.
Wespark	Done by weed killers when funds are available.
Dinoheng	None
Boikgutsong	None.
Stilfontein	Done by weed killer when funds are available.
Military memorial garden	None. The Commonwealth War graves Commission rent a service provider locally to do the maintenance on all war cemeteries
Concentration camp	The concentration camp does not belong to the Municipality
Newly discovered (Kroonstad)	None.
Checkers	None
Matlwangtlwang 1	None
Matlwangtlwang 2	None
Matlwangtlwang 3	None
Steynsrus	None

Backlog or needs in terms of national norms and standards:

Backlog on maintenance. Employment of temporary workers (youth) at a certain time can resolve the problem.

Status of other support servi	ces such as water, sa	nitation and roads	S:		
Town	Cemetery name	Location	Water	Sanitation	Roads
Viljoenskroon/Rammulotsi	Northleigh	Rammulotsi	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Rammulotsi	Rammulotsi	None	None	None
	Ha Pieter	Rammulotsi	None	None	None
	Viljoenskroon	Viljoenskroon	Yes	No	None
Kroonstad/Maokeng	Seeisoville	Seeisoville	No	No	No
,	Wespark	Wespark	At ablutions	Yes	Yes
	Dinoheng	Snake Park	At ablution	Yes	Yes
	Boikgutsong	Brentpark	No	No	No
	Stilfontein	Gelukwaarts	No	No	No
	Military memorial garden	Marais street	None	None	None
	Anglo-Boer War cemetery	Checkers	None	None	None
	Newly discovered	Between FC&H bridge and Kroonstad Trekkerdienste	None	None	None
	Checkers	Checkers shopping centre	None	None	None

Status of other support service	Status of other support services such as water, sanitation and roads:										
Town	Cemetery name	Location	Water	Sanitation	Roads						
Steynsrus/Matlwangtlwang	Matlwangtlwang		No	No	No						
	1										
	Matlwangtlwang		No	No	No						
	2										
	Matlwangtlwang		Yes	None	None						
	3										
	Steynsrus		Yes	No	None						

Indicate other challenges experienced:	
Budget for expansion of cemeteries.	

2.11.2 Sport and Recreation

Status and availability of sport and recreation plan (Sector Plan).	There is a draft policy for sports and Recreational policy which still need to follow the right procedure to be approved.
	This plan has been sent through to different stakeholders for their inputs and comments.

Indicate the number of facilities, their location and status (condition):

Stadiums				
Location	Name of Facility	Status (Condition)	Status of Operation and Maintenance	Challenges
Kroonstad	Loubserpark Stadium	Good	Athletic court completed.	Parking area in a poor state and unsafe. Required equipment for athletics. General workers needed.
Brentpark	Brentpark stadium	Upgraded but incomplete	Poor	No general workers appointed. Ablutions flooded.
Kroonstad-Maokeng	Seeisoville stadium	Average	Average	Not according to need and national standard
Kroonstad- Gelukwaarts	No name	Very poor	No basic services	Funds
Viljoenskroon		Very poor	Cutting of grass done	No fence, no access control. No funds
Matlwangtlwang	Matlwangtlwang	Poor	Poor	No employment

Stadium Backlogs:

Upgrading not on National standard, work half done at Brentpark, Gelukwaarts and Rammulotsi stadiums. A lack of water in Matlwangtlwang caused playfield unplayable.

Indicate other challenges experienced:

Due to the low standard and status of sport facilities, the Municipality gave an impression that sport is of less importance. Therefore, the community lost interest into sport in general. This promoting crime etc. to the community. There is never capital allocated for sport fields

Swimming Pools				
Location	Name of Facility	Status (Condition)	Status of Operation and Maintenance	Challenges
Morewag- Kroonstad	Morewag s/pool	In the process of being refurbished to its original state.	To resume operation after refurbishing.	Funds to upgrade to the next level.
Nyakallong	Nyakallong s/pool	In the process of being refurbished.	Reasonable	Security and no access control.
Brentpark	Brentpark s/pool	Poor	Ablutions were not completed by the service provider	Funds
Steynsrus	Steynsrus	Very poor	Equipment out dated	Funds for development
Viljoenskroon	Viljoenskroon	Very poor	Equipment out dated	Funds for development

Swimming Pools Backlogs:

Morewag swimming pool is an Olympic standard pool and it is very important for sport on provincial level and for sport development. It is currently being refurbished and the project will be completed by 30 June 2020.

Indicate other challenges experienced:

Morewag s/pool is an Olympic standard pool, but far from on standard. Schools and adult athletes are driving to Sasolburg for practices and galas, which has a negative impact on the economics of the town.

Community Halls				
Location	Name of Facility	Status (Condition)	Status of Operation and Maintenance	Challenges
Seeisoville	Seeisoville Hall	Poor	Poor	Need funds for upgrading
Seeisoville stadium	Seeisoville stadium Hall	Poor	Reasonable	Need for upgrading
Constantia	Constantia	Poor	Reasonable	Need for upgrading
Brentpark	Brentpark	Poor	Reasonable	Need for upgrading

Community Halls				
Location	Name of Facility	Status (Condition)	Status of Operation and Maintenance	Challenges
Nyakallong	Nyakallong	Poor	Reasonable	Need for upgrading
Kroonstad	Loubserpark	Good	Good	None
Viljoenskroon	Viljoenskroon Town Hall	Poor	Poor	Need for upgrading but no funds
Rammulotsi	Tshepahalo hall	Some parts were burn	Poor	Needs total over haul.
Steynsrus	Town Hall	Poor	Reasonable	Need for upgrading
Matlwangtlwang	Marlwangtlwang	Poor	Poor, damaged by public protest	Need for upgrading

Community Halls Backlogs:

In a very poor condition. Roofs are leaking; the ablutions of some of the halls are in a terrible stage.

Parks				
Location	Name of Facility	Status (Condition)	Status of Operation and Maintenance	Challenges
Elandia	Elandia	Poor	Poor	Lack of water
Suidrand- informal	Siudrand	Poor	Poor	Poor

Parks Backlogs:

No development due to a lack of funds

Resorts				
Location	Name of Facility	Status (Condition)	Status of Operation and Maintenance	Challenges
Maokeng	Nyakallong Resort	Undergoing renovations/refurbishment	Poor but will improve as renovation is completed.	No fence, s/pool deteriorating. The Lapa was vandalised.

Resorts Backlogs:	
None	

Indicate other challenges experienced:

Due to poor condition of the facilities, it cannot be used to its full capacity, but we hope it will improve after renovation.

Theatres				
Location	Name of Facility	Status (Condition)	Status of Operation and Maintenance	Challenges
Kroonstad (+- 1000metres from the CBD)	Krd Civic theatre	Infrastructures dilapidated	General minimum maintenance	Insufficient funds and ageing infrastructure

Theatres E	Backlogs:
------------	-----------

Dilapidated infrastructures and Outdated equipment

Indicate other challenges experienced:

Inadequate funds, unconducive environment for production and the organogram not in line with the required Standard of operational for production. Outdated equipment and Decay infrastructure eg: Leakage of the infrastructure during the rainy season.

2.12 Global Warming (Climate Change)

2.12.1 Agriculture

Indicators	Name	Status	Challenges
Decrease in food	Food security	Community product:	No By-laws, no restriction on yield of
		Livestock farming	grazing camps and no developing
		Water catchment	Funds to support with JoJo tanks for
			the catchment of water to support the
			growing of vegetables.
		Awareness on	Awareness and Training, nothing is in
		vegetable growing	place, skilled employees not on the
			current structure.
		Hydroponic culture-	Awareness, training and developing.
		Commercial for	
		growing vegetables,	
		etc	
		Develop a seed	Not in place
		banking system	

2.12.2 Biodiversity

Indicators	Name	Status	Challenges
Biodiversity	By-laws and Policies	No status	The function not on the current
Management plan &			structures
Climate change plan			

Water catchment	Water catchment	None	To promote the importance hereof
forums	forum		
Greening	Planting of trees	Low	Function not in the Structure.

2.13.2 Housing

Status of sector	r plan (Housing Secto	Approved		
National target	t for housing service			
Approved service level/standard for municipality.				
Total HHs	RDP and above	Below RDP	No service	Interventions required to address backlogs
45 661				Provision of bulk
				infrastructure services

What are the reasons for HHs without access or below RDP access?
Lack serviced residential erven.
Erven are planned and surveyed but without infrastructure services.

Name of Area or Settlement	No. of Housing Backlog	No. of Identified Housing
		Needs.
Kroonstad	500	
Maokeng and Brentpark	9 120	
Viljoenskroon	200	
Rammulotsi	3 354	
Matlwangtlwang	1 060	

Indicate other challenges not highlighted above
Provision of bulk infrastructure
Extension of bulk water services.

Chapter 3: Ward Analysis

3.1 Introduction

The IDP is about determining the stakeholder and community needs and priorities which need to be addressed to contribute to the improvement of the quality of life of residents within the Municipal Area.

Various stakeholders, sector departments and members of the community were involved during the IDP development process and in the process 22 out of 23 ward and 2 stakeholders' meetings were held. This process has been incorporated in the budget process to cover wards left out during the first round of meetings. It is with inputs from these meetings that we need to start working on the compilation of Ward Development Plans in pursuit of achieving ward-based planning. Development Plans include an analysis of the ward, needs identification, and plans to address priorities, support needed from the Municipality and other stakeholders involved in the IDP process.

The Municipality has also partnered and conducted different engagements that have been introduced in the province such as Provincial IDP Managers Forum and the District IDP Managers Forum. The IDP meetings contributes in finding solutions by reaching agreements with sector departments on enhancing service by addressing community issues that are sector-specific. IDP priorities have been derived from the priorities from the wards, as have many elements of the plans, as well as IDP projects.

The wards illustrated above can be described as follows:

Table 4: Ward Description

Ward	Description
Ward 1	Matlwangtlwang
Ward 2	Steynsrus
Ward 3	Kroonstad
Ward 4	Maokeng
Ward 5	Maokeng
Ward 6	Maokeng
Ward 7	Maokeng
Ward 8	Maokeng
Ward 9	Maokeng
Ward 10	Maokeng
Ward 11	Maokeng
Ward 12	Maokeng
Ward 13	Maokeng
Ward 14	Maokeng
Ward 15	Maokeng

Ward	Description
Ward 16	Kroonstad
Ward 17	Kroonstad
Ward 18	Rammulotsi
Ward 19	Rammulotsi
Ward 20	Rammulotsi
Ward 21	Rammulotsi
Ward 22	Vierfontein/Vaal Reef
Ward 23	Viljoenskroon/Rammulotsi

3.2 Population Statistics per ward

3.2.1 Population and Gender Distribution per ward

The population distribution in the municipal area is shown in the figure below.

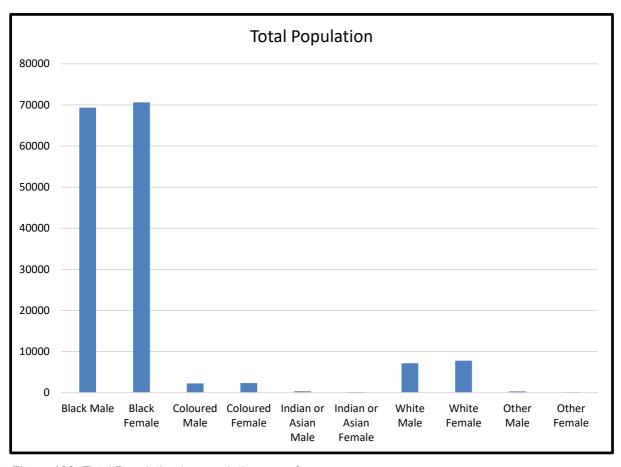


Figure 106: Total Population by population group9

Africans are 87.19% and Coloured 2.86% of the total population. Indian/Asian are 0.33% and whites make out 9.32% of the total population. The population distribution per ward in the municipal area is shown in the table below. The female population is 50.49% of the total population. The population per population group and gender per ward is shown in the table below.

83

⁹ Data Source: Statistics South Africa, Census 2011 (2016 Boundaries)

Table 5: Distribution of population by population group and gender per ward¹⁰

	Black	Black African		Coloured		ı or Asian	V	Vhite	Other		
Ward	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Total
Ward 1	3499	4260	6	10	1	1	4	8	5	-	5
Ward 2	3446	2961	81	89	31	24	746	786	10	5	15
Ward 3	3321	1733	213	177	14	12	1376	1529	8	4	12
Ward 4	3006	3456	64	47	-	1	13	10	2	-	2
Ward 5	3290	3716	9	9	6	-	1	1	12	7	18
Ward 6	3286	3780	37	41	5	2	21	26	16	12	28
Ward 7	4015	4710	23	23	5	-	66	76	7	8	15
Ward 8	2004	2388	13	12	4	1	14	58	2	1	3
Ward 9	2867	3682	32	26	8	-	-	-	7	3	10
Ward 10	3391	3971	16	23	4	2	9	12	4	-	4
Ward 11	3218	3416	29	44	15	6	32	30	5	7	12
Ward 12	2044	2383	6	6	8	5	3	1	12	2	14
Ward 13	2793	2983	1213	1355	15	3	21	16	12	17	29
Ward 14	2258	2711	15	16	-	-	1	1	5	-	5
Ward 15	2723	3051	23	26	2	3	2	1	11	2	13
Ward 16	1237	1263	119	117	75	43	1348	1601	72	19	91

¹⁰ Ibid.

	Black	Black African		Coloured		Indian or Asian		White		Other		
Ward	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Total	
Ward 17	568	536	86	99	54	60	1675	1797	23	21	44	
Ward 18	3953	4243	22	30	8	1	111	101	19	2	21	
Ward 19	3526	4058	29	31	21	-	3	4	10	-	10	
Ward 20	2386	2620	11	10	7	2	1	2	8	-	8	
Ward 21	4406	4513	62	52	28	1	405	317	33	12	45	
Ward 22	5259	1376	94	54	26	7	493	480	7	3	10	
Ward 23	2862	2803	56	40	16	3	832	930	42	11	53	

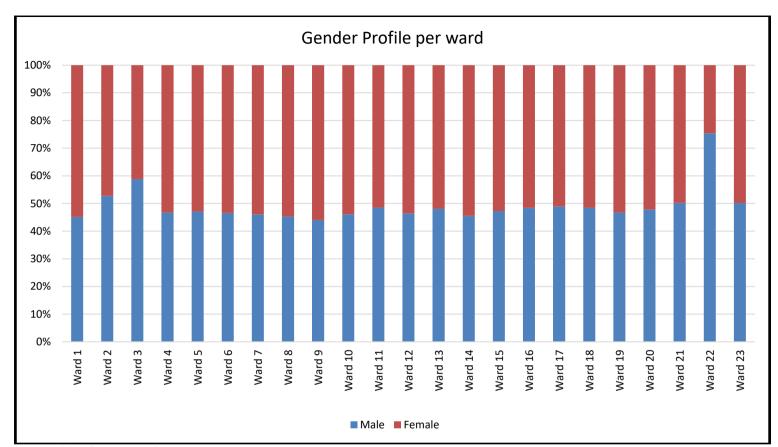


Figure 117: Gender profile per ward

3.2.2 Distribution of population aged 5 years and older by level of education per ward

Table 6: Distribution of population by level of education per ward¹¹

		Level of education										
Ward	No schooling	Some primary	Completed primary	Some secondary	Grade 12/Std10	Higher						
Ward 1	509	2818	444	2129	746	140						
Ward 2	475	2159	501	1989	793	371						
Ward 3	44	662	98	1313	1715	844						
Ward 4	325	1750	347	2123	1221	88						
Ward 5	483	1940	377	2188	1151	88						
Ward 6	253	1805	361	2408	1394	194						
Ward 7	315	2544	478	2483	1893	238						
Ward 8	120	920	226	1408	958	267						
Ward 9	226	1521	299	2230	1323	352						
Ward 10	183	1676	378	2332	1605	507						
Ward 11	217	1504	325	2108	1154	312						
Ward 12	110	1072	214	1479	921	222						
Ward 13	290	2161	507	2758	1496	176						

¹¹ Ibid.

			Level of e	ducation		
Ward	No schooling	Some primary	Completed primary	Some secondary	Grade 12/Std10	Higher
Ward 14	101	1132	236	1613	1048	351
Ward 15	157	1320	288	1945	1259	277
Ward 16	61	635	121	1319	1956	829
Ward 17	65	612	108	809	1510	1187
Ward 18	389	2642	538	2512	1055	227
Ward 19	803	2270	472	2262	809	115
Ward 20	287	1489	350	1602	566	111
Ward 21	591	2678	686	2925	1315	397
Ward 22	137	736	233	1002	466	148
Ward 23	356	2023	462	2016	1149	435

3.2.3 Distribution of population by age groups and gender per ward

Table 7: Distribution of population by age group and gender per ward¹²

Ward	0 - 14 Children) Ward		1)	1	5 - 34 (Youth)	3	5 - 64 (Adult		(55 + (Elderly))	Total		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Ward 1	1415	1417	2832	1236	1409	2644	716	1110	1826	148	344	492	3515	4279	7794
Ward 2	1003	958	1961	1628	1385	3014	1413	1222	2635	269	300	569	4314	3866	8179
Ward 3	547	535	1083	2674	1279	3952	1444	1247	2691	266	395	661	4931	3456	8387
Ward 4	1039	1040	2079	1139	1143	2282	795	1083	1878	113	248	360	3085	3514	6599
Ward 5	1142	1128	2270	1253	1247	2499	840	1179	2019	83	179	262	3318	3732	7050
Ward 6	1072	1084	2156	1268	1311	2579	901	1242	2143	124	224	348	3365	3861	7226
Ward 7	1334	1353	2687	1447	1559	3006	1186	1591	2776	149	313	462	4116	4816	8932
Ward 8	583	573	1155	762	765	1527	577	819	1396	115	303	419	2037	2460	4497
Ward 9	852	946	1798	1033	1109	2142	857	1270	2127	173	387	560	2915	3712	6627
Ward 10	1031	1035	2066	1254	1243	2498	986	1441	2427	151	289	440	3423	4008	7431
Ward 11	888	873	1761	1232	1153	2385	1004	1102	2105	175	375	550	3299	3503	6802
Ward 12	583	601	1184	762	739	1501	583	724	1307	145	333	478	2073	2397	4470
Ward 13	1228	1280	2508	1450	1437	2888	1243	1389	2632	133	269	401	4054	4375	8428
Ward 14	711	730	1441	824	903	1727	653	925	1577	91	171	262	2279	2729	5008
Ward 15	783	772	1554	991	1032	2023	855	952	1807	132	328	460	2761	3084	5845
Ward 16	518	502	1020	1086	1114	2200	990	976	1966	258	452	709	2852	3044	5896
Ward 17	513	443	956	556	585	1141	1047	1118	2165	292	368	660	2407	2514	4921

¹² Ibid.

Ward	0 - 14 Children)		15 - 34 (Youth)		35 - 64 (Adult)		65 + (Elderly)			Total					
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Ward 18	1360	1327	2687	1466	1463	2929	1129	1309	2438	157	278	435	4113	4377	8490
Ward 19	1280	1334	2613	1342	1341	2683	843	1147	1990	126	272	397	3590	4093	7683
Ward 20	864	864	1729	862	893	1755	596	753	1349	91	123	214	2413	2634	5047
Ward 21	1506	1397	2903	1728	1624	3352	1456	1560	3016	244	314	558	4934	4895	9829
Ward 22	510	309	819	1696	673	2369	3503	811	4314	169	127	296	5878	1920	7798
Ward 23	1077	1022	2100	1330	1256	2586	1189	1214	2403	211	295	506	3808	3787	7594

3.2.4 Households by type of tenure

The total households by type of tenure is shown in the figure below.

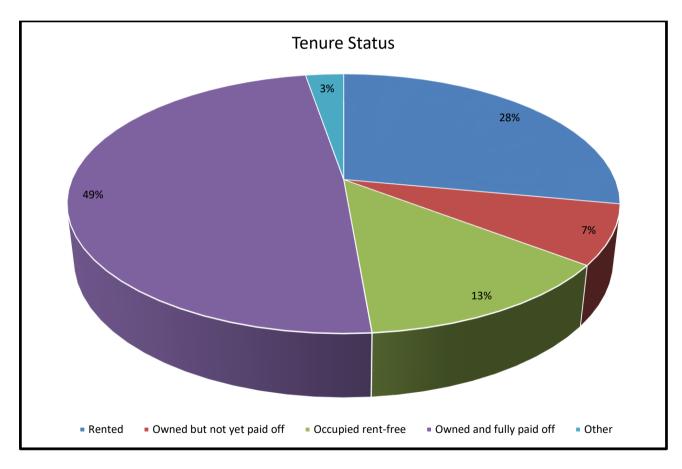


Figure 128: Tenure status

Table 8: Households by type of tenure per ward¹³

		Tenure Status									
Ward	Rented	Owned but not yet paid off	Occupied rent-free	Owned and fully paid off	Other	Total					
Ward 1	539	79	210	1312	42	2182					
Ward 2	649	134	948	406	35	2172					
Ward 3	676	501	40	654	14	1885					
Ward 4	378	22	464	935	44	1843					
Ward 5	485	61	112	1193	26	1877					
Ward 6	454	187	185	1135	9	1970					
Ward 7	599	168	225	1433	47	2472					
Ward 8	280	33	79	964	1	1357					
Ward 9	478	34	209	1412	9	2142					
Ward 10	320	296	65	1423	134	2237					
Ward 11	880	51	222	810	196	2159					
Ward 12	431	1	134	873	7	1446					
Ward 13	934	239	415	1040	77	2705					
Ward 14	170	186	196	941	20	1513					
Ward 15	1015	18	102	993	68	2196					

¹³ Ibid

	Tenure Status									
Ward	Rented	Owned but not yet paid off	Occupied rent-free	Owned and fully paid off	Other	Total				
Ward 16	1271	332	22	524	17	2165				
Ward 17	315	629	117	605	25	1691				
Ward 18	533	29	363	1322	18	2265				
Ward 19	189	21	201	1277	183	1871				
Ward 20	373	31	171	632	72	1278				
Ward 21	630	53	902	1218	122	2926				
Ward 22	628	62	225	179	14	1107				
Ward 23	562	214	442	951	37	2205				

3.2.5 Distribution of households by type of dwelling per ward

The households by dwelling type for the municipal area is shown in the figure below.

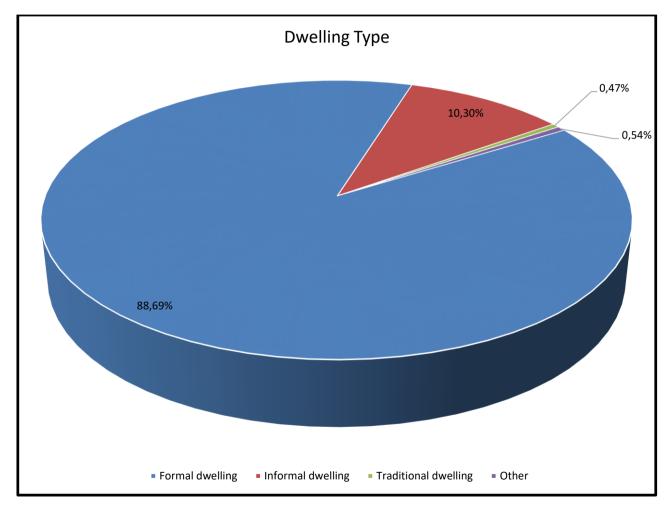


Figure 139: Dwelling type for the municipal area

Table 9: Households by type of dwelling per ward¹⁴

Ward		Type of dwelling									
	Formal dwelling	Informal dwelling	Traditional dwelling	Other	Total						
Ward 1	1760	421	1	-	2182						
Ward 2	1862	160	112	38	2172						
Ward 3	1864	6	9	7	1885						
Ward 4	1752	83	4	4	1843						
Ward 5	1506	364	3	4	1877						
Ward 6	1576	362	4	28	1970						
Ward 7	2109	345	7	11	2472						
Ward 8	1266	87	-	3	1357						
Ward 9	2037	96	3	7	2142						
Ward 10	2179	53	2	2	2237						
Ward 11	1902	251	-	5	2159						
Ward 12	1412	18	5	11	1446						
Ward 13	1993	700	5	7	2705						
Ward 14	1453	57	-	2	1513						

¹⁴ Ibid

Ward		Type of dwo	elling		Total
Wala	Formal dwelling	Informal dwelling	Traditional dwelling	Other	
Ward 15	2143	37	3	13	2196
Ward 16	2142	4	10	10	2165
Ward 17	1679	4	6	2	1691
Ward 18	2023	223	4	15	2265
Ward 19	1380	466	3	22	1871
Ward 20	851	424	-	3	1278
Ward 21	2514	369	16	27	2926
Ward 22	1039	45	7	16	1107
Ward 23	2052	133	12	8	2205

3.3 Service Statistics per Ward

The following is a summary of critical ward information based on the Census 2011 results.

3.3.1 Households with access to piped (tap) water per ward

Table 10: Households with access to piped water per ward¹⁵

		Piped water		
Ward	Piped (tap) water inside the dwelling/yard	Piped (tap) water on community stand	No access to piped (tap) water	Total
Ward 1	2016	132	33	2182
Ward 2	1691	415	66	2172
Ward 3	1872	8	5	1885
Ward 4	1773	55	14	1843
Ward 5	1866	7	4	1877
Ward 6	1881	79	10	1970
Ward 7	2380	55	37	2472
Ward 8	1350	5	1	1357
Ward 9	2136	2	3	2142
Ward 10	2228	6	3	2237
Ward 11	2120	6	32	2159

¹⁵ Ibid

		Piped water		
Ward	Piped (tap) water inside the dwelling/yard	Piped (tap) water on community stand	No access to piped (tap) water	Total
Ward 12	1438	4	3	1446
Ward 13	2557	51	96	2705
Ward 14	1508	1	3	1513
Ward 15	2185	7	4	2196
Ward 16	2157	5	3	2165
Ward 17	1648	37	6	1691
Ward 18	2125	119	21	2265
Ward 19	1530	339	1	1871
Ward 20	1085	191	2	1278
Ward 21	2583	253	90	2926
Ward 22	908	187	12	1107
Ward 23	1992	186	28	2205

3.3.2 Households by source of water per ward

Table 11: Households by source of water per ward¹⁶

¹⁶ Ibid.

		Source of water												
Ward	Regional/local water scheme (operated by a Water Service Authority or provider)	Borehole	Spring	Rain- water tank	Dam / pool / stagnant water	River/ stream	Water vendor	Water tanker	Other	Total				
Ward 1	2151	2	-	1	-	-	5	13	9	2182				
Ward 2	394	1574	5	11	36	4	37	95	15	2172				
Ward 3	1830	34	2	-	-	-	9	3	6	1885				
Ward 4	1788	16	1	2	-	1	3	18	12	1843				
Ward 5	1845	15	-	1	-	-	9	6	1	1877				
Ward 6	1940	5	-	3	-	-	3	11	7	1970				
Ward 7	2253	140	2	1	1	1	1	60	12	2472				
Ward 8	1350	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	4	1357				
Ward 9	2131	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	8	2142				
Ward 10	2221	8	-	4	-	1	-	1	1	2237				
Ward 11	2117	8	-	4	-	1	6	3	19	2159				
Ward 12	1426	4	1	4	-	-	1	4	7	1446				
Ward 13	2578	-	3	5	4	-	18	7	89	2705				
Ward 14	1503	1	-	-	-	-	5	2	1	1513				
Ward 15	2174	7	2	1	-	-	1	6	3	2196				
Ward 16	2145	5	-	-	1	1	6	2	5	2165				

				Sourc	ce of water					
Ward	Regional/local water scheme (operated by a Water Service Authority or provider) 1549 85	Spring	Rain- water tank	Dam / pool / stagnant water	River/ stream	Water vendor	Water tanker	Other	Total	
Ward 17	1549	85	-	4	17	25	3	1	8	1691
Ward 18	1787	378	2	22	8	1	3	41	22	2265
Ward 19	1766	4	20	1	-	-	15	48	16	1871
Ward 20	1224	2	-	-	1	-	1	40	11	1278
Ward 21	1808	852	4	13	5	7	6	223	8	2926
Ward 22	385	598	5	-	3	5	1	106	3	1107
Ward 23	1456	570	4	12	15	4	12	116	16	2205

3.3.3 Distribution of households by type of energy or fuel for lighting per ward

Table 12: Households by type of energy or fuel for lighting¹⁷

Ward			Ener	gy or fuel for light	ing			Total
waru	Electricity	Gas	Paraffin	Candles	Solar	Other	None	Total
Ward 1	1954	1	26	194	4	-	2	2182
Ward 2	1646	4	12	469	35	-	6	2172
Ward 3	1867	4	1	4	6	-	3	1885
Ward 4	1778	-	11	47	5	-	1	1843
Ward 5	1844	-	2	28	1	-	1	1877
Ward 6	1935	4	5	23	1	-	2	1970
Ward 7	2363	1	3	101	1	-	3	2472
Ward 8	1341	-	5	10	1	-	-	1357
Ward 9	2121	-	-	16	6	-	-	2142
Ward 10	2218	-	-	13	2	-	4	2237
Ward 11	2017	3	8	123	8	-	-	2159
Ward 12	1425	-	-	15	1	-	5	1446
Ward 13	2338	6	38	311	11	-	2	2705
Ward 14	1497	-	4	10	1	-	1	1513

¹⁷ Ibid.

Ward		Energy or fuel for lighting										
	Electricity	Gas	Paraffin	Candles	Solar	Other	None	Total				
Ward 15	2127	-	13	52	2	-	1	2196				
Ward 16	2148	2	3	8	2	-	2	2165				
Ward 17	1670	2	-	13	5	-	1	1691				
Ward 18	2146	1	7	104	3	-	3	2265				
Ward 19	1537	1	5	317	9	-	2	1871				
Ward 20	1064	-	23	187	2	-	2	1278				
Ward 21	2562	5	11	336	8	-	3	2926				
Ward 22	951	2	22	126	-	-	5	1107				
Ward 23	2060	2	4	127	9	-	4	2205				

3.3.5 Distribution of households by type of energy or fuel for cooking per ward

Table 13: Households by type of energy or fuel for cooking per ward¹⁸

				Energy or fu	ıel for cook	ting				
Ward	Electricity	Gas	Paraffin	Wood	Coal	Animal dung	Solar	Other	None	Total
Ward 1	1878	25	187	35	8	46	1	2	-	2182
Ward 2	1418	98	56	499	15	80	1	1	4	2172
Ward 3	1771	98	1	4	-	-	4	6	1	1885
Ward 4	1715	23	77	16	3	2	1	-	5	1843
Ward 5	1779	18	67	8	1	1	-	-	3	1877
Ward 6	1893	23	40	6	2	-	4	-	1	1970
Ward 7	2279	36	73	75	-	-	4	1	3	2472
Ward 8	1298	24	24	3	4	-	1	-	1	1357
Ward 9	2038	39	54	6	1	-	1	-	3	2142
Ward 10	2169	21	33	4	4	-	4	-	1	2237
Ward 11	1931	27	153	25	8	3	6	-	6	2159
Ward 12	1373	15	34	1	7	2	7	1	5	1446
Ward 13	2229	49	391	31	1	-	1	-	1	2705

¹⁸ Ibid.

				Energy or fu	uel for cook	king				
Ward	Electricity	Gas	Paraffin	Wood	Coal	Animal dung	Solar	Other	None	Total
Ward 14	1466	18	25	1	1	-	1	-	-	1513
Ward 15	1987	57	132	6	1	-	4	-	8	2196
Ward 16	2050	93	10	1	-	-	4	3	3	2165
Ward 17	1544	124	4	14	-	-	3	-	2	1691
Ward 18	2058	33	97	58	2	-	12	-	5	2265
Ward 19	1491	21	307	40	-	1	9	-	1	1871
Ward 20	1035	17	183	36	3	-	2	-	3	1278
Ward 21	2427	79	149	253	5	2	8	-	1	2926
Ward 22	856	64	116	68	-	-	3	-	-	1107
Ward 23	1908	81	26	177	3	1	5	1	3	2205

3.3.5 Distribution of households by type of energy or fuel for heating per ward

Table 14: Households by type of energy or fuel for heating per ward¹⁹

				Energy or	fuel for hea	ating				
Ward	Electricity	Gas	Paraffin	Wood	Coal	Animal dung	Solar	Other	None	Total
Ward 1	1418	21	126	217	87	103	6	1	202	2182
Ward 2	917	83	28	843	24	85	5	-	187	2172
Ward 3	1531	148	40	13	9	-	7	-	137	1885
Ward 4	1012	36	309	82	47	1	3	-	352	1843
Ward 5	1142	24	206	61	49	2	-	-	393	187
Ward 6	1288	74	332	52	54	1	8	-	161	1970
Ward 7	2221	32	91	105	4	1	1	-	17	247
Ward 8	1268	16	49	7	8	-	1	-	7	135
Ward 9	1319	100	359	16	200	1	5	-	143	214
Ward 10	1664	84	298	24	49	-	2	-	116	223
Ward 11	1204	59	370	141	172	1	4	-	208	215
Ward 12	680	58	415	19	127	4	2	-	142	144
Ward 13	1676	85	414	151	200	-	2	-	176	270
Ward 14	1115	76	237	5	20	1	1	-	57	151

¹⁹ Ibid.

				Energy or	fuel for hea	ating				
Ward	Electricity	Gas	Paraffin	Wood	Coal	Animal dung	Solar	Other	None	Total
Ward 15	839	165	798	29	133	-	4	-	228	2196
Ward 16	1775	157	41	9	3	-	6	-	174	2165
Ward 17	1259	224	37	50	10	2	5	-	103	1691
Ward 18	1568	33	66	219	59	5	7	-	307	2265
Ward 19	904	22	83	383	182	4	2	-	291	1871
Ward 20	806	25	33	244	16	-	2	-	152	1278
Ward 21	1583	69	85	722	34	2	8	-	423	2926
Ward 22	663	29	46	193	12	4	4	1	155	1107
Ward 23	1741	62	20	290	10	1	6	-	76	2205

3.3.6 Households by type of toilet facility Table 15: Households by type of toilet facility²⁰

Ward	Toilet facility								
	Flush toilet (connected to sewerage system)	Flush toilet (with septic tank)	Chemical toilet	Pit latrine with ventilation (VIP)	Pit latrine without ventilation	Bucket latrine	Other	None	Total
Ward 1	1411	10	2	583	19	41	20	97	2182
Ward 2	539	213	5	253	837	68	47	208	2172
Ward 3	1834	12	-	13	-	2	3	20	1885
Ward 4	1673	47	-	71	1	20	27	4	1843
Ward 5	1860	4	1	1	1	1	1	7	1877
Ward 6	1947	5	-	3	1	-	4	9	1970
Ward 7	2248	48	-	27	81	34	16	18	2472
Ward 8	1343	8	3	1	-	-	-	2	1357
Ward 9	2135	-	-	-	-	-	5	3	2142
Ward 10	2220	-	-	-	-	1	3	12	2237
Ward 11	2076	11	-	2	-	25	17	27	2159
Ward 12	1430	5	1	1	1	-	2	6	1446
Ward 13	2465	6	-	9	25	5	47	148	2705

²⁰ Ibid.

107

Ward	Toilet facility								
	Flush toilet (connected to sewerage system)	Flush toilet (with septic tank)	Chemical toilet	Pit latrine with ventilation (VIP)	Pit latrine without ventilation	Bucket latrine	Other	None	Total
Ward 14	1489	7	-	5	-	2	1	8	1513
Ward 15	2182	12	-	-	-	-	2	-	2196
Ward 16	2142	5	-	1	-	2	8	7	2165
Ward 17	1582	29	1	4	64	1	7	3	1691
Ward 18	1812	52	14	130	134	46	63	13	2265
Ward 19	1557	11	-	2	15	242	30	14	1871
Ward 20	974	47	1	95	24	74	4	59	1278
Ward 21	1956	95	8	102	448	112	115	90	2926
Ward 22	644	58	35	72	155	5	52	85	1107
Ward 23	1585	39	17	121	227	58	105	52	2205

3.4 Community and Stakeholder Engagements

During November 2017 and February 2018, ward meetings were held even though they could not cover all the wards as the remaining ones were to be attended during budget roadshows. The objective of the meetings was to inform the community, businesses and stakeholders about the review of the IDP and to gather inputs. The issues and priorities raised were then captured and recorded for each ward as set out below.

3.4.1 Ward Development Needs: Ward 1

Focus Area	Development Needs
Water	Fencing of the dam.Fencing of water treatment plant.
Sanitation	VIP toilets next to JMB school.
Roads and Storm water	Roads are not in good condition.Street of Khoetsa Tavern
	AME church
	 11 next to informal settlement
	617 to old graye yard
	• 89 to 1903
	• 683 to 758
Other	Fencing of the dam.
IDP REVIEW 2018/19	
Focus Area	Develop Needs
Housing	Allocation of sites
Sanitation	Provision of basic services to newly established areas.
Sports facilities	Need to upgrade and develop new sports facilities.
High mast lights	Need to fix and install new high mast lights.

IDP REVIEW 2019/20

Focus Area	Development Needs
Water	 Fencing of the dam near the of new Location Winnie Madikizela Mandela Bulk Water Infrastructure for new location Winnie Madikizela Mandela
Sanitation	flushing toiletsSanitation for Winnie Madikizela Mandela
Roads and Storm water	Street need to be gravel
Electricity	Electrification of ward 1
Housing	Erf for crèches RDP House (MR George Young)
High mast lights	Additional High Mast lights

IDP REVIEW 2020/21

Focus Area	Development Needs
Roads & Stormwater	Maintenance of roads and street in ward
Sewerage	 Maintenance of sewer network to curb spillages
LED	 Employment at projects be communicated with the community Youth unemployment
Housing	Need for sites – 1031 Mr Manabe

3.4.2 Ward Development Needs: Ward 2

Focus Area	Development Needs
Electricity	Street lights be maintained regularly
Sanitation	VIP toilets needs to be maintained in our farm areas
	VIP toilets needed at Dorothea farm
Roads and Storm water	Urgent need for pavement next to Graveyard
	Sidewalks paving (Van Riebeeck Street) from town to location
	Paving at Bennett Adam, Vilonel and Steyn Streets
	All streets be gravelled continously
Recreation and Sport	Soccer field be maintained
	Farm dwellers needs descent houses and electricity especially Jaskraal, Riverside, Cherboss, Dorothea and Makhetha
Other	Bulk infrastructure on areas/sides they don't have
IDP REVIEW 2018/19	
Focus Area	Development Needs
Housing	Need for sites.
Local Economic Development	Creation of employment for youth.
Roads and Storm Water.	Mphefela sections roads need to paved and storm water installed.

	Road signs and markings be made.
High mast lights	High mast lights needs to be installed at new sections and maintained.
Access to internet.	Uncapped internet at the library to be installed.

Focus Area	Development Needs
Electricity	Fixing of Electricity connection and Solar guessers and toilets
Roads and Storm water	Paving of NG KERK
	Storm Water drainage
	Paving of Steynrus Hall
Other	Bulk infrastructure on areas/sides they don't have
Housing	Renovation of Steynrus Hall

IDP REVIEW 2020/21

Focus Area	Development Needs
Roads & Stormwater	 Need streets to be paved
Further inputs on the IDP Review to be forwarded to the office of the Speaker	

3.4.3 Ward Development Needs: Ward 3

Focus Area	Development Needs	
Sanitation	Municipality to empty pit toilets.	
Electricity	High mast lights	
Refuse Removal	 Request wheelie dust bins to be provided, the cost can be included in the utility bills; municipal employees of cleansing do not take all the rubbish bags instead they open the plastic bags and leave them as is 	
Roads and Storm water	 To consider overhead bridge between Kroonstad High and Afrikaans Hoër school; Cleaning of subway; Potholes need to be fixed and tires get damaged; Sewer problem: Spilling and overflowing in several streets; List of roads that needs to be repair; Repair of roads Kemsley str,Fourie,Klomp str,Benvisstr,very bad and damageTarr Roads please. Speed humps,Checkers crossing 4 way stop 	

Focus Area	Development Needs		
Recreation and Sport	Restoration of current play grounds;		
	Grass to be cut in open spaces - list attached;		
	Procedure of cutting trees inside and outside erven;		
	Multi purpose centre near kreiksingel and checkers		
	Near Mervis str,and Volsschensingel ,near Klomp str,near		
	Dykmanstr,next to Voortwaarts school		
Other	A multi-purpose Centre to be established;		
	Call Centre not answering when community calls;		
	Need jobs in order to pay our services;		
	old age home to be build		
	Needs relating to other spheres of government		
Safety and Security	Police patrol is needed		
IDP REVIEW 2018/19			

Focus Area	Development Needs	
Roads and Storm water	 Repairs of roads in Kemsley street, Fouries street, Klomp street and Ben Mervis street Cleaning of subway in Du Toit street Speed Humps near Checkers crossing four ways 	
Recreation and Sport	Multi Sports Centres: a. Near Kriesksingel and Checkers	
	b. Near Ben Mervis Street and Volschenksingel c. Next to Klomp Street	
	d. Next to Dykman Street e. Next to Voorwaarts School	
Other	Overhead Bridge between Northway and Kroonheuwel School	
	Needs relating to other spheres of government	
Safety and Security	Traffic Robot for School Pedestrians	

IDP REVIEW 2020/21

Focus Area	Development Needs
Roads & Stormwater	 Britz Street towards Dawid Malan small holdings be repaired/reconstructed Viljoenskroon and Steynsrus roads need to be repaired/reconstructed All roads in Ward 3 need to be maintained for access by emergency vehicles
Electricity	Solar street lights at all entrance and exit points
Traffic	 Road signage be improved to curb unnecessary road accidents Illegal dumping be issued with fines
Sports & Recreation	 Morewag swimming pool be refurbished and improved Kroonpark swimming pool roof needs to be repaired Need soccer field Outdoor gym Playpark with swings Cycling team sponsor and support
Safety and Security	 Support installation of cameras at all entrances to Kroonstad to curb crime Empty houses with overgrown grass are a safety risk Homeless people be provided with safety by housing them somewhere
LED	Recycling business be formalised by providing proper place to operate from.

3.4.4 Ward Development Needs: Ward 4

Focus Area	Development Needs
Electricity	High mast lights;
	 Electricity meter boxes problem - watts has been decreased;
	Geysers are not working,
Roads and Storm water	 Paving of road x3; when rain - houses are flooded;
	 Need street to be graded and soil be put on the street;
	 Passages flooded when it rains;

Focus Area	Development Needs
Recreation and Sport	 Yard is flooded when it rains x3; Big potholes in roads - cars are struggling to pass some of the roads. Paving from 16352 to 16084,16293 to 16352,16084 to 16067,15699 to 16067.15699 to 15680,15626 to 15667,15888 to 15843,16321 to 16041. Gravel for 16042 to 15470,16197 t o16219,16153 to 16269,1631 to163, 15300 to 15275,15460 to 15135,15038 to 15667 grater. All street must be grated Open space next to 15402 can be used as a park; trees next to Diteneng be removed
	needs sports ground/stadium in this ward;
Other	 RDP houses not in good condition; need sites; needs community hall, municipality should employ a contractor that will teach youth in this ward some skills; Koekoe Village is neglected/rejected. Municipality should communicate with Ahanang Soup Kitchen so that it can assist youth of this ward with skills and meet to draw up a plan; 15271- house has roofing problem; some people did not get their title deeds; when it rains, yard get flooded - affected the house foundation;
	Needs relating to other spheres of government
Health	 Need another clinic: - Bophelong clinic is too small for the whole Koekoe Village; Need mobile clinic in the ward
Safety and Security	Police station is needed
Education	Need more primary schools in ward;Need library.
IDP REVIEW 2018/19 Focus Area	Development Needs
	Streets to be paved in Koekoe Village: 16352 -16121 16335 - 16322 15868 - 15868 16528 - 16293 15760 - 16072 15699 - 15608 15602 - 15564 15626 - `15466 15107 - 15169

Focus Area	Development Needs
Electricity	 Changing of electric meteres for RDP Houses Maintenance of High Mast Lights
Roads and Storm water	Paving of Streets
Other	 Request a Police Station near Lesedi Clinic in Koekoe Village and Request for Paving in Koekoe Village Electrification of Plot next to Mr Sebokgodi. Request for Maintenance of Roads in Koekoe Village
	Needs relating to other spheres of government
Health	Need for Mobile Clinic
Safety and Security	Police station is needed

IDP REVIEW 2020/21

Focus Area	Development Needs
Roads & Stormwater	 15241 – street needs paving 16717 – street needs paving
Electricity	 Blocking electricity for credit control needs to be discussed with affected community Maintenance of electricity network and safety improvements
Housing	 Need for sites – 16030, 15007, 16062, 15215, Madipanana
Education	Need for school to ensure access to education
Health & Safety	Mobile Clinic and Police Station for the ward

3.4.5 Ward Development Needs: Ward 5

Focus Area	Development Needs
Water	water flow in streets
Sanitation	Sewage blocks;
Roads and Storm water	 Storm water drainage x3; Paving of streets x3; Padding of streets; Mini bridge over storm water should be built, the area is used by kids; Gravel soil be use to fill streets especially when it rains; Houses flooded when it rains
Recreation and Sport	 Community Hall for ward especially to be used for funerals, weddings etc.; Park is needed for children; grass and bushes to be removed in open spaces - dangerous snakes;
Other	 2 schools are needed in this ward; Not the first time we have this type of meeting, please don't lose our inputs again; Fast track the issue of land to the community; Building of RDP houses; How long does it take to complete projects - project needed to create employment for local youth;
	Not happy with the way the councillor is hiring people for projects in this area; was found with last project that some people who were on the list were removed and replaced with people form Senzela.
	Like to meet with the councillor - have Trust that has job opportunities
	Needs relating to other spheres of government
Health	New, bigger clinic;
Safety and Security	Children get raped - safe places is needed; police station is needed - woman get raped and family members killed
IDP REVIEW 2018/19	
Focus Area	Developmental Needs
Disaster Management	House No. 14883, 13039 and 14706 needs disaster management intervention.
Roads and Storm Water	Bridge and channelling at vlei area to be completed.
	15169 paving from Tshitso's plot.

Focus Area	Development Needs	
Local Economic Development	Projects be undertaken to alleviate unemployment.	
Skills Development	Encourage and provide skills to youth through learnerships.	
Sports and Recreation	Need for sports facilities and recreation park.	
Needs relating to other spheres of Government.		
Crime	Need for mobile police station in Koekoe Village	
Health Care	Clinic is very small and shortage of staff.	

Focus Area	Development Needs
Water	water flow in streets
Sanitation	Fixing of Sewage spillage in Koekoe Village
Roads and Storm water	 Need of storm water drainage in near house number 13599 ,13136 and 14922 Koekoe Village
Recreation and Sport	 Community Hall for ward especially to be used for funerals, weddings etc.; Park is needed for children; grass and bushes to be removed in open spaces - dangerous snakes;
Other	 Building of Primary Schools in Koekoe Village Building of a Bridge Finishing of Building near Sports Grounds Informal settlement should be identified for people in Kroonstad
Electricity	Maintenance of High mast lights in the ward
	Like to meet with the councillor - have Trust that has job opportunities
Needs	s relating to other spheres of government
Health	New Clinic in Koekoe Village
	Plans to Extend Bophelong Clinic-

Focus Area	Development Needs
Safety and Security	Children get raped - safe places is needed; police station is needed - woman get raped and family members killed
Focus Area	Developmental Needs
Disaster Management	Mr Morena 14037 lives in a rented shack and the landlord does not take care of the property e.g toilet that is leaking water
Roads, Storm Water and Electricity	Mr Mping Kokozela 13618 indicated that he is sick and tired of living in rented spaces, he has been renting for years and the current place he stays has no electricity or running water
Local Economic Development	Youth involvement in the Installation of the Top Set Boxes in the area

3.4.6 Ward Development Needs: Ward 6

Focus Area	Development Needs
Water	Water meter reading to be taken physically rather than estimation.
Electricity	Plan to be implemented to recharge electricity as recharging was done on electrical pole. Electricity personnel have tendency of refusing help if token is for R10;
Refuse Removal	Pleaded to community to stop dumping on empty spaces
Roads and Storm water	Paving x 4; bridges for children x 2; general upgrading of internal streets; street humps; installing storm drainage system
Recreation and Sport	Cutting of grass near houses x 2

Focus Area	Development Needs
Other	 The municipality should make proper announcements at all times about interruptions on service delivery e.g. water; Projects to benefit people who raised concerns e.g. paving need to be done contractor to employ ward people as employees refers people to councillor for project employment; Person needs a place to stay, he has cleaned 3 unoccupied sites but was kicked out on all three of them; Establishment of street committees to assist orphans within the ward; Open spaces could be considered for sites allocation as they pose a threat to community safety; requested a multipurpose sport centre for ward
	Needs relating to other spheres of government
Health	Clinic to be expanded as the current one can no longer carry the community;
Safety and Security	Fully functional police station; small bridges to be built for school children safety; during rainy season it is unsafe for children as streets are flooded
Education	Another primary school and high school and library could be build;

Focus Area	Development Needs	
Roads	The following streets need paving:	
	Matube Street (16664-16703),14098 -11376, 10660-11020)	
	11170-11246	
	Street 10526.	
	Bridge next to Petty's Tarven and BP Garage.	
	Bridge between Koekoe Village and Constatia.	
	Bridge next to Maokeng school.	
	Paving and Storm water channel from 10660 to 10857,14036 to 14098.	
	Paving and storm water from St John Block,16660 to 16703	
	Lechalabe tavern block, Garden inn's tarvern Block 10626 to 10463	
Needs relating to other spheres of government		
Health Care	Need for another clinic.	
Education	Primary School needed.	

Focus Area	Development Needs
Crime	Police Station in Koekoe Village.

nother clinic in Koekoe Village.
hool needed.
ce Station
an old lady is in need to housing as her house was damaged by natural disaster in the previous year, she cannot afford to pay rent for a shack she staying in; and is a need for Sites allocation in Koekoe Village

IDP REVIEW 2020/21

Focus Area	Development Needs
Roads & Stormwater	 Need pedestrian bridge next to Maokeng School Build proper stormwater drainage system Road next to Maokeng School needs to be reconstructed Flooding needs to be controlled by proper stormwater channels
Electricity	 Blocking of electricity as a credit control measure needs to be looked into Highmast light next to Lechalaba Tavern
LED	Youth unemployment needs urgent attention as others are using drugs next to Nkemisi Funeral Parlour.

Focus Area	Development Needs
Sewerage	 Proper maintenance of sewerage network and closing of manholes after working on them.
Housing	Sites for housing
Parks & Recreation	Open spaces turned into dumping sites

3.4.7 Ward Development Needs: Ward 7

Focus Area	Development Needs
Water	Overflow with water
Sanitation	Sewage leaks in street;
	Main holes blocked;
	Sewerage block;
	 Sewage pipes be upgraded to bigger pipes,
	Public must be made aware not to throw in diapers, plastic, etc.;
Electricity	High mast lights x4;
	meter no not showing on electric box
Refuse Removal	Refuse removal only in certain areas;
	we see graders only with funerals
Roads and Storm water	Roads to be fixed;
	Storm water drainage x3;
	 Paving of streets x3, also joining streets;
	Speed hump in main street/streets x 3;
	Roads are filled with large rocks;
	Crusher is needed for passages;
	Bridge at low laying area - when it rained no one can use street - very
	unsafe to children;
Recreation and Sport	 Nyakallong needs to be upgraded and fenced, unsafe at night;
	Nyakallong be given to the youth as it is not attracting any resident or
	tourist in Moqhaka;
	 tractors to cut and remove the grass;
	• grass be cutted in open spaces x3;
	 passages need to be cleaned;
	parks to be built for children;
	• can library be used as information centre for youth; youth centre x 2;
	Wi-Fi facility
Other	Business sites need to be developed;
	bursaries for children;
	youth unemployed;
	 opportunities for youth empowerment;
	 neighbour built a wall - water cannot pass through;
	 NYDA and SEDA to come and have seminars for youth;
	 employment opportunities should be placed on the notice board;
	projects for youth - work opportunities

Focus Area	Development Needs
	 Procedure to be followed to apply for an RDP house - government pour soil in the yard and left. When enquired from Bloemfontein they were told that there was an RDP house built when in fact no house were built Have applied for houses since 2006 still no answer
Ī	Needs relating to other spheres of government
Health	Bigger clinic needed x2
Safety and Security	 Satellite police station in Troubou; Grass in open spaces - security threat; Police station needed
IDP REVIEW 2018/19	
Focus Area	Development Need.
Roads	 Upgrading of road between Mike's shop and Bester. Upgrading of road next to Tau's shop. Upgrading of road from House No. 2531 and storm water drainage. Upgrading of road from Kris school. 2421 be paving to 2464 and also 2282 to 2313 2682 Paving. 517-553 Petros lenkwane,614-554 Francis Koekoe. 12548 to 12493,123999 to 12451,12783 to 12991,12858 to 12784,12750 to 12990 to 13459 to 13507,662 to 710,710 to 732,2643 to 2587,2531 to 2335. Bridge be constructed between the road leading to Nyakallong Resort and Bester area. Streets 2384 and 2531 be provide with Storm water drainage.
Access	Passage next to House No. 2426.
Electricity	High mast lights at crime hot spots.
Local Economic Development	Youth unemployment very high in Ward 7.
1	Needs relating to other spheres of government
Crime	Request for 24 hour Police Station at Trou Bou. Dinoheng Graveyard be fenced to stop vandalisation of tombstones.

Focus Area	Development Needs
Roads & Stormwater	 Speed bumps next to: 12677, 12724 and ZCC Koekoe Village Overhead pedestrian bridge Bester Road should be maintained Maintenance of all roads in the ward
Sewerage	12919, 12724 upgrading of the sewer network
Housing	12919 requested sites for housingTitle deeds
Information	Report back meeting be held quarterly to give feedback on IDP
Sport and Recreation	Upgrading of Nyakallong Resort to include Indoor Sports Centre.

3.4.8 Ward Development Needs: Ward 8

Focus Area	Development Needs
Water	Water coming inside the house when it rains Underground water from 7536 to 7716 Contantia be channelled to vlei area.
Electricity	Electricity poles have fallen down, street lights needed,
Roads and Storm water	 Vlei area is a problem when it is raining, Need bridge to be built; Sewerage spilling; Paving needed x5; streets not in good condition; speed humps x3 needed; Channel storm water drainage Bridge and road from 7312 to 7342 Constantia
Recreation and Sport	Open spaces need to be cleaned
Other	 Employment problem - the councillor must attend to it; Shopping Centre to be reopened; Dilapidated houses be demolished;
IDP REVIEW 2018/19	
Roads and Storm Water	 Mahabane Street needs paving. Paving with speed humps to Hall up to the ZCC church. Bridge between BP Garage and Pitso Street.

Focus Area	Development Needs	
	 Bridge and Storm Water drainage behind shopping centre needs to be upgraded. Paving from 7027 to 7493,7116 to 7082.7717 to 7476,7716 to 7466,7342 to 7390,7004 to 6989,7435 to 963. Gravel for 5836,7722,7001,7021,7716,7351 to 7390 	
Electricity	High mast lights to be repaired and maintained next to the shopping centre.	

Focus Area	Development Needs
Electricity	 Keakgile 6390C Request street lights and maintenance Paving for House number 7183-7386 and electric pole
Roads and Storm water	 Paving in Kgaticoe and Matseki streets Channel storm water drainage Upgrading of road next to Nyakallong Upgrading of road between Reaitumela and Roman Catholic school 7026-7492 Request upgrading of road between 5829C-7310 Constantia Request upgrading of roads storm water Upgrading of Roads Request upgrading of road next to Lepatso Request paving at Setiloane Str and street lights not working Request paving between Ward 8 and Ward 9
Recreation and Sport	Open spaces need to be cleaned
Other	 Constantia Shopping Complex to be upgraded Request of upgrading of Seeisoville Hall and Shopping Centre
Roads and Storm Water Electricity	 Mahabane Street needs paving. Water drainage Sewerage pump station High mast lights to be repaired and maintained next to the shopping centre.

Focus Area	Development Needs
Roads & Stormwater	Moeketsi Street and others in the ward needs to be paved

Focus Area	Development Needs
Sewerage	 Leaking and blocked sewerage network is a serious challenge in the ward and needs urgent attention.
Electricity	 Maintenance of electricity infrastructure be prioritized as it can be a danger to the community. Solar geyser project needs to be brought back to benefit all residents.
LED	 Shopping complex in the ward be reopened to investors. Unemployment is a serious matter more especially amongst young people.
Parks	Open public spaces be kept clean.

3.4.9 Ward Development Needs: Ward 9

Focus area	Development needs
Water	water stop cock leaking;
Sanitation	Sewerage blockage
Electricity	 High master light; Street lights; Solar geyser is malfunctioning; Electrical cables lying uncovered in some streets; Requesting Apollo light to be installed x 3; Electrical poles are not steady; Electrical boxes to be covered accordingly
Refuse Removal	Streets to be cleaned properly;
Roads and Storm water	 General upgrading of streets; street paving x 5; Water running; Cement water guides; Storm water drainage system to be installed x 2; Main hole needs cover; big hole in Ntsala Street; water pipes above surface; Mahabane Street paving, Tempi Street Connector roads that need paving tsiustr, Rampobastr, Malokastr, Tlhogostr, Motaungstr, Moleletsistr, Khalanestr, Motloungstr, Ntasestr, Sesengstr, Molelekistr, Monarestr, Mpousrt, Sebolaostr. Gelukwaarts: Roman Catholic Church Area Sidney Motumistr, Simon Lenongstr, Ramolahlehistr SIPHO Koekoe Area Patrick matangstr, Ramasimong str

Focus area	Development needs
Recreation	 Cut grass and trees regularly in open spaces x2;
and Sport	 Requested multipurpose sport centre for the ward
and Sport	Requested manaparpose sport centre for the ward
Other	Presentation/IDP report 2016-2017 was an insult because it did not cover their previous inputs; The state of the sta
	Two roomed houses to be replaced by RDP; Wanted to brow the common content of house evaluation.
	 Wanted to know the commencement of house evaluation; Closed firms to be taken over by local government to provide jobs to unemployed; ward
	coordinators should embark on door to door visit to witness problems encountered by residents;
	Some houses were demolished and no progress up to so far;
	Eskom to take over the electrical supply and hire local residents;
	Allocation of sites to be expedited;
	Needs relating to other spheres of government
Safety and	Streets are dark and pose security threat, request routine police patrol; police station must
Security	be erected; incidents of robbery and theft occurring more often; re-opening of Moakeng
	Police Station.
IDP REVIEW 2	018/19
Roads and	Paving in the following streets:
Storm Water	House Numbers 30-98
	House Numbers 326 corner house.
	House Numbers 1 – 17
	House Numbers 68 – 137
	House Numbers 148 -191
	From Reaitumela School to Dr. Hlahance Surgery.
	Ethopian Church to Dr. Hlahane Surgery
	Maintenance of roads and patching of potholes.
Sports and	Needs for sports grounds and parks.
Recreation	
Electricity	High mast light next to Maseko's shop.

Focus Area	Development Needs
Roads & Stormwater	 Speed bumps from Phomolong to Ntha School should be reconstructed. Tsiu Street: 8266 to 8292 Tlhogo Street: From shops to 3982 Rampoba Street: 3943 to 3956 Maloka Street: 3776 to 3792 Sebolao Street: 3924 to 4006 Moeletsi Street: 4055 to 4096

Focus Area	Development Needs
	 Ntase Street: 6357 to 6146, 6446 to 6466 Mofloung Street: 4224 to 4259 Seseng Street: Two rooms to 4294 Manyanye Street: 4156 to 4222 Monare Street: 5941 to 5965 Tempi Street: 5909 to the end Motaung Street: 4008 to 4053 Mpou Street: The entire Street Moleleki Street: 6158 to the end Motsapole Street: The entire Street
	 Gelukwaarts Sidney Motumi Street Simon Lenong Street Ramolahlehi Street 8521 to 5833 (high priority) 30 to 98 (high priority) 137 to 144 (high priority) Pedestrian bridge near house 98
	Passages that need G5 gravel
Sewerage	 Leaking sewerage network throughout the entire ward 9 Backfilling of trenches after doing repairs Sewerage pump station next to Sipho Koekoe turned into dumping site, needs to be repaired.
Water	 Need for a water pumpstation to ensure consistent supply Dirty water needs urgent attention
Electricity	 Collection strategy using blocking of prepaid meters need to be discussed with the community Misuse and stealing of electricity should be looked into

Focus Area	Development Needs
	High Mast light next to library
Housing	Sites next to Boitumelo Hospital must be developed and issued out
Information Sharing	 Councillors and officials must be readily available to provide information on municipal services

3.4.10 Ward Development Needs: Ward 10

Focus Area	Development Needs
Sanitation	Sewer plant smell to be eradicated
Electricity	High mast lights between Relebohile and Brentpark.
	Be fixed.
	Install electric boxes at various households.
	Street lights to be installed.
Refuse Removal	Dumping site between Relebohile and LTA to be moved.
Roads and Storm water	Road towards industrial site (main connector road to be paved.
	Road between Church and Brentpark to be upgraded
	Roads between Relebohile and Brentpark be fixed.
	Road outside the location be paved.
	Road towards the old grave yard be upgraded.
	Storm water to be installed near Church
	Speed humps near Kopele.
Recreation and Sport	Hall to be built next to Pitso.
	Sport Centre be built in Ward 10.
	Swimming pool at to be constructed.
Other	Open space towards the 12's be graded
	Cutting of weeds
	Corporate Business be established for people who are doing recycling.

Focus Area	Development Needs	
	Fencing of municipal offices.	
	Library and Creche	
Needs relating to other spheres of government		
Safety and Security	Police Station to be built in ward 10.	
IDP REVIEW 2018/19		
Focus Area	Development Needs.	
Sanitation	 Sewerage plant must be upgraded Collapsed sewerage pipeline needs upgrading at the following houses- 5649, 5617, 8089, 5740, 12252. 	
Electricity	 All street lights in ward 10 need maximum maintenance Replacement of damaged electricity meter boxes in all areas of ward 10 Solar geyser to houses that have not been installed with solar geysers 	
Refuse Removal	Closure and relocation of main fill site in between Relebohile and LTA. Burning refuse gas is a health hazard to the community.	
Storm Water	Seroto and Tang street need upgrading of Storm Water.	
Roads	 Khahliso road to be upgraded Messi Street to be upgraded Ngonela Street to be upgraded Road between Relebohile and Brentpark to be upgraded Road towards the old graveyard between land fill site Brentpark stadiummust be upgraded Road from Anglican church to Brentpark be upgraded Pitching of potholes in all tarred roads in ward 10 	
Recreation and Sports	Building of Multipurpose Centre or Open Gym or Parkat the open space next to Relebohile Ground	
Others	 Maintenance and cleaning of all buffer areas Bulk infrastructure for 500 stands between Relebohile and Brentpark All sport grounds must be constantly maintained Maintenance of all gravel roads in ward 10 	
Other spheres of Government	Building of police station in Kgahliso	

Focus Area	Development Needs

Focus Area	Development Needs
Electricity	5677 C-Request new electric box
	5474 C Goliath-request new meter box
	5677 C-Request new electric box
	5468 C-Request vendor machine
	Mahlatsi Request to volunteer to those who temperd the electricity
House	5672 C Request sites
Water	5734 C-Motsoeneng-There is a water leakage in the yard

IDP Review 2020/21

Focus Area	Development Needs
Roads & Stormwater	 Paving of Sesele Street Grading of streets in ward 10 Provide stormwater drainage where needed Vlei area between Relebohile and LTA
Refuse Removal	Relocate the Landfill SiteStop illegal dumping
Education	 Upgrading of Relebohile School Need for Pre-School at Primary
Electricity	High Mast light next to 12274
Cemeteries	Maintenance of Boikgosong Cemetery

3.4.11 Ward Development Needs: Ward 11

Focus Area	Development Needs
Water	Resolve water problems at Phomolong

Focus Area	Development Needs
Electricity	Street lights
Roads and Storm water	 Speed humps required where 18A starts till Mr Kabokwane. It's a busy route that has no speed humps or speed breakers. Storm water problem from Mr. Leeuw to Kananelo Secondary School. Storm water channels. Paving Porogo str, Motlhabanestr, Seeco street, Robert sello Leeuw str, down to kananelo, Dingalo strmain road of post office, Makhetha str, Masimong str, Skelestr
Recreation and Sport	 Sports facility required as the existing one has become a white elephant. Revival of Maokeng CBD and Phomolong shopping complex.
Other	 Shopping complex with paving (CBD) Job creation Housing needs for Phomolong, Marabastad and plots. Need for stands Solar geysers for RDP houses Cleaning of grave yard. Needs relating to other spheres of government
Safety and Security	Establish Policing Forum

Focus Area	Development Needs
Housing	 Demarcation between erven in Marabastad needs to be addressed. People on RDP waiting list be prioritised for houses. Conversion of hostel into family units be speeded up as people live under toxic asbestos waste.
Roads and Stormwater	 Streets and roads must be maintained. Speed humps must be built where needed. Ward 13 needs a storm water drainage. Roads that carries a lot of water during rainy season must be prioritised for storm water drainage.
Local Economic Development	Establishment of multipurpose centre in Seeisoville. Multipurpose centre to work with tourism centre to address youth unemployment.
Sports and Recreation	Sports grounds be established in every neighbourhood for access to kids and sports fanatics.

IDP REVIEW 2019/20

Focus Area	Development Needs
Housing	 RDP housing allocation The Elderly Should be prioritised for RDP Allocation Need for RDP Houses in Marabastad indicated by Mr kopane 10 Avenue Stand Allocation for Mr Petrus in 12 avenue as he was evicted by attorneys at the previous stand.
Roads and Stormwater	Streets and roads must be maintained.
	Speed humps must be built where needed.Extension 9 needs a storm water drainage.

Focus Area	Development Needs
	Roads that carries a lot of water during rainy season must be prioritised for storm water drainage.
Clinic	New Clinic
Other	 Information Center Need for Public Hall

Focus Area	Development Needs
Roads & Stormwater	 Street to Nampi be paved Street from Methodist Church to cemetery be paved Road to Moepeng School be paved
Water	 Provision of water to Phomolong needs attention Water meters not functioning
Electricity	 Highmast in Nampi's street 3411 – street lights needed 1803 – Electricity boxes removed, should be returned
Housing	 1668 – Need a house 15the Ave RDP house to be rebuild 2092 – housing need 1882 – need a house 1803 – need a house Mrs Maqkibe need a site
Cemeteries	Maintenance of Pitso Cemetery Marabastad /Brentpark
Communication	Call Centre officials should address the community with respect

3.4.12 Ward Development Needs: Ward 12

Focus Area	Development Needs
Sanitation	Toilets are needed outside the houses x3

Focus Area	Development Needs
Electricity	Problem with electricity box (3105 Porogo Str), problem with electricity boxes x7, they punch coupon at pole; high mast lights x 5
Roads and Stormwater	Porogo street paved; Connecting roads between Lebina and Kananelo be paved; Sekele Street be paved; Mohlabane Street be paved; Makgetha Street be paved; Malate street next to Thusanong Clinic Street be paved; There are rocks in that street Mohlabane so it is not easily for thr cars to go
Recreation and Sport	RDP Houses; tractor to come and cut bushes;
Other	Applied for RDP houses in 2006, until date no reply x 3; lost grave number, we need to erect a tombstone, till date municipality couldn't assist us; Veterans were allocated houses in 1957 to 1958, houses are now dilapidated and thefore needs to be rebuilt.
IDP REVIEW 2018/19	I
Focus Area	Development Needs
Sanitation	Access to sewerage at all households, therefore no need for outside toilets.
Parks and Recreation	Park next to Phomolong School.
Roads and Streets	Masimong and Seeko streets need to be paved and be provided with proper water channeling.
Area lighting	Highmast lights next Boiteko Primary School and Masimong Street.

Focus Area	Development Needs
Roads & Stormwater	 Paving and speed bumps in Porogu Street Phomolong School street (7th ave) be paved Connector road (Moruti Sebabole & Mr Pule) be paved

Focus Area	Development Needs
	 Road to Stilfontein Cemetery be constructed Need speed bumps in Damane Street and others. Lebina and Robert Sello connecting streets be paved.
Water	Water supply system must be upgraded to be consistent and minimize disruptions Water meters be provided in ward 12
Electricity	Blocking of electricity as a debt collection measure be relooked into
Housing	2133 – Need RDP house 2915 – RDP house 3499 – Need site Houses destroyed by the storm need urgent attention
Information / Communication	Officials and Councillors must attend community meetings to help each other with information for the community
Finance	Indigence Policy must be reviewed to accommodate tenants

3.4.13. Ward Development Needs: Ward 13

Focus Area	Development Needs
Sanitation	Upgrading of ablution blocks at cemetery.
Roads and Storm water	 Upgrading of the following streets: Lawrence street. Colbert street Canon street David Curry street 11th Avenue.
Recreation and Sport	Multipurpose sports ground or facilitiesUpgrading of Community Hall
Other	Fencing of CemeteryNeed for stands.Housing.

	Development Needs
DP REVIEW 2018/19	
Sports and Recreation	 Multipurpose hall and artificial soccer field in Marabastad and Brentpark Netball courts in Brentpark stadium
Roads and stormwater	Paving of roads
Housing	Refurbishment of Seeisoville hostel
DP REVIEW 2019/20	
Electricity	Eskom connection of electricityMain Transformer
Roads and storm water	 Storm water drainage Upgrading of road between Brentpark and Anglican Church Street Maintenance Paving in the 11 avenue next to the Slaughter House Paving in cannon street to fisher street and Hardy street Request for sewerage and water pipes in 11th Avenue Water, sewerage and pump station Speed Humps Fisher street and Keeling Paving on street Van der Ross and Fisher Street Paving on Seeisoville Stadium
Other	 Upgrading block at Brentpark cemetery. Upgrading Brentpark Hall Request skills Audit for Brentpark Commissioner Jafta: Request free land Request for ABET school Satelite Police Station Public Gym Children Parks Request for Agriculture Equipment for 22 Brand Street Alternative cemetery Request for Colbert Street Multipurpose Sports Fencing of graveyard in Kennings Street Stadium Request Parks and mini Post Office Apolo Light next to the Stadium.
Education	Renovation of Boiteko School
Housing	Request for Sites allocation Relebohile location and Brentpark

Focus Area	Development Needs
	request infrastructure RDP net to Sewen De Laan

Focus Area	Development Need
Electricity	Need for Street lights and high mast light at Sewen de Laan.
Roads and Storm water	Need for new pipe lines for storm water drainage
	Upgrading of road,number 8 Kok street at Sewn de Laan next to Anglican Church. Clara –corner of Krelling street be upgraded. Malgas street be upgraded. Ditiro 28553 Kgahlioso requested paving in entrance of tang street. Request upgrade of street Hemre ,Buffel and Gedult Street. Nicodemus 33 Daniel Street request paving.
Cemetery	Upgrading of ablution facility at the cemetery. Urgent consideration of a new graveyard.
Houses	Community request RDP Houses
Safety and security	Request police station
Social Services	Request Post Office. Request a new grave yard. Request library
Refuse Removal	Relocating of land fill site.
Sports and Recreation	Outdoor gym be established at an open space near Khahliso Moeketsi.

3.4.14 Ward Development Needs: Ward 14

Focus Area	Development Needs
Water	 Taps and pipes not working - we get problem when we report; Water meter problem; Water meters always full of water; People close holes that drain water from their yards - was reported at municipality's building survey section;

Focus Area	Development Needs
Sanitation	Animals are roaming around and they enter people's yards;
	Sewer problem at windmill area;
	Sewer blockage to be fixed;
Electricity	Electricity is always blocked because of services,
	Bill that is too huge - tried to report but the problem still is not solved; Street lights not solved;
	Street lights not working x2;High mast lights not working;
	 High mast lights not working; Electricity cables are exposed;
Roads and Storm water	 Streets need to be maintained; all problematic roads must be identified;
Roads and Storm water	 Jan Mohlasane Street is not good condition.
	Water from the hills comes done to the street and it digs the street and
	stones come out and cars and people struggle to pass there when it rains;
	Paving of streets must be prioritize - paved; roads not in good condition
	and cars fell in the mud and when it rains the cement from the paving
	goes to one side of the road;
	• 1401 to 1419 Paving,1438 to 1472,1530 to 1592,1593 to 1645,1835 to
	1873,2163 to 2188, 1172 to 1201,1245 to 1276, 999 to 1017 nkuna
Dogwootion and Chart	street situated in block 3 that runs through u shape form.
Recreation and Sport	Sport facilities are needed;Long grass in passages needs to be cut;
	 Some passages need to be closed - security risk;
	 Long grass between fence of the school and fence of houses.
	 Open spaces need to be cleaned;
	Vlei area must be cleaned
Other	What we asked for the past 15 years did not happen. We are here again
	and expected to make inputs again.
	 Owners of Khayalethu houses have not received their title deeds yet; Sites needed;
	 Sites needed; People have not yet received their title deeds x2;
	 Houses are cracking because of clay soil
	 Animals are roaming around and they enter people's yards;
	Indigent's registration procedure, how does it work?
	What is the procedure to be followed when we need services such as
	electricity and water to be installed on a business site?
	• Registered for house in 2006 x3 - no response yet;
	Municipality must report when electricity or water will be cut to allow
	public to plan for the events;
	High rate of unemployment in this ward, need to know the criteria for muleyment especially in the municipality and projects done in the word.
	 employment especially in the municipality and projects done in the ward; Projects area not a permanent job, can municipality provide people with
	permanent jobs? Are these projects on the IDP document done by the
	municipality or province?
	There are no projects done for ward 14 in this document;
	How long does municipality take back sites when they are not upgraded?
	What's the criteria to allocate RDP houses;
	• Youth unemployment issue x4,
	Ward councillor to take all the names of unemployed youth and assist
	them were he can;
	Buffer zone needs to cleaned; Trouben issue must be placed nearly sen't service the support to service.
	Troubou issue must be closed; people can't say what they want to say in the meetings because they are afraid to be targeted.
	 the meetings because they are afraid to be targeted; There is a need for ad-hoc committee to assist on IDP processes.
	 There is a need for ad-noc committee to assist on IDP processes. Ward 14 forum must be attended;
	• Waru It for all linust be attenued,

Focus Area	Development Needs
	Are RDP houses for Troubou people only?
	The Not houses for froutou people only.
	Houses in Troubou are very old.
ŗ	Needs relating to other spheres of government
Safety and Security	Crime is increasing, Troubou police station to be opened
IDP REVIEW 2018/19	
Focus Area	Development Needs
Doods and Charm Water	Daving
Roads and Storm Water	Paving:
	Lesedi Clinic street.
	Nyakallong Resort street.
	Street next to Tau's shop.
	Streets in Selection Park.
	House number 1848 in Gelukwaarts
	Maintenance of Roads and Streets
Sports and Recreation	Upgrading of Nyakallong Resort.
	Development of Parks and planting of trees.
Water	Quality of water to be upgraded to Blue Drop.
Local Economic Development.	Work opportunities for young people be created.
	Needs relating to other spheres of government
Health	Shortage of health professionals at Boitumelo Hospital needs urgent
	attention.
0.6.	Referral clinic be built next for Boitumelo Hospital.
Safety and Security	Police Station at Trou Bou to be re-opened. Community Policies Formula by project the actual line and actual line and actual line and actual line.
	Community Policing Forum be revived to establish patrollers and community safety campaigns
IDP REVIEW 2019/20	
Focus Area	Development Needs
Roads and Storm Water	Maintenance of Roads
	Maintenance of Sewerage
	Fixing of water taps
	Paving of Gelukwaarts
	Fixing of Kroonstad and Viljoeskroon road
	Maintenance and fixing of potholes in the area
Housing	Site allocation for Kroonstad residents
Water	Quality of water to be upgraded to Blue Drop.

Focus Area	Development Needs
Local Economic Development.	 The Municipal Council need to look for job opportunities for Local Youth Local Companies should be given jobs by the Municipality Local Companies subcontracting.
Electricity	 Electric Poles Installation of water meters Electrification of demolished Houses
Others	Renovation of Seeisoville StadiumRenovation of Seeisoville Hall
Safety and Security	Road Safety next to CC Chicken

Focus area	Development Needs
Water	Water meters be installed in Trou Bou
Electricity	Electricity cable be upgraded.
	Re-electrification of demolished houses.
Parks	Open Space next to Strike 's Place to be maintained
Roads and Storm water	Maintenance and paving of all roads and streets in the ward.
	Maintenance and fixing of potholes.
	Repair/Rebuild the Kroonstad/Viljoenskroon road.
Housing	Site allocation for Kroonstad residents.
Water	Quality of water needs to be upgraded to Blue Drop.
	Fixing of water taps to curb leaking and wastage.
Local Economic Development	Young people be prioritised for employment and job opportunities.
	Local companies should be prioritised for projects
	done by the municipality and other government
	departments.
Sports and Recreation	Renovation of Seeisoville Hall and Stadium.
Safety and Security	Road safety campaigns be conducted next to CC Chicken.

3.4.15 Ward Development Needs: Ward 15

Focus Area	Development Needs
Electricity	 Electricity poles loose near Fora Church and pose a danger to the residents. High mast lights needed At Bodibeng and Phuleng public schools.
Roads and Storm water	Baza Baza Street: Water flow is very strong.Storm water to be upgraded.
	 Speed humps required at 666 Mokobe Street. Paving in Ntanga Street leading to Phuleng Public School.
	 Paving in Ntoi Street Fixing of Makhoba street
	Street from the police station needs paving.
	• Storm water required on the road leading to Bodibent and Phuleng public schools.
Recreation and Sport	Sports Grounds required
Other	Houses required as they are old and falling apart.
IDP REVIEW 2018/19	
Focus Area	Development Needs
Area lighting	High mast lights next to Bodibeng school, Veterans houses, Methodist church and Phuleng Prinmary
Spots and Recreation	Municipal halls must be properly maintained
	Provision of electricity at these facilities must be improved as it traps from time to time
Grass cutting	Grass should be cut in the ward to avoid illegal dumping and promote the use of open spaces as training grounds for various sporting codes
Unemployment	Young people must be provided with requisite skills in mining and agriculture to can play meaningful role in building the economy of the municipality
Roads and Stormwater	Upgrading of the following streets; Mahabane, Morake, Makobe, Lekitlane, Tlholwe and Morapedi
Housing	Provision of houses must be prioritised
Sewerage	Upgrading of sewer lines in Morapedi, Chakane, and Manis streets
IDP REVIEW 2019/20	
Focus Area	Development Needs
Housing	Request for RDP Houses
Electricity	Maintenance of Electric Poles

Focus Area	Development Needs
	Maintenance of Apollo Lights
	Installation of Water Meters
Local Economic Development	Hiring of local residents by Contracting companies
Roads and Stormwater	Maintenance of Roads
Others	Renovation of Seeisoville
	Renovation of Seeisoville Hall
	Safety of road next to CC Chicken

Focus Area	Development Needs
Roads and Storm water	All streets need to be paved or tarred.
	Lekitlane str (493-503)
	Chekane str (1-910)
	Morake str (1001-1248)
	Makobe str (12-813)
	Makhetha str (371-4190)
	Mahabane str (99-303)
	Seheri str (1202-121215)
	Serame str (324-371)
	Monamodi str (1035-1051)
	Musi str (537-546)
	Ntoi str (537-747)
	Molise str (1169-1180)
	Mokitimi str (623-848)
	Molete str (918-729
	Morapeli str(849-930)
	1355-1303
	1318-1341
	1287-1280
Sports and Recreation	Seeisoville community hall need to be upgraded
	Seeisoville stadium refurbishment
	Mahabane park development
	Mabala park development
Unemployment	There I a need for employment
Others	Old marabastad need to be cleaned and maintained.
	Need for library/information centre
Electricity	Solar geysers need to be resuscitated and
·	alsoaccomodate indigent household who did not
	benefit back then
	High mast light next to the veterans
	houses/Bodibeng.
	High mast light next to Phuleng Primary School.
Health	The clinic need to upgraded to accommodate more
	people as the is new location and it cannot
	accommodate all patients.

3.4.16 Ward Development Needs: Ward 16

Focus Area	Development Needs	
Water	Resolve water problems at Foster and Henry Streets	
Sanitation	Upgrade sewer networks to reduce spillage	
Refuse Removal Roads and Storm water	 Keep streets clean by providing waste plastics on every street. Remove squatter camp. Build manhole in every street. Speed humps on the Hospital street (speed breakers) Drainage system damaged and need to be changed. Storm water channel required. Van der Linder,Orpan,Fouler,Vermaak,S bridge -prioritised repaired 	
Recreation and Sport	Old park to be renewed.Park for kids after school.	
Other	Start their own recycling to keep ward clean.	
	New changes to the Taxi Rank	
IDP REVIEW 2018/19		
Focus Area	Development Needs	
Kroonpark	The state of Kroonpark under management of the municipality versus private management as well as river bank.	
Sanitation	How many buckets still exist in Kroonstad and how many have been eradicated so far.	
Electricity	How is electricity prepaid system being rolled out.	
IDP REVIEW 2019/20	IDP REVIEW 2019/20	
Focus Area	Development Needs	
Cleaning and maintenance	 Maintenance of Reitz Street Maintenance of S-Bridge Maintenance of Bike trails Maintenance of Loubserpark Maintenance of Parks and Islands Cleaning of Empty Erfs Maintenance of Street lights and Traffic Signs 	

Focus Area	Development Needs
	 Upgrading of Strang Street, Brummer, Kroonheuwel and Louw Street Maintenance of Viljoenskroon Sewerage Pump Station Maintenance of Sports field
Fire and Rescue	Purchase of Fire TrucksTraining of Fire Fighters
Traffic	 Fines for Illegal Taxi operating in Caltex and Dakota Shell garage Management of Municipal Routes to prevent Heavy trucks from damaging the road.
Refurbishment	Refurbishment of KroonsparkRefurbishment of PowerStation
Sanitation	Installation and Maintenance of Public Toilets
Others	 Building of a Taxi Rank Lighting of Foot Bridge leading to Kroonstad during the nights.

Focus Area	Development Needs
Electricity	Municipality should consider selling electricity online.
Roads	4way stop at checkers is a serious traffic challenge that needs urgent attention. Truck routes must be maintained and marked clearly The roads need to be well maintained, if a road is in a bad state it makes it difficult for emergency vehicles to respond quickly need to take alternative routes and not the faster routes. Heavy vehicles should be limited to use only certain roads, no need for heavy vehicles to be using Cross str. Fowler, Orpen and Dolf street must be fixed properly in order to maintain heavy vehicles as the town needs the truck going to the petrol depot this I serious for more than 5 years.
Street	People don't stop if a speed hump can be implemented. The crossing at Rowan &Fowler I in a very bad state and need to be fix.
Sewerage	The sewerage at the railway line in Vermaak street is a big concern.

Focus Area	Development Needs
	Sewerage is a very big concern in all ward recurring problems and pumps not working.
Housing	Empty houses /open erven are a safety risk -the municipality needs to speak to the owners to tidy up the place. Homeless people in town are sleeping and messing everywhere, can a place of safety be looked at and move these people where they can be cared.
Sports and Recreation	Consider discount for upcoming sports clubs playgrounds, need to be upgraded and maintained.
Others	Dumping is a big issue in the residential areas, can alternative space /extra dumping site be identified or small dumping sites in the residential areas where waste can be dropped off and picked up by Moqhaka trucks.
LED and Planning	Recyling business needs to be properly organised and work from a properly zoned area. Biogas and sewerage treatment plant be considered for energy generation and job creation.

3.4.17 Ward Development Needs: Ward 17

Focus Area	Development Needs
Water	 Water network and pump station must be installed from the reservoirs to the house to eliminate the water outage; Water is damming up when it rains at the bridge crossing
Sanitation	Toilets at Kalkop plots is needed as well as public toilets around town;
Electricity	 Why is the community not informed when the smart meter's installation process is unfolding, and what is the status of installation now? Street lights must be repaired x2; Street light needed at Kalkop and Vilok plot; Is Eskom going to cut off the electricity supply while we are paying our services and electricity?
Refuse Removal	Illegal dumping site, place is dangerous;Plastic refuse bins be distributed around town;

Focus Area	Development Needs
Roads and Storm water	 Route used by trucks must be maintained; Henning Klopper Street Lintott Ribbok Steenbokstr Schonborn +Fowler Street Foot bridge must be restored; Streets must be properly maintained Four-way road must be maintained; Dolf street is falling apart; Open road down to the bridge; Potholes are becoming a big issue; Dam is leaking and it is tarred on one side; Stop signs or speed humps should be installed at off-ramp of Bethlehem; Fowler Street Orpen Street Drainage of storm water must be maintained; Retief Street Enslin Street Fairweather Street Theron and Dolf Street. De Vos Street Entrance to Tuinhof
Recreation and Sport	 Motell Street. Can the river banks be cleaned so that the community can utilise the place; Park maintenance is requested; Open space next to power station - long weeds; The municipality must consider to give a discount for the upcoming sports clubs in town; play grounds need to be upgraded and maintained; sport complex is needed
Other	 What project are already on the IDP document for ward 17; There is no maintenance in the ward; Trucks using road passing; We need fire engine around ward; Traffic signs must be maintained; illegal taxi rank near Caltex and Shell garage is blocking traffic new taxi rank space should be identified; Empty stands for more than 8 years - weeds are high - risky; Request for slot for complaints on Moqhaka website and it is very outdated; Need to know if items that were not implemented in the previous year are they going to be erased? And it was requested that both lists must be combined and see if there is progress in the listed projects;
IDP REVIEW 2018/19 Focus Area	Development Needs
Cleaning and maintenance	Cleaning of power sub-stations

Focus Area	Development Needs
Fire and Rescue	Own working Fire Engine
Traffic	Additional truck roads to keep them out of town
Sports and Recreation	Astro Field Hockey
	Soccer field
	Netbal/ Ringball upgrade

IDP REVIEW 2019/20

Focus Area	Development Needs
Cleaning and maintenance	 Maintenance of Reitz Street Maintenance of S-Bridge Maintenance of Bike trails Maintenance of Loubserpark Maintenance of Parks and Islands Cleaning of Empty Erfs Maintenance of Street lights and Traffic Signs Upgrading of Strang Street, Brummer, Kroonheuwel and Louw Street Maintenance of Viljoenskroon Sewerage Pump Station Maintenance of Sports field
Fire and Rescue	 Purchase of Fire Trucks Training of Fire Fighters
Traffic	 Fines for Illegal Taxi operating in Caltex and Dakota Shell garage Management of Municipal Routes to prevent Heavy trucks from damaging the road.
Refurbishment	Refurbishment of KroonsparkRefurbishment of PowerStation
Sanitation	Installation and Maintenance of Public Toilets
Others	 Building of a Taxi Rank Lighting of Foot Bridge leading to Kroonstad during the nights.

IDP Review 2020/21

Focus Area	Development Needs
Roads and Storm water	The old" fiets brug" from kroonpark to town needs a serious clean up its very bushy it neds lights and the rails of the bridge stolen which makes it a risk for cyclist and pedestrians using the bridge

Focus Area	Development Needs
	School children uses the bridge as a means to get to school but it's very unsafe Old Kroonpark clean up very urgently suggestion are to look at a walking lane, open for everyone. Tuionhof streets needs to be tarred. Duiker and Steenbok streets need urgent attention for repairs. Steynsrus/La Porte Vase needs a stop sign and street lights Enslin street needs replacement. Steynsrus and Viljoenskroon roads. Establish our municipal road construction unit.
Cleaning and maintenance	The playing ground at old Kroonpark needs to be relocated ,suggestion is between Sarel and Cillier bridge and Robot Bridge. Kroonpark needs to be cleaned and restored to its glory Suidrand and Tuinhof are having a problem with pedestrian like mice,rats,and snakes due to the open field not being maintained
Safety Local Economic Development	Tuinhof street needs urgent attention is Duiker & Steenbok street Tuinhof new development streets are still not tared ,no street lights ,crime is very high N1at tuinhof neds to be fenced of as well as the railway line,its not safe for children Tuinhof also have a problem with wild animals lurking around due to the fact that there are no proper fencing. Van der Lingen /Robert streets -taxis are a very big problem during the early hours of school runs. Kroonstad neighbourhood watch in conjunction with CPF would like to install cameras at all entrances in Kroonstad ,crime is very high at the moment. Jordania from the Reitz street bridge towards Jordania there are no lights ,if possible a high mast light would help. High mast light at Kraalkop. Elandia high mast light is needed Recycling business needs to be properly organised
Local Economic Development	Recycling business needs to be properly organised and allocated appropriate sites. Biogas and Solar plant be considered to generate electricity and create jobs.
Others	Public Toilets at Kraalkop Illegal taxi rank –Loubsher Park Buying electricity online
Sewerage	Sewerage problem at Johnny's dam behind SANDF, near railroad and behind dam sewerage running to the river vir Tuinhof. Sewerage is a big problem concern in ward recurring problems and pumps not working
Water	Water damming up at Sarel Cillier Bridge

Focus Area	Development Needs
Housing	Empty houses /open erven are at risk -the municipality needs to talk to the owners to tidy ups the places. Homeless people in town are sleeping and messing everywhere ,can a place of safety be looked at and
	move these people where they can be safe.
Traffic and Safety	Truck routes must be maintained and marked clearly. Additional truck routes to keep them out of town.

3.4.18 Ward Development Needs: Ward 18

Focus Area	Development Needs
Refuse Removal	Weekly collection of refuse
Roads and Storm water	Upgrading of roads
Recreation and Sport	Youth Development Centre
Other	Allocation of sites
Needs relating to other spheres of government	
Safety and Security	Neighbourhood watch by SAPS
IDP REVIEW 2018/19	
Focus Area	Development Needs
Refuse Removal	Provide dust/refuse bins for the entire community.
Roads, Streets and Storm-water drainage	Build small overhead bridges for access to the yards.
	The 6km paving roads at JS section, AK section and Soul City with two kilometers at each.
	Remove the old paving road at Mphatlalatsane that is flooding the residents houses in the old location section.
	Upgrade the road for water-flow at Ntswanatsatsi cement road.

	Sekwati Street from 411&412 to 392 &393 paving,01&219 to
	395&889paving,01&87 to 378&379 paving.
	by bacoto paving, oraco record paving.
	932 and 933levelling of road,5333 to 5305 to 5371 and 5389,5333
	to 5305,5325 to 5324,5306 to 5320,5316 to 5315,5300 to
	5264,5262 to 5241,5241 to 5254,5245 t o5238,5229 to 5241,5244
	to 5237,5228 to 3051,5220 to 3051.2172&2176 to
	2152&2207,2177&2195 to 2182 to 2138 ,2216&2151,2152 to
	2097,2246& 2112,2245 to 2275,2231 to 2266,2330 to 2031,to
	2266,2092 &2344 to 2288,295&2081 to 2073 2074 &2059 to
	2326,2060&2324 to2360 &2724&2306 and 2373.2660&2757 to
	2741,2657,268 to 27747&2740,2682&2758 TO 2661 &2773
	2689&2822 TO 2710&2805,2828&2573to
	2847&2720,2601&2884,2572&2870,2346&2058to
	2058,2037&2059 to 2374,2441&2931 to 2010,2031&2441 to
	2393 to 2415,2000 to 2009.
	2373 to 2413,2000 to 2007.
Sewerage network	Changing the pump station next to Mphatlalatsane school.
	Restart the sewerage underground pipes at MK block from site
	2010 and the entire area.
Parks and Recreation	Develop a park on the open space at the back of the hostel.
	• • •
Safety and Security	Have/Build a Police station at the center of ward 18.

Focus Area	Development needs
Storm water and Roads	Mr Skala Beyers 2313Project of storm water in their street have not been completed. Ms Montsane Konets 2807 indicated that they need their street to be graded as other household have gardens /boundries extended on municipal roads. Mr Johannes Ntau2339 indicate they need grader to level the street and water channeling in the street at their houses are flooded when it rains.
Housing	Needs to be allocated with erven.
Health	Department of health make presentation on primary health services.

3.4.19 Ward Development Needs: Ward 19

Focus Area	Development Needs
Sanitation	There is manhole that is always blocked.
	Sewer problems. Manholes blocked.
Refuse Removal	Cleaning of Vlei areas.
Roads and Storm water	Upgrading of streets in the ward.
Other	Need for sites.
	Old people need sites where they can plant vegetables.

IDP REVIEW 2018/19

Focus Area	Development Needs
Water and Sanitation	Water quality is sub-standard and needs to be improved before the tariff is increased
Local economic development	SMME's be assisted with business plans and funding
Cemeteries	Municipality must assist with the digging of graves and people must be made aware that they can pay for the municipality to dig for them
Housing	Sites be allocated to renting residents

IDP REVIEW 2019/20

Focus Area	Development Needs
Housing	Request for RDP Houses.Site Allocation
Roads, Streets and Storm-water drainage	Paving of Road between Mphatlalatsane and Ntswanatsatsi
Sewerage network	Maintenance and upgrading of sewerage network next to ZCC Church
Parks and Recreation	Develop a park on the open space at the back of the hostel.
Safety and Security	Building of a Police station
Other	Demolishment of Hostel

IDP Review 2020/21

Area Focus	Development needs
Housing	Request for RDP Houses 4170

Safety	Maintenance of high mast light
Roads and Storm Water	Upgrading of storm water drainage
	Pedestrian bridge next to Ward 18
Refuse removal	Request open space next to Thabang School to be cleaned or
	maintained
	Opened space next to Zweli 's tavern be cleaned
	Problem with illegal dumping sites
Housing	Titled deeds
Roads	Upgrading of roads
Sewerage	Upgrading of sewerage next to Leboko 4051

3.4.20. Ward Development Needs: Ward 20

Focus Area	Development Needs
Sanitation	Toilets are needed outside the houses x3
Electricity	High mast lights is needed
Roads and Stormwater	Central Park - Street needs to be paved x5; looked into a borehole system; personnel fixing the water leaks are taking long before they came out - can utilize youth with plumbing skills to help them;
	4756&4916 to 4902&4989,1616&1627 to 5099&5214,4656&4593 to
	4673&4789,5419&5427 to 5437&5410,5425&5373,to 819 to 817thos need paving.
	Levelling:4785&4593 to 4717&4702,4784&4725 to 4703 to 4757,4866 to 4915 to 4797 to
	4814355 to 1660,4863to 4887 to 4881 to 4847,4948 to 4964 to 4949 to
	4964,5040to5028,5041 to 5061 to 5053t o5074,50 75 to 5054 t o5061to 5093to
	1400,1409,1430to 1424to 1430to 1426,1511to 1476to 1605,1528to 1458to 1594 to 1527,4307to 4323 to 1666to 4361,4356 to,4355,5111 to 5180,5181to 5110,5180,5124 to5151,5163
	to5138,5164to5138to5152to5179,5193to5100,5200to5181,5181to5110,5101to5208,546 1to5462,5487to5427,5477to5483,5462to5497,5493to5492,5400to5425,5410to5409,537 1to5410,5370to5363,5371to5389,5372to5363,5371to5389.
Recreation and Sport	RDP Houses; tractor to come and cut bushes;
Other	Surrounding mines to make direct investments into community e.g. building a school; Wi-Fi spot for youth to help with job searching; the youth need jobs

IDP REVIEW 2018/19	
Focus Area	Development Needs
Unemployment	The need for Wi-Fi hot spot needs to be emphasized as today's youth cannot do much without access to internet. This will help young people to access work opportunities and also learn more about business and self-employment.
	Surrounding mines must prioritise local people for employment and invest in the local community, e.g by providing Wi-Fi hot spot, building play-grounds etc.
	Partnerships be entered into with the private sector to skill young people in plumbing as this will help fight water leaks.
Water and Sanitation	Need for boreholes still stands as the area has a lot of underground water that needs to be harvested.
	Outside toilets are still needed as blockages are a health hazard in RDP houses.
Sport and Recreation	Grass be cut at public open spaces and these be developed into play-grounds to encourage young people to be active in sport.
Roads and Storm-water	All roads in the ward need to be upgraded with paving, grading and proper water channeling is needed.
	Streets carrying high water volumes and connector roads be identified and proiritesed.
IDP REVIEW 2019/20	
Focus Area	Development Needs
Housing	Allocation of Sites

Focus Area	Development Needs
Housing	Allocation of Sites
Water and Sanitation	Installation of Boreholes
Electricity	Maintenance of High Mast lights
Roads and Storm-water	Maintenance of Roads
Others	More SASSA pay-points facilities

Area focus	Developments Needs
Sanitation	Toilets are needed in ward 20
	Ward 20, they want their submission of 2019/2020 be added to 2020/2021
Water	Installation of Boreholes
Housing	Allocation of sites
Electricity	Maintenance of High Mastlights

3.4.21 Ward Development Needs: Ward 21

Focus Area	Development Needs		
Water	Water treatment plant to be upgraded.		
Sanitation	Outside toilets		
Electricity	High mast lights		
Roads and Storm water	Paving Roads 854 to 820,1188 to 1230,46to 4675,4364to 4425,705,1891,3410to 4336		
	Street that need gratering/Scraping4618 to 4675,4651to 4992,4549to4563,4583to4597,1320to1298,3837to3845,816to781,1105 to1139,		
	Street that need sands4525to4434,4389to4366,4498to4486,3800to3813,4454to4499,4410to45 25,from 3410to 3436 there is a need for water drainage system to be upgrade.		
Other	 Grass cutting close to 1526 Khaya and other areas Social Responsibility by Mine around Kroonstad. Houses and stands required by community members Employment 		
	Needs relating to other spheres of government		
Safety and Security	Police station in Ward 21		
IDP REVIEW 2018/19			
Focus Area	Development Needs		
Roads and Storm Water	Built roads and storm water be maintained.		
Housing	Speed up the provision of RDP houses.		
Local Economic Development	Job creation programmes be developed to address high youth unemployment rate.		
Sports and Recreation	Maintenance and upgrading of Letshabo Stadium and provision of additional seats.		
IDP REVIEW 2019/20			
Focus Area	Development Needs		
Roads and Storm Water	Built roads and storm water be maintained.		
	Upgrading of Roads		

Focus Area	Development Needs
	Upgrading of Road between house number 1230-1118
	Maintenance of Water Drainage System
	Need for Speed Humps
Housing	Speed up the provision of RDP houses.
Electricity	Maintenance of Streetlights
Other	Passage next Mrs Manana Baleni need to be closed
	Need for a Swimming Pool

Area Focus	Development Need
Storm water and roads	Storm water and drainage to be upgraded and be maintained next to Lucky Motaung's curve Request Lucky Phooko 's mother street be maintained. Street between 1161 and 1162 to be closed and used for pedestrians only Corner to Maboloka church storm water drainage to be upgraded and be maintained
Sports and Recreation	Upgrading of Hall and Clinic
Safety and security	Request Satelite Police Station

3.4.22 Ward Development Needs: Ward 22

Focus Area	Development Needs
Water	Fresh water supply, clean water access x3, accused of stealing water
Sanitation	 Toilets are needed; Toilets in dilapidated state; Sewerage near houses, creates health hazards; or sewage station bring the snakes around area; No toilets at some places x 2
Electricity	Coupon sales is needed
Recreation and Sport	 Bushes need to be mowed; Poisonous snakes in area; area to be cleaned

Focus Area	Development Needs
Other	 Houses are needed; RDP houses are needed; Land is need for farming, cows to graze and vegetable gardens, Rental is too high in area, School are very far from the nearest town; No employment opportunity for youth who finished matric, how can municipality help them? Voting stations is needed; Information and communication does not come through as in other areas;
Needs relating to other spheres of government	
Health	 Struggle with ambulances, they take too long to arrive; No doctors in the vicinity; A satellite clinic is needed

IDP REVIEW 2018/19

Focus Area	Development Needs
Roads	 Roads from Viljoenskroon to Vierfontein and Bothaville needs to be repaired Road from Viljoenskroon to Orkeney
Housing	Housing for residents at the Vierfontein number 1 hostel
Sanitation and Electricity	No toilets and electricity for residents at the Vierfontein number 1 hostel

IDP REVIEW 2019/20

Focus Area	Development Needs
Housing	Allocation of Subsidized RDP Houses
Other	 Satellite Police Station Fire Bridge Station Commonages for Farmers Establishment of Community Policing Forums Need for a new School in the ward.
Parks and Recreation	Opening of parks in Opening Spaces

IDP Review 2020/21

Focus Area	Development Needs
Health	Health services and wheel chairs for the disabled

Focus Area	Development Needs
Social	Need to be assisted with Identity documents
Education	Schooling facilities be made available Need Library /information Centre for learning and research purpose (with free Wi FI)
LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	Need to be allocated land in order to do farming projects ,market place for selling their produce in township
Sanitation and Electricity	Solar Energy in their ward for lightning the street
Housing	Need to be prioritized and be given erven as well
Labour	Intervention for audit on farm labourers i.e for pensions retirements benefits Eviction by farmers needs to be closely looked into.

Focus Area	Development Needs
Health	Health services and wheel chairs for the disabled
Social	Need to be assisted with Identity documents
Education	Schooling facilities be made available
	Need Library /information Centre for learning and research purpose (with free Wi FI)
LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	Need to be allocated land in order to do farming projects ,market place for selling their produce in township
Sanitation and Electricity	Solar Energy in their ward for lightning the street
Housing	Need to be prioritized and be given erven as well
Labour	Intervention for audit on farm labourers i.e for
	pensions retirements benefits
	Eviction by farmers needs to be closely looked into.

3.4.23 Ward Development Plan: Needs 23

Focus Area	Development Needs
Water	Houses are flooding when it rains;Clean water is needed
Sanitation	Toilets are desperately needed
Electricity	 Electricity rates still charged at business rates - tuck shop is now closed; some areas no electricity; municipality has blocked electricity; high mast lights needed;

Focus Area	Development Needs
Refuse Removal	Landfill site is a health hazard for community
Roads and Storm water	 Roads in bad condition x 2; Paving; pits needs to be closed; No passages for passing safely; Paving from 5566to 5596 ha Moremi5676to 5726,5959Wesley crech vlei area next to ha Kgoboko,paving
Recreation and Sport	Areas must be cleaned and grass cut;
Other	 No taxi that enters in this area; Announcement to be done when vacant position area advertised; Inputs not taken seriously; nothing for ward 23 in the past IDP document; Big stones that must be removed; RDP houses; houses built by farmers are half built inside; We need a school build with bricks and toilets; community hall needed; Need sites
Safety and Security	Crime is very high
IDP REVIEW 2018/19	
Focus Area	Development Needs
Waste Management	Need to move the landfill site from Northliegh closer to the primary school. Rehabilitate that area as it has become a health hazard. Close the quarry behind houses in Northliegh.
Housing	Allocate erven to backyard dwellers in ward 23.

Water and Sanitation

Roads and Storm water

Focus Area	Development Needs
Waste Management	Need to move the landfill site from Northleigh farm which is closer to the primary school Rehabilitate that area as it has become a health hazard Close the quarry behind houses in Northleigh
Housing	Allocate erven to backyard dwellers in ward 23

Complete the ring road project.

Build water pressure tower to sustain water provision in ward 23.

Sustain water provision to minimize sewerage blockages.

Water and Sanitation	Build water pressure tower to sustain water provision in ward 23 Sustain water provision to minimize sewerage blockage
Roads and storm water	Complete the ring road project

3.5 Ward Needs Prioritised

The issues raised in the ward development plans were analysed and summarised in the table below.

Wards	Water	Electricity	Refuse Removal	Sanitation	Roads and Storm water	Recreation & Sport	Parks and Cemeteries	Unhappiness expressed with Council/Service	Job Creation	Control of Public Nuisances	Fences and Fencing	Fire, Traffic Services & Law Enforcement	Transport	Housing/Sites	Health	Safety & Security	Education	Social Security
Ward 1	✓	~	~	W	~	/					~			•		~		
Ward 2	~		~	~	VV				<i>y</i>									
Ward 3		>	~	~	/	>		~	~							~		>
Ward 4		~			N	~			~					~	~	~	~	
Ward 5					W	~	~	W	~						W	W	~	
Ward 6	~	~	~		W	~		~	~					~	W	~	V	~
Ward 7	~	W	~	~	W	~	~		W		~			~	~	W		
Ward 8	~	W			W	~	~		~									
Ward 9	~	W	~	~	W	W		~	~		~					~		

Wards	Water	Electricity	Refuse Removal	Sanitation	Roads and Storm water	Recreation & Sport	Parks and Cemeteries	Unhappiness expressed with Council/Service	Job Creation	Control of Public Nuisances	Fences and Fencing	Fire, Traffic Services & Law Enforcement	Transport	Housing/Sites	Health	Safety & Security	Education	Social Security
Ward 10		W	~	W	W	W	~									W		
Ward 11	~	~			~	W	W		W				~	~		~		
Ward 12		~		~	W	~	~							~		~		
Ward 13				~	W	W	~				~			W				
Ward 14	W	~		~	W	W	~	~	W	~				W	~	W		
Ward 15		W		~	W	W			~	~				~				~
Ward 16	~	~	~	W	~	W			~									
Ward 17	~	~	W	~	W	~		~				W						
Ward 18			W		W	W								~		W		
Ward 19	~		~	~	~		~		~					W				
Ward 20	~		~	N	W	W			W								~	
Ward 21	~	V		~	W	~	~		W					W		~		~

Wards	Water	Electricity	Refuse Removal	Sanitation	Roads and Storm water	Recreation & Sport	Parks and Cemeteries	Unhappiness expressed with Council/Service	Job Creation	Control of Public Nuisances	Fences and Fencing	Fire, Traffic Services & Law Enforcement	Transport	Housing/Sites	Health	Safety & Security	Education	Social Security
Ward 22	~	W		W	~	•		~	•					W	~		~	
Ward 23	W	~	~	W	N	~		~		~			~	N	~	~	~	~

The needs were also prioritised from the most issues raised to the lowest in the table below.

Focus Area/Population Concerns	2017/2022	2018/19	2019/2020	2020/21
Roads and Storm water	21	20	74	76
Recreation & Sport	19	11	21	
Electricity	15	8	14	41
Sanitation	15	7	8	17
Water	12	5	7	16
Job Creation	12	9	36	19
Housing/Sites	12	9	30	30
Safety & Security	12	7	29	9

Focus Area/Population Concerns	2017/2022	2018/19	2019/2020	2020/21
Refuse Removal	11	3	8	16
Unhappiness expressed with Council/Service Delivery/Customer		4	1	13
Care	8			
Parks and Cemeteries	6	5	3	6
Education	6	4	5	6
Health	5	4	7	5
Fences and Fencing	1	3		2
Social Security	3	2	29	9
Control of Public Nuisances	1	2		
Fire, Traffic, Emergency Services & Law Enforcement	1	1		5
Transport	2	0	1	1

3.6 Sector involvement

The table below lists the projects and programmes presented by the sector departments. In the instances where a "\scriv" is indicated in the column, the relevant sector department will implement the programme during that financial year. The sector department responses listed below will in some instances address the issues raised in the various wards for those issues that are not the municipality's competence.

Donautmont	Duciost Description	Implementation year				Caston Donantment Despense
Department	Project Description	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	Sector Department Response
Dept. of	New Schools		✓		✓	This is a totally new project.
Education	DR. Sello Primary School project has started.					

December 1	Bud at Burn taller	Implementation year				C. I. D. I.		
Department	Project Description	2017/18		2019/20	2020/21	Sector Department Response		
Dept. of	Upgrades Clinics	✓	√					
Health	Refurbishment of Clinics	✓	✓		✓			
	Provincial Hospitals Refurbishment and	✓	✓		✓			
	Replacement of Boilers							
	Provincial Hospitals Refurbish and replacement Mechanical Equipment (Lifts,	✓			√			
	Air cons,							
	Calorifiers, Autoclaves, etc.)							
	Provincial Hospitals Refurbishment and replacement of Generators	√	✓					
	General Maintenance of Clinics and CHSs	✓	√					
	Maintenance District Hospitals Fezile Dabi District	✓	✓					
	Maintenance Other Infrastructure Fezile Dabi District	√	✓					
	Maintenance & Repairs of Water Treatment Facilities	√	√					
	Maintenance and Repair Of Medical Gas Equipment	✓						
	Employment of Learners for Boiler Maintenance and Refurb	✓	√					
	Medical Equipment: Boitumelo Hospital	✓	✓		✓			
	Procurement and Replacement of Medical Equipment/Furniture	✓						
	Information Technology Connectivity and infrastructure for all completed projects above	√						
	Boitumelo Hospital	✓						
	Medical Equipment: Boitumelo Hospital	✓	✓		✓			
Dept. Police Roads &	Rehabilitation P79/1 & S85 Bothaville - Kroonstad	✓	√					
Transport	Rehabilitation of Kroonstad to Vredefort Road (phase 3, remainder of 12km)	√			√ ′′			
	R76- Kroonstad-Viljoenskroon					New Project		

Dansanton	Ducient Description	Implementation year				Contain Dominion Dominion
Department	Project Description	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	Sector Department Response
	New Project: Kroonstad – Steynsrus	✓	✓			
Dept. Public	Cleaning & Greening	✓				
Works &	Cleaning & Greening	✓				
Infrastructure	Cash for Waste	✓				
	Community Worker Stipends	✓				
DESTEA	Beneficiation of diamonds into jewellery.					
	Downstream and upstream of processing of petrochemicals.					
	Import substitution (Supplies from outside the province)					
	Manufacturing of pottery.					
	Manufacturing and maintenance of boats.					
	Establishment of Wilge River Water Park entertainment.					
	Expansion of Chemcity incubator downstream projects such as plastic products.					
	Plumbing and Environmental Management.				✓	Skills Development Projects
	Waste management initiatives				✓	Raise awareness, waste by-laws, converting corner dumps into vegetable gardens.
Dept. of Social Development	Maintenance of 79 conditionally registered ECD Centre's (All assessed and costed)	~				
·	Provide community based care and support services to Orphaned and Vulnerable Children (OVC's) in rural communities	√			√	
	Handwork, counselling and gardening.				√	Pelonolo, Ahanang and Rearabetswe.
Dept. Rural Development and Land	Support to the rural space through the District Rural Development Plan	√	√	√	√	Identified 3 Rural focus areas where land reform farms will be supported
Reform		√	✓	✓	✓	1 Farmers Production Support Unit

3.7 Legislation required Sector Plans in the IDP

There is a range of sector plans that addresses sector inputs to address the Strategic Development Agenda of the Municipality. Municipality has therefore formulated sector plans to support alignment with national and provincial priorities. The table below gives a summary of the purpose of the sector plans in the IDP and their current status.

3.8 Summary Overview: Sectoral Plans

Sector Plan	Purpose of Plan	Role/Contribution to IDP Strategy	Current Status	Planned Activity/Output
Spatial Development Framework	The purpose of the SDF is to provide a spatial analysis of the Municipality; to provide spatial development principles / guidelines with accompanying maps indicating the spatial objectives and strategies of the Municipality, such as the promotion of spatial restructuring, increased densities, compact urban environment, access to infrastructure services, economic opportunities, social facilities, protection of agricultural land and natural resources	The contribution of the SDF to the IDP Strategy is to address the spatial requirements of issues identified through the IDP process. The SDF is a Sectoral Plan of the IDP as required in terms of the Municipal Systems Act.	Draft SDF has been finalised and awaits approval by Council.	The output of an approved SDF is a spatial strategy guiding the assessment and approval of land use applications in the Municipal Area. Planned activities are the amendment of the SDF on an annual basis and the review of the SDF at least once every 5 years.
Integrated Waste Management Plan	To address the challenge of Waste Management in Moqhaka in line with the National Waste Management Strategy.	To ensure that the residents of Moqhaka live in a clean and healthy environment.	The current plan has been approved by Council. Action plans for waste management are derived from IWMP.	The Plan will address all areas of Waste Management - from waste prevention and minimisation (waste avoidance), to its collection, treatment, recovery and final disposal
Integrated Transport Plan	The Integrated Transport Plan (ITP) identifies and prioritises required road infrastructure upgrading and extension.	Provides current and future needs regarding required upgrading of road infrastructure network.	Draft has been developed by Fezile Dabi DM for each of the local municipalities.	Draft will be taken to Council for consideration

Sector Plan	Purpose of Plan	Role/Contribution to IDP Strategy	Current Status	Planned Activity/Output
Water Services Development Plan	The purpose of the Water Services Development Plan (WSDP) is to progressively ensure efficient affordable, economical and sustainable access to water services that promote sustainable livelihoods and economic development.	Strategic objectives of the IDP are supported through the provision of water and sanitation services.	A new plan must be developed every 5 years and updated as necessary and appropriate in the interim years. Module 1 has been developed.	
Environmental Management System	The Environmental Management System (EMS) Plan integrates environmental functions of all sections and ensures compliance with environmental legislation.	Protects the integrity of the environment and ensures sustainability of the Municipality. Ensures participative Greener Governance	Not in place.	
Biodiversity Strategy	This strategy is an input to the Environmental Management System (EMS) which protects the integrity of the environment and ensures sustainability of the Municipality. Ensures participative Greener Governance	Protects the integrity of the environment and ensures sustainability of the Municipality. Ensures participative Greener Governance.	Not in place.	
Air Quality Management Plan	The Air Quality Management Plan (AQMP) forms an input to the Environmental Management Plan (EMP) which protects the integrity of the environment and ensures sustainability of the Municipality. Ensures participative Greener Governance	Protects the integrity of the environment and ensures sustainability of the Municipality. Ensures participative Greener Governance.	Not in place.	
Energy Master Plan	To indicate the Municipality's initiatives to reduce the towns energy usage in a sustainable manner Outlines how Council	To ensure that enough energy is available to support existing and developmental needs. Local Economic	Not in place. Electricity Infrastructure Master Plan was finalised in 2016 but not approved by Council.	Update the draft electricity infrastructure plan and submit it to Council for approval.
LED Strategy	can create an enabling	Development is a	Developed and approved.	To be reviewed by June 2019.

Sector Plan	Purpose of Plan	Role/Contribution to IDP Strategy	Current Status	Planned Activity/Output
	environment for economic growth that will benefit all the Citizens, especially those that are poor	high strategic priority of Council.		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Disaster Management plan	To address any natural or manmade Disaster that may occur.	Disaster Management is an integral part of the IDP to ensure a safer community.	Developed and approved.	To be reviewed in 201
Integrated Sustainable Human Settlement Plan	Aims to initiative a process of ensuring that housing implementation contributes to the creation of vibrant sustainable and integrated communities in the Moqhaka Municipality.	It's a sector plan that serves to inform the IDP of human settlement plan within the Municipality.	A new Housing Sector plan is being developed and planned to be completed by May 2019, then it will be taken to Council for approval.	To circulate the draft plan for comments by Directors before approval by Council.
Employment Equity Plan	To achieve and maintain representation in the workplace by appointing, empowering and developing competent members of staff which are equipped to implement the strategic plans of Council.	Institutional Transformation	Plan is for 2016/2020. (5- year plan) adopted by Council.	Continuous review of the Recruitment and Selection policy. Reaching of targets as set out in the internal Employment Equity Report. Continuous appointment of competent staff members within the goals of the EE Plan.
Housing Sector Plan	To provide Information on Municipal Plan for Huma Settlement	To provide current and future needs of Human Settlement	Draft awaits Council Approved	
Human Resources Strategic Plan	To ensure that HR serve and support the Municipality in achieving its strategic objectives through proper HR practices such as recruitment, training, performance management, health and safety, personnel	Good Governance and Transformation	Plan is for 2016 - 2020 (5-year Plan). Adoption—2016	Continuous recruitment, training and development of staff, individual performance reviews and administration of staff.

Sector Plan	Purpose of Plan	Role/Contribution to IDP Strategy	Current Status	Planned Activity/Output
	administration and labour relations			,
Workplace Skills Plan	To Plan, budget and Implement Staff Training Activities	Transformation	Annual report submitted to the LGSETA, the last plan (2016/2017) was submitted on 30 June 2016.	Implementation of the WSP activities and submission of Annual Training reports to the LGSETA.
Performance Management System	Facilitate a performance driven culture and accountable Municipality.	To set performance indicators and targets that will measure the effectiveness and efficiency of the Municipality in implementing its IDP Objectives.	Performance Management Policy Framework adopted by Council in 2015.	To be reviewed in 2018
Long Term Financial Plan	The purpose is to outline the comprehensive multi- year financial plan that will ensure long-term financial sustainability for the Municipality.	The financial plan will ensure financial sustainability of the Municipality in the realisation of the IDP objectives.	Financial Plan has been submitted as part of the IDP.	Will be reviewed and fully aligned to the revised IDP.
Water and Sewerage Master Plan	The water & sewerage water plans identify and prioritises required bulk water services infrastructure upgrading and extensions.	Provides current and future needs regarding required upgrading of water and sewer infrastructure network	Not in place.	Water & Sewerage Master Plans to be updated every 2 - 3 years.
Roads and Storm Water Management System	The Roads and Storm Water Management System Addresses Priorities in required maintenance on the roads and systems.	Provides needs regarding required upgrading of storm water network in wards specified. Currently the highest issue raised by wards.	Approved in 2016	To be reviewed in 2018
Pavement Management System	The Pavement Management System identifies and prioritises required maintenance and upgrading of streets infrastructure.	Provides current and Future needs regarding required maintenance.	Not in place.	

Sector Plan	Purpose of Plan	Role/Contribution to IDP Strategy	Current Status	Planned Activity/Output
Housing	To provide	To determine	Draft awaits	To Submit to
Sector Plan	information on	current and future	Council Approval	Council for
	municipal plan for	needs of Human		Approval
	Human Settlement	Settlement		

3.9 Back to Basics Approach (B2B)

The Back to Basic Strategy is essentially a programme geared towards guiding municipalities on what need to be done to discharge developmental mandates assigned to municipalities by the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa. A comprehensive account of the status quo of local government was done informed by extensive research and monthly survey on how municipalities are discharging their responsibilities, how they interface with stakeholders and communities and good governance institutional arrangement established by municipalities.

Critically, this extensive review undertaken by the Department of Co-operative Governance and Traditional Affairs on the state of local government in South Africa, categorised the South African municipalities into the following three cohorts, viz:

- The top third of municipalities have got the basics right and are performing their functions at least adequately. Within this group, there are a small group of top performers that are doing extremely well. In these municipalities there are innovative practices to ensure sustainability and resilience. This small core represents the desired (ideal) state for all our municipalities.
- The middle third of municipalities are fairly functional, and overall performance is average. While the basics are mostly in place and the municipalities can deliver on the main functions of local government, we also find some areas of poor performance or decline that are worrying signs.
- The bottom third of municipalities are frankly dysfunctional, and significant work is required to get them to function properly. Among others we find endemic corruption, councils which do not function, no structured community engagement, and poor financial management leading to continuous negative audit outcomes. There is a poor record of service delivery, and functions such as fixing potholes, collecting refuse, maintaining public places or fixing street lights are not performed. While most of the necessary resources to render the functions or maintain the systems are available, the basic mechanisms to perform these functions are often not in place. It is in these municipalities that we are failing our people dramatically, and where we need to be intervening urgently in order to correct the decay in the system.

Importantly, the strategy outlines five key performance areas that embed the Back to Basic Approach that should be pursued to progressively improve the performance of municipalities. These are:

- Basic Services creating decent living conditions
 - o Develop fundable consolidated infrastructure plans;
 - o Ensure infrastructure maintenance and repairs to reduce losses in respect to:
 - Water and sanitation;
 - Human Settlement;
 - Electricity;
 - Waste Management;
 - Roads; and
 - Public Transportation
 - o Ensure the provision of Free Basic Services and the maintenance of Indigent Register
- Good governance
 - o The existence and efficiency of Anti-Corruption measures;
 - o Ensure compliance with legislation and enforcement of by-laws;
 - o Ensure the functionality
- Public Participation
 - o Ensure the functionality of ward committees;
 - o Conduct community satisfaction surveys periodically
- Financial Management
 - o Improve audit opinion;
 - o Implementation of revenue enhancement strategy

• Institutional Capacity

- Ensuring that the top six posts (Municipal Manager, Finance, Infrastructure Corporate Services, Community development and Development Planning) are filled by competent and qualified persons.
- That the municipal organograms are realistic, underpinned by a service delivery model and affordable.
- o That there are implementable human resources development and management programmes.
- o There are sustained platforms to engage organised labour to minimise disputes and disruptions.
- o Importance of establishing resilient systems such as billing.
- Maintaining adequate levels of experience and institutional memory.

Municipalities are expected to develop Back to Basic Implementation Plan that are informed by the reporting template issued by the Department of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs.

Chapter 4: Development Objectives and Strategies

4.1 Introduction

This chapter entails Moqhaka Local Municipality's Vision and Mission that gives directives to the developmental agenda of the Municipality. The broader developmental agenda of MLM consists of short, medium and long term development goals.

MLM is committed to the objectives of local government which are enshrined in section 152 (1) of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 namely:

- (a) To provide democratic and accountable government for local communities;
- (b) To ensure the provision of services to communities in a sustainable manner;
- (c) To promote social and economic development;
- (d) To promote a safe and healthy environment; and
- (e) To encourage the involvement of communities and community organisations in the matters of local government.

Municipality's development strategies are therefore, crafted within the context of ensuring that efforts are focused on delivering the expected outcomes of the developmental mandate of the local sphere of government.

Vision

"Moqhaka Local Municipality strives to be a Municipality that creates an enabling environment for socio economic growth and sustainable development."

Mission Statement

"To maintain and enhance quality of life by providing effective, efficient quality and affordable services equitably and facilitating sustainable socio economic growth through active community participation."

The municipality has through its strategic planning and public participation processes ensured that the Municipal Strategic Priorities were unpacked by developing key performance areas (KPAs), programmes, objectives, key performance indicators (KPIs) and targets for each of the KPAs and programmes.

The said objectives, indicators and targets (outlined in the tables below) have been aligned to the Provincial Priority Outputs, where possible and will form the basis for the development of the municipality's Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP) and Annual Performance Plans of Senior Management for the 2020/21 financial year.

4.2 Strategic Objectives

The vision and mission of the municipality have led to the conceptualisation of the following strategic objectives.

Strategic Objective 1: Broaden access and improve quality of municipal services

Intended Outcome: Sustainable delivery of improved services to all households



Strategic Objective 2: Create an environment that promotes the development of the local economy and facilitate job creation

Intended Outcome: Improved municipal economic viability



Strategic Objective 3: Build united, non-racial, integrated and safer communities

Intended Outcome: Developed communities and improved social cohesion



Strategic Objective 4: Promote a culture of participatory and good governance

Intended Outcome: Entrenched culture of accountability and clean governance



Strategic Objective 5: Improved organisational cohesion and effectiveness

Intended Outcome: Improved organisational stability and sustainability



Strategic Objective 6: To improve overall financial management by developing and implementing appropriate financial management policies, procedures and systems

Intended Outcome: Improved organisational stability and sustainability

4.3 Alignment of selected National, Provincial, District and Local objectives.

Section 24 (1) and (2) of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act (No: 32 of 2000) stipulates the following about "Municipal planning in co-operative government-

The planning undertaken by a municipality must be aligned with, and complement, the development plans and strategies of other affected municipalities and other organs of state to give effect to the principles of co-operative government contained in Section 41 of the Constitution.

Municipalities must participate in national and provincial development programmes as required in Section 153 (b) of the Constitution."

Furthermore, Regulation 2(1) (d) stipulates that "(1) A municipality's integrated development must at least identify-

"(d) all known projects, plans and programmes to be implemented within the municipality by any organ of state."

In line with above, Chapter 7 of this document deals extensively with projects that the Sector Departments of the province will implement within the MLM area. The above are clearly the key planning assumptions for MLM in the development of its IDP. This is a progressive planning rationale and is based on a clear legislative framework to ensure consistency and an enhanced quality of the IDP. This planning rationale is underpinned by the principle of Co-operative Governance as entrenched in the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996.

4.3.1 The value of Planning Alignment

The capital markets for municipalities have become extremely complex and difficult to access. A common basis for this has been the narrow tax base which is adversely affecting most municipalities in the country. The rapid growth of the area has also sparked a regressive response by some of the key variables in a healthy economy. This rapid growth seems to be outstripping the Municipal infrastructure's capacity and as such, places a huge capital burden on the Municipality. This burden requires an aggressive response by the Municipality to address the challenges of bulk infrastructure and reticulation infrastructure needs.

It is quite clear that the Municipality alone will not be able to meet all its challenges and therefore it will be necessary to explore beyond its own means and perhaps the traditional funding sources. High levels of creativity will be the key ingredient of any strategic response to these massive challenges. Various key strategies and plans are required to gear for maximum utilisation of available resources. Different strategies and plans from all spheres must be considered to:

→ Avoid Duplication of Initiative

MLM's IDP must ensure that cognisance is given to the relevant Sector Departments and respective strategies and plans. The IDP must be based on and aligned with all plans of relevant Sector Departments with resource allocations at their respective levels. The powers and functions of the different spheres of government are the means to avert duplication and funding related to those initiatives.

→ Ensure efficient utilisation of limited resources

Aligned plans ensure that resources are creatively harnessed and, as such, a lot more is achieved than would have had there been a piecemeal approach. Both the IDPs of Fezile Dabi District and Moqhaka Local Municipalities should serve as a platform for all the spheres of government to converge and define the development path of the District in general and more specifically the Moqhaka Municipal area. The three main funding sources for the IDP would be the Municipality's own income (tax base), conditional and unconditional grants, and lastly, the Provincial and National Governments' financial interventions. The latter is very important and this suggests that the alignment of planning instruments in the different spheres of government should allow for impact to be maximised by ensuring that limited resources are efficiently utilised. The alignment of selected National, Provincial, District and Local objectives is illustrated in the table below:

	National 12 Key Outcomes	National: MTSF	National: NDP	Provincial: Vision 2030	Local: MLM IDP
1	Improved quality of basic education		Improving education and training	Education, innovation and skills development	Improved Organisational Cohesion and effectiveness
2	A long and healthy life for all South Africans	Improve the health profile of all South Africans	Providing quality health care	Improved quality of life	Broaden access and improve quality of municipal services.
3	All people in South Africa are and feel safe	Intensify the fight against crime and corruption	Transforming society and uniting the nation	Building Social Cohesion.	Promote a culture of participatory and good governance.
4	Decent employment through inclusive growth path	Speed up economic growth and transform the economy to create decent work and sustainable livelihoods	Creating jobs and livelihoods	Inclusive Economic Growth and Sustainable job creation.	Create an environment that promotes the development of the local economy and facilitate job creation
5	A skilled and capable workforce to support an inclusive growth path	Strengthen the skills and human resource base	improving education and training	Education, innovation and skills development	Improved Organisational Cohesion and effectiveness
6	An efficient, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network	Introduce a massive programme to build economic and social infrastructure	Transitioning to a low-carbon economy	Inclusive Economic Growth and Sustainable job creation.	Create an environment that promotes the development of the local economy and facilitate job creation
7	Vibrant, equitable and sustainable rural communities with food security for all	Develop and implement a comprehensive rural development strategy linked to land and agrarian reform and food security	Transforming urban and rural spaces	Sustainable Rural Development	Build united non- racial, integrated and safer communities
8	Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life	Build cohesive, caring and sustainable communities	Transforming society and uniting the nation	Building Social Cohesion.	Build united non- racial, integrated and safer communities
9	A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system	Build a developmental state, improve public service and strengthen democratic institution	Fighting corruption and enhancing accountability	Good Governance	Broaden access and improve quality of municipal services.
10	Environmental assets and natural resources that are well protected and continually enhanced	Ensure sustainable resource management and use			Broaden access and improve quality of municipal services.

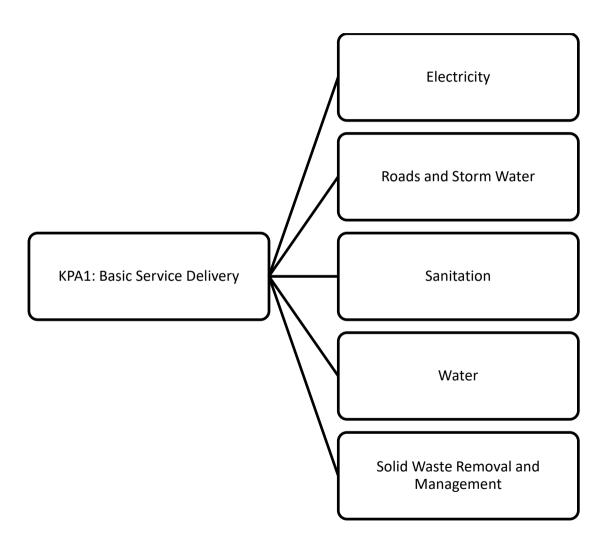
	National 12 Key Outcomes	National: MTSF	National: NDP	Provincial: Vision 2030	Local: MLM IDP
11	Create a better South Africa and contribute to a better and safer Africa and World	Pursue African advancement and enhanced international cooperation			
12	An efficient, effective and development oriented public service and an empowered, fair and inclusive citizenship	Build a developmental state, improve public service and strengthen democratic institution		Good Governance	To improve overall financial Management by developing and implementing appropriate financial management policies, procedures and systems

The municipality has through its strategic planning and public participation processes ensured that the Municipal Strategic Priorities were unpacked by developing key performance areas (KPAs), programmes, objectives, key performance indicators (KPIs) and targets for each of the KPAs and programmes.

The said objectives, indicators and targets (outlined in the tables below) have been aligned to the Provincial Priority Outputs, where possible and will form the basis for the development of the municipality's Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP) and Annual Performance Plans of Senior Management for the 2020/21 financial year.

4.4 Strategic Alignment of key performance area's and priority areas

4.4.1 Key Performance Area 1: Basic Service Delivery



KPA 1: Service Do	KPA 1: Service Delivery and Infrastructures Development					
Strategic Objective:	Broaden Access and improve quality of municipal services	Intended Outcome:	Sustainable delivery of improved services to all households			

IDP /Ref No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program me or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/ 18	Target 2018/ 19	Target 2019/ 20	Target 2020/ 21	Target 2021/ 22	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
KPI 01	Electricity	Programm e	Technic al Service s	To expand the electrification programme to any remaining areas and roll out solar energy in any identified areas at prescribed standards	Number of HH in municipal supply area meet agreed electricity service standards (connected to the national grid)	Sum of HH with access to electricity (connected to the National Grid)	2577 4	24040	24040	24040	25794	25794	25794	Int	ML M
KPI 02	Electricity	Programm e	Technic al Service s	By rolling out electrification of newly established settlements and those with a back log	Number of HH without access to minimum electricity standards	Sum of HH without access to minimum electricity services	0	20	50	2 0	52	0	0	Int	ML M
KPI 03	Electricity	Programm e	Technic al Service s	By ensuring that capital proets are rolled out in therms of approved project paln	Number of capital infrastructu re projects completed.	Sum of infrastructure projects completed.		0	0	0	6	3	3	Int	ML M

IDP /Ref No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program me or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/ 18	Target 2018/ 19	Target 2019/ 20	Target 2020/ 21	Target 2021/ 22	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
KPI 04	Electricity	Programm e	Technic al Service s	Reduce electricity losses by improving inspections and maintenance.	% Electricity distribution losses.(KWH billed/KWH acquired) (MFMA Circular 71)	(Number of Electricity Units Purchased and / or Generated - Number of Electricity Units Sold) / Number of Electricity Units Purchased and / or Generated) × 100	18,56	14.8%	18.56%	16%	15.8%	15.5%	14.8%	Int	ML M
KPI 05	Roads and Storm Water	Programm e	Technic al Service s	By ensuring that newly built roads are built with storm water drainage and mobilize funding for rehabilitation, refurbishment and replacement of ageing infrastructure.	km gravel roads maintained and or re- gravelled	Sum of km roads maintained and or gravelled	409 km	600km	110km	115km	120km	125km	130km	Int	ML M
KPI 06	Roads and Storm Water	Programm e	Technic al Service s	By developing and implementing a maintenance programme specific to potholes	m ² of potholes patched	Sum of m ² of potholes patched	2500 0m ²	130 000m²	25000 m ²	25500 m ²	26000 m ²	26500 m ²	27000 m ²	Int	ML M

IDP /Ref No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program me or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/ 18	Target 2018/ 19	Target 2019/ 20	Target 2020/ 21	Target 2021/ 22	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
KPI 07	Roads and Storm Water	Programm e	Technic al Service s	By identifying and prioritising access, connector and strategic roads to be developed	KMs of new paved roads to be built	Sum of km new paved roads built	1km	10,5km	3km	1.5km	0km	2km	2km	Int	ML M
KPI 08	Roads and Storm Water	Programm e	Technic al Service s	By ensuring that newly built roads are built with storm water drainage and mobilize funding for rehabilitation, refurbishment and replacement of ageing infrastructure	Kms of storm water drainages built, rehabilitate d, or replaced in addition to existing one	Sum of km storm water drainage installed in addition to current one	2 km	7.4km	2km	1km	1.2km	1.5km	1.7km	Int	ML M
KPI 09	Sanitation	Programm e	Technic al Service s	Develop a credible Sanitation Master Plan by partnering with sector departments to assist in this project/progra mme	Credible sanitation master plan developed and approved by Council	Date Master Plan approved.	0	3	0	0	30 June	30 June	30 June	Int	ML M

IDP /Ref No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program me or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/ 18	Target 2018/ 19	Target 2019/ 20	Target 2020/	Target 2021/ 22	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
КРI 10	Sanitation	Programm e	Technic al Service s	By ensuring that basic sanitation standards are communicated and known to the community and the municipality adheres to them	Number of HH with access to basic sanitation	Sum of HH with access to basic sanitation	34 095	33 095	33 095	33 095	34 131	34231	34631	Int	ML M
KPI 11	Sanitation	Programm e	Technic al Service s	By expanding sanitation services to cover any back log and roll it out to newly established settlements	Number of HH without access minimum sanitation standards	Sum of HH without access minimum sanitation.	605	50	50	0	200	505	0	Int	ML M
KPI 12	Sanitation	Programm e	Technic al Service s	By improving quality of sewerage effluent.	Waste water quality compliance according to the water use license.	No of tests conducted complying with the licence requirements.	NEW KPI	98%	0	0	0	98%	98%	Int	ML M
КРІ 13	Water	Programm e	Technic al Service s	By reducing water loss in the municipal distribution area	To reduce water loss in distribution.	(Number of Kiloliters Water Purchased or Purified - Number of Kiloliters Water Sold) / Number of	30%	37%	30%	26%	25%	25%	15%	Int	ML M

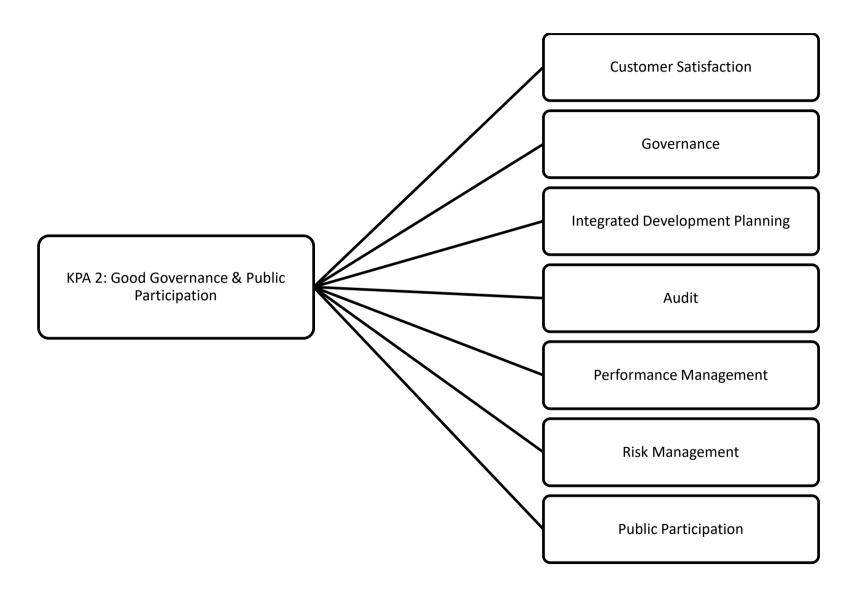
IDP /Ref No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program me or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/	Target 2018/ 19	Target 2019/ 20	Target 2020/ 21	Target 2021/ 22	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
						Kiloliters Water Purchased or Purified × 100									
KPI 14	Water	Programm e	Technic al Service s	By ensuring access to portable water by 2021 to include small holdings and surrounding plots	No of HH in formal settlements including plots and small holdings that meet the minimum water services standard	Number of HH with access to water within 200m	3401	33 585	33 585	33 585	34131	34 883	34631	Int	ML M
KPI 15	Water	Programm e	Technic al Service s	By ensuring that water quality is monitored throughout the supply network to ensure compliance with applicable standards	Number of samples taken to measure the water quality	Sum of samples taken	179	800	160	300	300	500	500	Int	ML M
КРІ 16	Water	Programm e	Technic al Service s	By ensuring that water quality is monitored throughout the	Percentage of Drinking Water Compliance to SANS241	Number of samples compliant/ total number of samples taken	NEW KPI	80%	0	0	0	80%	80%	Int	ML M

IDP /Ref No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program me or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/	Target 2018/ 19	Target 2019/ 20	Target 2020/ 21	Target 2021/ 22	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
				supply network to ensure compliance with applicable standards											
KPI 17	Good Governance and Public Participatio n	Activity	Technic al Service s	Evaluate the performance of service providers with contracts of 12 months or longer.	Number of assessments conducted on service providers annually.	Sum of performance assessments conducted annually.	NEW KPI	4 per annum	4 per annum	4 per annum	4 per annum	4 per annum	4 per annum	Int.	ML M
KPI 18	Good Governance and Public Participatio n	Programm e	Technic al Service s	Effective management and supervision of the SDBIP on KPIs of the Directorate (Top layer and Departmental KPI's)	75% of the KPIs have been achieved.	Number of KPIs met/by the total number of KPIs set.	NEW KPI	80%	80%	80%	75%	75%	75%	Int.	ML M
KPI 19	Good Governance and Public Participatio n.	Programm e	Technic al Service s	Promote Sound risk management practices within the Directorate	Compiling and ensure compliance with the directorate action plan to address the residual risk.	Signed Action Plan	0	5	1	1	1	1	1	Int	ML M

IDP /Ref No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program me or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/ 18	Target 2018/ 19	Target 2019/ 20	Target 2020/ 21	Target 2021/ 22	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
KPI 20	Good Governance and Public Participatio n.	Programm e	Technic al Service s	Promote Sound risk management practices within the Directorate	Submission of complete and signed reports on status of implementa tion of action plan to address risks.	Signed Quarterly Reports.	2	20	4	4	4	4	4	Int	ML M
KPI 21	Good Governance and Public Participatio n.	Programm e	Technic al Service s	Promote Sound risk management practices within the Directorate	Attend and support risk committee meetings.	Quarterly attendance Registers.	2	20	4	4	4	4	4	Int	ML M
KPI 22	Municipal Transformat ion and Institutional Developmen t	Programm e	Technic al Service s	To facilitate the optimal functioning of management.	Develop an annual schedule of directorate meetings for approval by the Municipal Manager.	Annual schedule submitted and approved by 30 June annually	4	4	0	30 Jun	30 Jun	30 Jun	30 Jun	Int.	ML M
KPI 23	Municipal Transformat ion and Institutional Developmen t.	Activity	Technic al Service s	By ensuring that vehicle maintenance and repairs is done for municipal fleet.	Number of repairs performed internally (by fleet section) on municipal fleet.	Number of repairs performed internally (by Fleet Section) on municipal fleet	300	750	0	0	300	250	200	Int	ML M

IDP /Ref No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program me or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/	Target 2018/	Target 2019/ 20	Target 2020/ 21	Target 2021/ 22	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
KPI 24	Municipal Transformat ion and Institutional Developmen t	Activity	Technic al Service	To facilitate the optimal functioning of management.	Number of monthly directorate meetings held.	Sum of directorate meetings held.	10	40	0	10	10	10	10	Int	ML M
KPI 25	Municipal Transformat ion and Institutional Developmen t	Activity	Technic al Service s	To facilitate the optimal functioning of management.	Number of quarterly reports submitted to Council.	Sum of reports submitted to Council	4	16	0	4	4	4	4	Int	ML M
KPI 26	Municipal Financial Viability and Managemen t	Activity	Technic al Service s	To ensure that the MIG allocation expenditure is done according to an approved plan.	Percentage expenditure of the annual MIG allocation year-to-date	Total amount spent/total allocation.	NEW KPI	100%	0	0	0	100%	100%	Ext	MIG

4.4.2 Key Performance Area 2: Good Governance and Public Participation



KPA2: Good Gover	nance and Public Participation		
Strategic Objective:	Promote a culture of participatory and good governance	Intended Outcome	Entrenched culture of accountability and clean governance

IDP/R ef No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program me or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculatio n	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/	Target 2018/	Target 2019/	Target 2020/	Target 2021/ 22	Delivery	Funding Source
KPI 27	Customer Satisfactio n	Programme	Office of the MM	To ensure that the customer care policy is approved and implemented .	Complete a customer satisfaction survey by end of March and submit report with recommendati ons to Council	Number of surveys conducted and Number of reports submitted to council	0	1 per annum	1	1	1	1	1	In t	ML M
KPI 28	Executive and council	Activity	Office of the MM	To facilitate the optimal functioning of Council.	Annual Report tabled in council on or before 31 Jan annually	Date annual report tabled	31- Jan	1 per annum 31 Jan	31 Jan	31 Jan	31 Jan	31 Jan	31 Jan	In t	ML M
KPI 29	Executive and council	Activity	Office of the MM	To facilitate the optimal functioning of Council.	Annual review of IDP completed before the end of May annually.	Date annual review completed	31- May	1 per annum 31 May	31-May	31-May	31-May	31-May	31-May	In t	ML M
KPI 30	Executive and council	Programme	Office of the MM	To facilitate the optimal functioning of Council.	% of Council Resolutions implemented within prescribed timeframe stipulated on resolution register	Number of council resolutions implemented within time frame divided by total Number of resolutions	85%	85%	85%	85%	85%	85%	85%	In t	ML M
KPI 31	IDP	Activity	Office of the MM	To facilitate the optimal functioning of Council.	IDP Process plan adopted by Council by 31 August annually.	Date Process plan approved by Council	31 Aug	31 Aug	31 Aug	31 Aug	31 Aug	31 Aug	31 Aug	In t	ML M

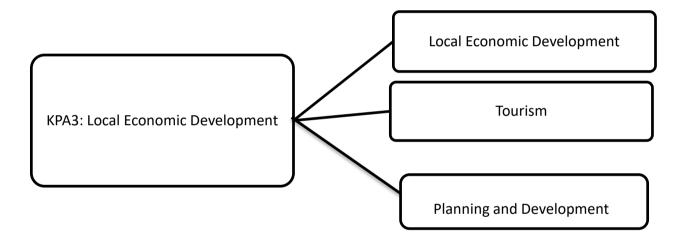
IDP/R ef No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program me or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculatio n	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/	Target 2018/ 19	Target 2019/	Target 2020/	Target 2021/	Delivery	Funding Source
KPI 32	IDP	Activity	Office of the MM	To facilitate the optimal functioning of Council.	IDP Completed/rev iewed and adopted by Council by 30 June annually.	Date IDP adopted by Council	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	In t	ML M
KPI 33	Internal Audit	Activity	Office of the MM	Develop and monitor repeat findings register to address repeat AG findings.	Reduce repeat AG audit findings by 50% in the first year.	Number of resolved repeat findings/by total number of repeat findings	NEW KPI					50%	60%	In t	ML M
KPI 34	Internal Audit	Programme	Office of the MM	To ensure a fully functional Audit Unit.	Implementatio n of the approved audit action plan.	Percentage of audit issues attended to by management as per action plan.	New KPI	100%	0%	100%	100%	100%	100%	In t	ML M
КРІ 35	Internal Audit	Activity	Office of the MM	To ensure a fully functional Audit Unit.	Develop a risk based audit plan with an internal audit plan (RBAP) (MFMA - Section 165(2)(a)) and submit to the Audit Committee by 31 Aug annually.	RBAP with internal audit programme submitted to the Audit Committee by 31 August annually.	15 Aug	1 per annum	15 Aug	15 Aug	31 Aug	31 Aug	31 Aug	In t	ML M
KPI 36	Internal Audit	Programme	Office of the MM	To ensure a fully functional Audit Unit.	Number of audit committee meetings held per annum	Sum of audit committee meetings held	4 Per Annu m	4 Per Annum	4 Per Annum	4 Per Annum	4 Per Annum	4 Per Annum	4 Per Annum	In t	ML M
KPI 37	Internal Audit	Activity	Office of the MM	To ensure a fully functional Audit Unit.	Internal Audit / Committee charter reviewed and	Date IA and AC Charter approved	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	In t	ML M

IDP/R ef No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program me or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculatio n	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/	Target 2018/ 19	Target 2019/ 20	Target 2020/	Target 2021/	Delivery	Funding Source
					completed annually (reviewed charter must be approved by the Audit Committee before the end of June annually)										
KPI 38	Internal Audit	Activity	Office of the MM	To ensure a fully functional Audit Unit.	Audit action plan developed to address AG Findings and submitted to council for approval on or before 31 January annually	Date Audit action plan submitted to council for approval	31 Jan	31 Jan	31 Jan	31 Jan	31 Jan	31 Jan	31 Jan	In t	ML M
KPI 39	Internal Audit	Programme	Office of the MM	To ensure a fully functional Audit Unit.	Number of internal audit reports produced	Sum of IA reports produced	18	80	20	15	15	15	15	In t	ML M
KPI 40	Internal Audit	Programme	Office of the MM	To ensure a fully functional Audit Unit.	Number of performance audits undertaken	Sum of performance audits	1	2 per annum	2 per annum	2 per annum	2 per annum	2 per annum	2 per annum	In t	ML M
KPI 41	PMS	Programme	Office of the MM	To facilitate optimal functioning of Council	Number of signed performance agreements.	Sum of signed performance agreements	NEW KPI	12	0	0	0	6	6	In t	ML M
KPI 42	PMS	Activity	Office of the MM	To facilitate optimal functioning of Council.	Approval of the SDBIP before the legislative deadline	Date SDBIP approved by EM	New KPI	1 X Approv ed SDBIP per annum	1 X Approve d SDBIP per annum	In t	ML M				
KPI 43	PMS	Programme	Office of the MM	To facilitate optimal functioning of Council.	Submit quarterly reports to council on the actual	Number of SDBIP Top Layer performance reports	4	4 per annum	4 per annum	4 per annum	4 per annum	4 per annum	4 per annum	In t	ML M

IDP/R ef No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program me or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculatio n	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/	Target 2018/ 19	Target 2019/	Target 2020/	Target 2021/ 22	Delivery	Funding Source
					performance in terms of the Top Layer SDBIP	submitted to council									
KPI 44	PMS	Activity	Office of the MM	To facilitate the optimal functioning of Council.	Submit the previous financial year annual report at the end of Aug annually	Annual Report	1	1 per annum	1 per annum	1 per annum	1 per annum	1 per annum	1 per annum	In t	ML M
KPI 45	PMS	Activity	Office of the MM	To facilitate the optimal functioning of Council.	Review of PMS consistent with new term of office of council tight to MTEF	PMS Framework	New KPI	1	1	0	0	0	1	In t	ML M
KPI 46	PMS	Activity	Office of the MM	To facilitate the optimal functioning of Council.	Conduct performance assessments' of the Directors for the first and third quarters.	Sum of performance assessments conducted	0	16	0	4	4	4	4	In t	ML M
KPI 47	Risk Manageme nt	Activity	Office of the MM	To ensure that an effective and efficient risk management function is established.	Risk register compiled and updated quarterly and approved by MM	Sum of Risk register quarterly updates	2	20	4	4	4	4	4	In t	ML M
KPI 48	Risk Manageme nt	Programme	Office of the MM	To ensure that an effective and efficient risk management function is established.	Number of RMC meetings held	Sum of RMC meetings held	2	20	4	4	4	4	4	In t	ML M
KPI 49	Risk Manageme nt	Activity	Office of the MM	To ensure that an effective and efficient risk management function is established.	Approved fraud prevention and anti-corruption strategy annually	Date plan approved	30 Jun	30 Jun	30 Jun	30 Jun	30 Jun	30 Jun	30 Jun	In t	ML M

IDP/R ef No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program me or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculatio n	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/	Target 2018/ 19	Target 2019/	Target 2020/	Target 2021/ 22	Delivery	Funding Source
					reviewed on or before 30 June										
KPI 50		Activity	Council	To ensure that all key municipal stakeholder is engaged.	Number of constituency report back meetings convened by Councillors for improved communicatio n on service delivery including IDPs, SDBIP	Number of constituency report back meetings held	4	4 per annum	4	4	4	4	4	In t	ML M
KPI 51	Ward Committe es and Public Participati on	Activity	Council	To ensure that functional ward committees are established.	Number of meetings per ward per quarter	Number of meetings held from 1 Jul to 30 Jun	23	23 every year	92	92	92	92	92	In t	ML M
KPI 52	Ward Committe es and Public Participati on	Activity	Council	To ensure that functional ward committees are established.	Number of ward profiles developed and submitted	Sum of completed ward profiles submitted	0	23 every year	23	23	23	23	23	In t	ML M

4.4.3 Key Performance Area 3: Local Economic Development



KPA 3: Local Ec	onomic Development		
Strategic Objective:	Create an environment that promotes the development of the local economy and facilitate job creation.	Intended Outcome	Improved municipal economic viability

IDP/R ef No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program me or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/1 8	Target 2018/1 9	Target 2019/2	Target 2020/2	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
KPI 53	LED	Activity	LED & Planni ng	Explore the potential for the tourism sector in creating sustainable jobs and income for communities	Develop a Tourism Sector Plan and submit for approval by Council by 30 June annually.	Date Tourism Sector Plan is approved.	NEW KPI	1	0	0	Plan to be approv ed by June 2020	1 Review per annum	1 Review per annum	Int	MLM
KPI 54	LED	Activity	LED & Planni ng	To explore commercialisat ion within the agriculture sector for optimum socioeconomic benefits by the local communities.	Develop agriculture Sector plan by 30 June annually	Date Agriculture Sector Plan approved.	NEW KPI	0	0	0	Plan to be approv ed by June 2020	30 June	30 June	Int	MLM
KPI 55	LED	Activity	LED & Planni ng	Create an environment that promotes the development of the local economy and facilitate job creation.	Number of jobs created through the municipality' s LED, EPWP and other initiatives (Reg 796)	Sum of jobs created per year	48	235	70	50	55	30	30	Int	MLM
KPI 56	LED	Programm e	LED & Planni ng	Create an environment that promotes the development of	Review the LED Strategy and submit to Council for approval by	Date LED Strategy approved.	NEW KPI	0	0	0	0	30 June	30 June	Int	MLM

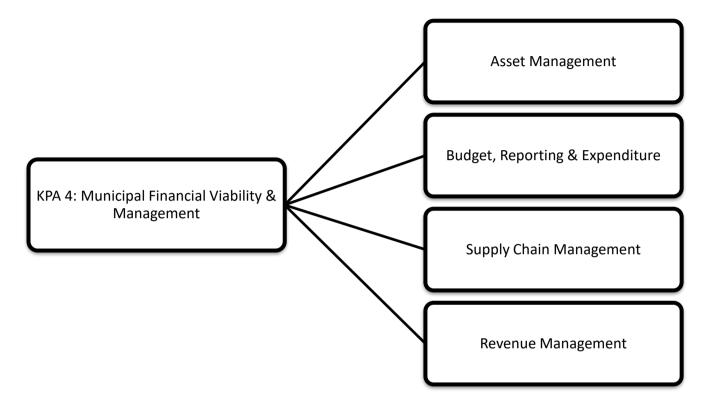
				the local economy and facilitate job creation.	30 June annually										
KPI 57	Tourism	Activity	LED & Planni ng	To support the expansion of the tourism potential of the Municipality	Develop a marketing strategy for the municipality and submit to Council for approval	Date Marketing strategy approved.	NEW KPI	1	0	0	0	30 June	0	Int	MLM
KPI 58	Tourism	Programm e	LED & Planni ng	To support the expansion of the tourism potential of Kroonpark Holiday Resort	Develop a turnaround strategy for the Resort by 30 June 2021	Date Turnaround strategy approved by the Director.	NEW KPI	1	0	0	0	30 June	0	Int	MLM
KPI 59	Tourism	Programm e	LED & Planni ng	To support the expansion of the tourism potential of Kroonpark Holiday Resort	Number of visitors at Kroonpark	Sum of visitors at Kroonpark for the period 01 July 2018 to 30 June 2019	24 000	10% averag e for the financi al year	26 500	24 500	25 000	28 000	26 000	Int	MLM
KPI 60	Tourism	Capital Projects	LED & Planni ng	To support the expansion of the tourism potential of Kroonpark Holiday Resort	Number of chalets renovated	Sum of chalets renovated	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	nt	MLM
KPI 61	Tourism	Capital Projects	LED & Planni ng	To support the expansion of the tourism potential of Kroonpark Holiday Resort	Number of ablution facilities renovated	Sum of ablution facilities upgraded	2	1	0	1	2	0	0	Int	MLM
KPI 62	Tourism	Programm e	LED & Planni ng	To support the expansion of the tourism potential of Kroonpark Holiday Resort	Number of annual entertainmen t activities held	Sum of events held	6	6	6	5	6	6	6	Int	MLM
KPI 63	Housing	Activity	LED & Planni ng	To review the Housing Sector Plan.	HSP reviewed and approved by the Director annually.	Date Housing Sector Plan approved.	NEW KPI	2	0	0	0	30 June	30 June	Int	MLM

KPI 64	Housing	Activity	LED & Planni ng	To advance the implementatio n of the Housing Sector Plan.	Ensure Level 1 accreditation of the Municipality is completed by 30 June 2021.	Date of approval of accreditation application.	NEW KPI	1	0	0	0	30 June	0	Ex t	National
KPI 65	Housing	Activity	LED & Planni ng	To advance the implementatio n of the Housing Sector Plan.	Review and customise Housing and Erven Allocation Policy and submit to the Director for approval.	Date of approval by the Director	NEW KPI	1	0	0	0	31 Dec 2020	0	Int	MLM
KPI 66	Housing	Activity	LED & Planni ng	To ensure land ownership by allocating people residential erven	Number of residential erven allocated.	Sum of residential erven allocated.	NEW KPI	5000	0	0	0	2000	3000	Int	MLM
KPI 67	Spatial Planning	Activity	Pannin g & LED	To support the orderly and coordinated development of the urban areas within the municipal area	Reviewed Spatial Development Framework and approve by June annually	Date Reviewed Spatial Development Framework approved.	New KPI	2	0	0	0	30 June	30 June	Int	MLM
KPI 68	Spatial Planning	Activity	Planni ng & LED	To support the orderly use of all land parcels and to deal with all and use related issues within the municipal area	Review Land Use Scheme and approved by June annually	Date Land Use Scheme approved	New KPI	2	0	0	0	30 June	30 June	Int	MLM
KPI 69	Spatial Planning	Activity	LED & Planni ng	To support the licencing of businesses governed by the Business Act, 1991	Percentage of business licence applications received and considered within a period of thirty days.	Number of business license applications considered within 30 days/total number of business licence applications received.	NEW KPI	100%	0	0	0	80%	90%	Int	MLM

KPI 70	Spatial Planning	Activity	LED & Planni ng	To support the legalisation of construction work governed by the National Building Regulations and Standards Act, 1977	Percentage of building plans received and approved within a period of 60 days.	Number of building plans considered within 60 days/the total number of building plans received.	NEW KPI	100%	0	0	0	80%	90%	Int	MLM
KPI 71	Spatial Planning	Activity	LED & Planni ng	To consider Land Use applications in respect of rezoning of land as determined in the Moqhaka Land Use Planning By- Laws, 2015.	Percentage of applications for rezoning received and approved within 90 days.	Number of rezoning applications considered within 90 days/total number of rezoning applications received.	NEW KPI	100%	0	0	0	80%	90%	Int	MLM
KPI 72	Good Governance and Public Participation	Programm e	LED & Planni ng	Effective management and supervision of the SDBIP on the KPI's of the(Top layer and Departmental KPIs>	75% of the KPIs have been met.	Number of KPIs met/by the total number of KPIs set.	80	75%	0	80%	75%	75%	75%	Int	MLM
KPI 73	Good Governance and Public Participation.	Programm e	LED & Planni ng	Promote Sound risk management practices which the Directorate	Compiling and ensure compliance with the directorate action plan to address the residual risk.	Signed Action Plan	0	5	1	1	1	1	1		
KPI 74	Good Governance and Public Participation.	Programm e	LED & Planni ng	Promote Sound risk management practices which the Directorate	Submission of complete and signed reports on status of implementati on of action plan to address risks.	Signed Quarterly Reports.	0	20	4	4	4	4	4		
KPI 75	Good Governance and Public Participation.	Programm e	LED & Planni ng	Promote Sound risk management	Attend and support risk committee meetings.	Quarterly attendance Registers.	2	20	4	4	4	4	4		

				practices which the Directorate										
KPI 76	Municipal Transformati on and Institutional Development	Programm e	LED & Planni ng	To facilitate the optimal functioning of management.	Develop an annual schedule of directorate meetings for approval by the Municipal Manager.	Annual schedule submitted and approved by 30 June annually	1	4	0	1	1	1	1	
KPI 77	Municipal Transformati on and Institutional Development	Activity	LED & Planni ng	To facilitate the optimal functioning of management.	Number of monthly directorate meetings held.	Sum of directorate meetings held.	10	48	0	12	10	10	10	
KPI 78	Municipal Transformati on and Institutional Development	Activity	LED & Planni ng	To facilitate the optimal functioning of management.	Number of quarterly reports submitted to Council.	Sum of reports submitted to Council	4	4	16	4	4	4	4	

4.4.3 Municipal Financial Viability and Management



KPA 4: Municipa	l Financial Viability & Management	
Strategic Objective:	To improve overall financial management by developing & implementing appropriate financial management policies, procedures & systems	Improved organisational stability and sustainability

IDP/ Ref No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Progra mme or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/ 18	Target 2018/ 19	Target 2019/ 20	Target 2020/2	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
KPI 79	Asset Management	Program me	Financial Services	To ensure the effective, efficient and economical management of municipal assets.	Fixed Asset Register (FAR) compiled and updated annually on or before 31 Aug in line with GRAP requirements	Fixed Asset Register (FAR)	1	1 per annu m	1 per annum	1 per annum	1 per annum	1 per annum	1 per annum	Int	MLM
KPI 80	Budget and treasury office	Activity	Financial Services	To ensure that the municipal budget and financial reporting process are compliant with applicable legislation.	Number of monthly budget statements (s71 of MFMA) are compiled and submitted to the Mayor, National and Provincial Treasury by no later than 10 working days after the end of each month	Sum of Sec 71 reports submitted.	12	12 per annu m	12 per annum	12 per annum	12 per annum	12 per annum	12 per annum	Int	MLM

IDP/ Ref No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Progra mme or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/ 18	Target 2018/	Target 2019/ 20	Target 2020/2	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
KPI 81	Budget and treasury office	Activity	Financial Services	To ensure that the municipal budget and financial reporting process are compliant with applicable legislation.	Mid-year budget assessment and budget adjustments report submitted on or before 25 January each year (s72 of MFMA)	Date Mid- year assessment submitted	25 Jan Each year	1	25 Jan	25 Jan	25 Jan	25 Jan	25 Jan	Int	MLM
KPI 82	Municipal Financial and Management	Program	To ensure that the municipal budget and financial reporting process are compliant with applicable legislation	No of quarterly National Treasury returns submitted	Sum of returns submitted	1	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	Int	MLM
KPI 83	Revenue Management	Program	To ensure the effective and efficient manageme nt of municipal revenue and cash- flow according	%reduction of outstanding consumer debtors at the financial year (monitored quaterly	Gross Debtors- opening balance less	-15%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	Int	MLM

IDP/ Ref No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Progra mme or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/ 18	Target 2018/ 19	Target 2019/ 20	Target 2020/2	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
			to national norma and standars		quarter closing balance										
KPI 84	Budget and treasury office	Program me	Financial Services	To ensure that the municipal budget and financial reporting process are compliant with applicable legislation.	% of Operating Expenditure Budget Implementatio n Indicator	Actual Operating Expenditure / Budgeted Operating Expenditure x 100	95%	≥95 %	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	Int	MLM
KPI 85	Budget and treasury office	Program me	Financial Services	To ensure that the municipal budget and financial reporting process are compliant with applicable legislation.	% of Operating Revenue Budget Implementatio n Indicator	Actual Operating Revenue[exc I Capital Grant Revenue] / Budgeted Operating Revenue x 100	95%	≥95 %	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	Int	MLM
KPI 86	Budget and treasury office	Program me	Financial Services	To ensure that the municipal budget and financial reporting process are compliant with applicable legislation.	Service Charges and Property Rates Revenue Budget Implementatio n Indicator	Actual Service Charges and Property Rates Revenue / Budgeted Service Charges and Property Rates	95%	≥95 %	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	Int	MLM

IDP/ Ref No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Progra mme or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/ 18	Target 2018/ 19	Target 2019/ 20	Target 2020/2	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
						Revenue x 100									
KPI 87	Budget and treasury office	Program me	Financial Services	To ensure that the municipal budget and financial reporting process are compliant with applicable legislation.	Financial Viability: Cost coverage (Reg 796)	((Cash and Cash Equivalents - Unspent Conditional Grants - Overdraft) + Short Term Investment) / Monthly Fixed Operational Expenditure excluding (Depreciatio n, Amortisatio n, and Provision for Bad Debts, Impairment and Loss on Disposal of Assets))	≥1	≥1	≥1	≥1	≥1	≥1	≥1	Int	MLM.
KPI 88	Budget and treasury office	Program me	Financial Services	To ensure that the municipal budget and financial reporting process are compliant with	Financial Viability: Debt coverage (Reg 796)	Debt (Short Term Borrowing + Bank Overdraft + Short Term Lease + Long Term	≤45%	≤45%	≤45%	≤45%	≤45%	≤45%	≤45%	Int	MLM

IDP/ Ref No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Progra mme or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/ 18	Target 2018/ 19	Target 2019/ 20	Target 2020/2	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
				applicable legislation.		Borrowing + Long Term Lease) / Total Operating Revenue - Operating Conditional Grant									
KPI 89	Budget and treasury office	Program me	Financial Services	To ensure that the municipal budget and financial reporting process are compliant with applicable legislation.	Financial Viability: Service debtors to revenue (Reg 796)	Where - "A" represents outstanding service debtors to revenue "B" represents total outstanding service debtors "C" represents annual revenue actually received for services; A=(B/C)	90%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	Int	MLM

IDP/ Ref No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Progra mme or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/ 18	Target 2018/ 19	Target 2019/ 20	Target 2020/2	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
KPI 90	Budget and treasury office	Capital Project	Financial Services	To implement an effective and efficient system of expenditure and supply chain management.	% of a municipality's capital budget actually spent on capital projects identified for a particular financial year in terms of the municipality's integrated development plan (MFMA Circular 71)	Actual Capital Expenditure / Budget Capital Expenditure x 100	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	Int	MLM
КРІ 91	Budget and treasury office	Activity	Financial Services	To ensure that the municipal budget and financial reporting process are compliant with applicable legislation.	Compliant annual budget (MTREF) compiled and approved by end of May each year	Actual date budget approved	30 June each year	5 30 June each year	30 June each year	Int	MLM				
KPI 92	Clean Audit	Activity	Financial Services	To ensure that the municipal budget and financial reporting process are compliant with applicable legislation.	Compiled Annual Financial Statement submitted to the Auditor- General by the end of August each year	Date annual financial statements submitted to the AG	31 Aug each year	5 31 Aug	31 Aug	31 Aug	Int				

IDP/ Ref No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Progra mme or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/ 18	Target 2018/ 19	Target 2019/ 20	Target 2020/2	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
KPI 93	Expenditure and SCM	Activity	Financial Services	To implement an effective and efficient system of expenditure and supply chain management.	Number of SCM reports submitted to council	Sum of reports submitted	4 x reports submitt ed per annum	4 repor ts per annu m	4 x reports submitt ed per annum	4 x reports submitt ed per annum	4 x reports submitt ed per annum	4 x reports submitte d per annum	4 x reports submitt ed per annum	Int.	MLM
KPI 94	Expenditure and SCM	Program me	Financial Services	To implement an effective and efficient system of expenditure and supply chain management.	% actual expenditure on repairs and maintenance as a percentage of the approved/adju sted budget	Total Repairs and Maintenance Expenditure /Total amount budgeted for repairs and maintenance x 100	84%	≥95 %	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	Int.	MLM
KPI 95	Expenditure and SCM	Program me	Financial Services	To implement an effective and efficient system of expenditure and supply chain management.	Creditors Payment period (Creditors are paid within 30 days as per Sec 65(2)(e) of the MFMA	Trade Creditors Outstanding / Credit Purchases (Operating and Capital) × 365	321 days	>30 days	<290 days	<260 days	<200 days	<140 days	≤30 days	Int.	MLM

IDP/ Ref No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Progra mme or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/ 18	Target 2018/ 19	Target 2019/ 20	Target 2020/2	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
KPI 96	Expenditure and SCM	Activity	Financial Services	To implement an effective and efficient system of expenditure and supply chain management.	% of tenders awarded within 90 days of tender closing date	Number of tenders awarded/Te nders awarded within 90 days	New KPI	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	Int	MLM
KPI 97	Poverty Alleviation	Program me	Financial Services	To implement an effective and efficient system of expenditure and supply chain management.	% of registered indigent Households that receive free basic services	No of households registered as indigent/Tot al No of HH X100	43%	≤30%	≤30%	≤30%	≤45%	≤45%	≤45%	Int	MLM
KPI 98	Poverty Alleviation	Program me	Financial Services	To implement an effective and efficient system of expenditure and supply chain management.	Rand value of free basic services to indigent households as a % of the equitable share	Rand value of free basic services/by the equitable share X 100	27%	33%	≤30%	≤30%	≤33%	≤33%	≤33%	Int.	MLM
KPI 99	Poverty Alleviation	Program me	Financial Services	To implement an effective and efficient system of expenditure and supply chain management.	Rand value of free basic services to indigent households	Sum of value of free basic services to indigent households.	≤R45 968 17 9	R61.5 m	≤R44 0 00 000	≤R44 0 00 000	≤R15.2 m	≤65m	≤69m	Int	MLM

IDP/ Ref No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Progra mme or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/	Target 2018/	Target 2019/ 20	Target 2020/2	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
KPI 100	Revenue Management	Program me	Financial Services	To ensure the effective and efficient management of municipal revenue and cash-flow according to national norms and standards.	% of consumer debtors revenue collected (actual total collections as a percentage of total levies/billings)	Gross Debtors Opening Balance + Billed Revenue - Gross Debtors Closing Balance - Bad Debts Written Off) / Billed Revenue x 100	90%	≥95 % per annu m	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	Int	MLM
KPI 101	Revenue Management	Program me	Financial Services	To ensure the effective and efficient management of municipal revenue and cash-flow according to national norms and standards.	Net Operating Surplus Margin (MFMA Circular 71)	(Total Operating Revenue – Total Operating Expenditure)/ Total Operating Revenue x 100%	2%	≥0%	≥0%	≥0%	≥0%	≥0%	≥0%	Int	MLM
KPI 102	Revenue Management	Program me	Financial Services	To ensure the effective and efficient management of municipal revenue and cash-flow according to national norms and standards.	% Own Source Revenue to Total Operating Revenue (MFMA Circular 71)	Own Source Revenue (Total Revenue - Government Grants and Subsidies - Public Contribution and Donations)/	84%	78%	70%	72%	75%	76%	78%	Int.	MLM

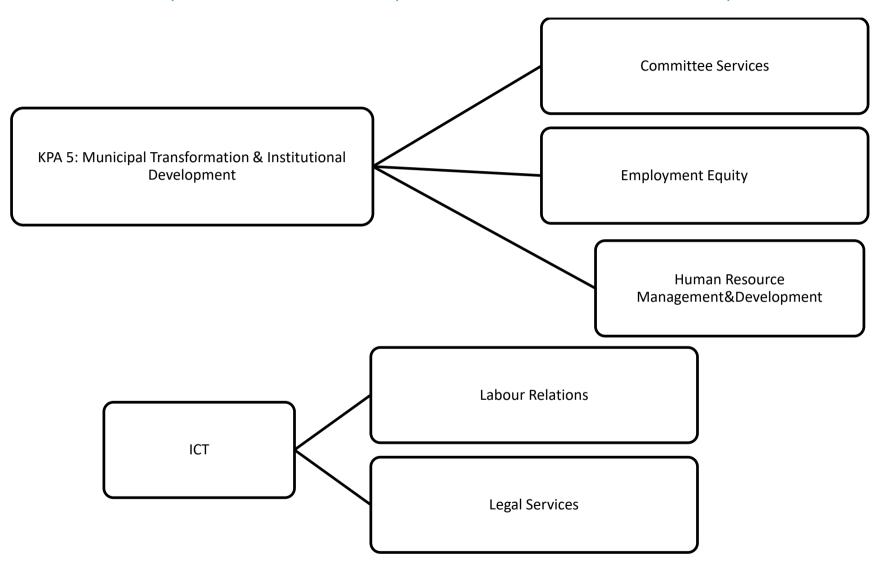
IDP/ Ref No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Progra mme or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/	Target 2018/ 19	Target 2019/ 20	Target 2020/2	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
						Total Operating Revenue (Including Agency Services) x 100									
KPI 103	Revenue Management	Program me	Financial Services	To implement an effective and efficient system of expenditure and supply chain management.	Number of formal households connected to the municipal electrical infrastructure network (credit and prepaid electrical metering)(Excluding Eskom areas) at 30 June	Number of households which are billed for electricity or have pre- paid meters (Excluding Eskom areas) at 30 June	23107	2318 2	24040	23182	23 950	23 950	23 950	Int.	MLM
KPI 104	Revenue Management	Program me	Financial Services	To implement an effective and efficient system of expenditure and supply chain management.	Number of households which are billed for water or have pre- paid meters.	Sum of households which are billed for water or have pre- paid meters.	30836 per month	3083 6 per mont h	30 836	30836	32 500	32 500	32 500	Int	MLM

IDP/ Ref No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Progra mme or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/	Target 2018/ 19	Target 2019/ 20	Target 2020/2	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
KPI 105	Revenue Management	Program me	Financial Services	To implement an effective and efficient system of expenditure and supply chain management.	Number of households which are billed for refuse removal.	Sum of households which are billed for refuse removal.	30836 per month	3083 6 per mont h	30 836	30836	31 500	31 500	31 500	Int	MLM
KPI 106	Revenue Management	Program me	Financial Services	To implement an effective and efficient system of expenditure and supply chain management.	Number of households which are billed for sewerage.	Sum of households which are billed for sewerage.	30836 per month	3083 6 per mont h	30 836	30836	32 100	32 100	32 100	Int.	MLM
KPI 107	Good Governance and Public Participation	Activity	Financial Services	Evaluate the performance of all service providers with contracts of 12 months or longer.	Number of assessments conducted on service providers annually.	Sum of performance assessments conducted.	0	20	4	4	4	4	4	Int.	MLM
KPI 108	Good Governance and Public Participation	Program me	Financial Services	Effective management and supervision of the SDBIP on the KPI's of the(Top layer and	75% of the KPIs have been met.	Number of KPIs met/by the total number of KPIs set.	75%	80%	80%	80%	75%	75%	75%	Int.	MLM

IDP/ Ref No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Progra mme or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/ 18	Target 2018/ 19	Target 2019/ 20	Target 2020/2	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
				Departmental KPIs>											
KPI 109	Good Governance and Public Participation.	Program me	Financial Services	Promote Sound risk management practices which the Directorate	Compiling and ensure compliance with the directorate action plan to address the residual risk.	Signed Action Plan	0	5	1	1	1	1	1	Int	MLM
KPI 110	Good Governance and Public Participation.	Program me	Financial Services	Promote Sound risk management practices which the Directorate	Submission of complete and signed reports on status of implementatio n of action plan to address risks.	Signed Quarterly Reports.	2	20	4	4	4	4	4	Int	MLM
KPI 111	Good Governance and Public Participation.	Program me	Financial Services	Promote Sound risk management practices which the Directorate	Attend and support risk committee meetings.	Quarterly attendance Registers.	2	20	4	4	4	4	4	Int	MLM
KPI 112	Municipal Transformatio n and	Program me		To facilitate the optimal	Develop an annual schedule of	Annual schedule submitted	1	4	0	1	1	1	1	Int.	MLM

IDP/ Ref No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Progra mme or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/ 18	Target 2018/ 19	Target 2019/ 20	Target 2020/2	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
	Institutional Development		Financial Services	functioning of management.	directorate meetings for approval by the Municipal Manager.	and approved by 30 June annually									
KPI 113	Municipal Transformatio n and Institutional Development	Activity	Financial Services	To facilitate the optimal functioning of management.	Number of monthly directorate meetings held.	Sum of directorate meetings held.	10	40	0	10	10	10	10	Int	MLM
KPI 114	Municipal Transformatio n and Institutional Development	Activity	Financial Services	To facilitate the optimal functioning of management.	Number of quarterly reports submitted to Council.	Sum of reports submitted to Council	16	16	0	4	4	4	4	Int	MLM

4.4.5 Key Performance Area 5: Municipal Transformation and Institutional Development



KPA 5: Municipal Tra	ansformation and Institutional Development		
Strategic Objective:	Promote a culture of participatory and good governance	Intended Outcome	Improved organisational stability and sustainability

IDP/Re f No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program me or Capital Projects	Director ate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Targ et 2017/ 18	Target 2018/1	Target 2019/2	Target 2020/2	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
KPI 115	Committe e Services	Programme	Corporate Services	To facilitate the optimal functioning of Council	Number of quarterly reports to Management on the tracking of council resolutions (submitted at the end of each quarter - Sept, Dec, Mar & Apr)	Number of reports submitted.	4p/a	4 per annum	4 X Report s submit ted per annum	4 X Reports submitt ed per annum	4 X Reports submitt ed per annum	4 X Reports submitte d per annum	4 X Reports submitte d per annum	Int	MLM
KPI 116	HRD	Activity	Corporate Services	To ensure continuous training and developmen t of employees.	WSP, annual training report(ATR) & PIVOTAL report compiled and submitted to LGSETA on 30 April each year.	Date annual training report and WSP submitted to the LGSETA	30 April	5	30 April	30 April	30 April	30 April	30 April	Int	MLM
KPI 117	HRD	Programme	Corporate Services	To ensure continuous training and developmen t of employees.	Apprenticeshi ps /Learnerships implemented as per WSP.	Sum of Apprenticeships implemented	1	5	1	1	1	1	1	Int	MLM
KPI 118	HRD	Programme	Corporate Services	To ensure continuous training and developmen t of employees.	Number of skills programmes implemented	Sum of skills programmes implemented	3	15	3	3	3	3	3	Int	MLM

IDP/Re f No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program me or Capital Projects	Director ate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Targ et 2017/ 18	Target 2018/1	Target 2019/2 0	Target 2020/2	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
KPI 119	HRD	Programme	Corporate Services	To ensure continuous training and developmen t of employees.	Number of Senior & Finance officials trained on MFMP competency levels	Sum of students enrolled	10	54	12	12	10	10	10	Int	MLM
KPI 120	HRM	Programme	Corporate Services	To ensure that the HR function responsibly forecast the future staffing needs and create plans for recruiting, hiring and retaining top talent.	Approved Macro and Micro Organisational Structure to Management	Date condoned by Management by October 2019	0	Approve d Macro and Micro Organisa tional Structur e	Struct ure review ed by Jun 2018	30 June	30 June	30 June	0	Int	MLM
KPI 121	HRM	Programme	Corporate Services	To ensure that the HR function responsibly forecast the future staffing needs and create plans for recruiting, hiring and retaining top talent.	Number of employees undergoing medical tests annually as required by OHSA	Sum of employees undergoing medical tests	400	400 per annum	350 per annum	400 per annum	400 per annum	400 per annum	400 per annum	Int	MLM
KPI 122	Employme nt Equity	Activity	Corporate Services	To ensure that the HR function responsibly forecast the future	Number of EE Reports submitted to DoL by 15 January each	Sum of reports submitted	1	1 plan annually	EEA4 and EEA2 form submit	EEA4 and EEA2 form submitt	EEA4 and EEA2 form submitt	EEA4 and EEA2 form submitte d to DoL	EEA4 and EEA2 form submitte d to DoL	Int	MLM

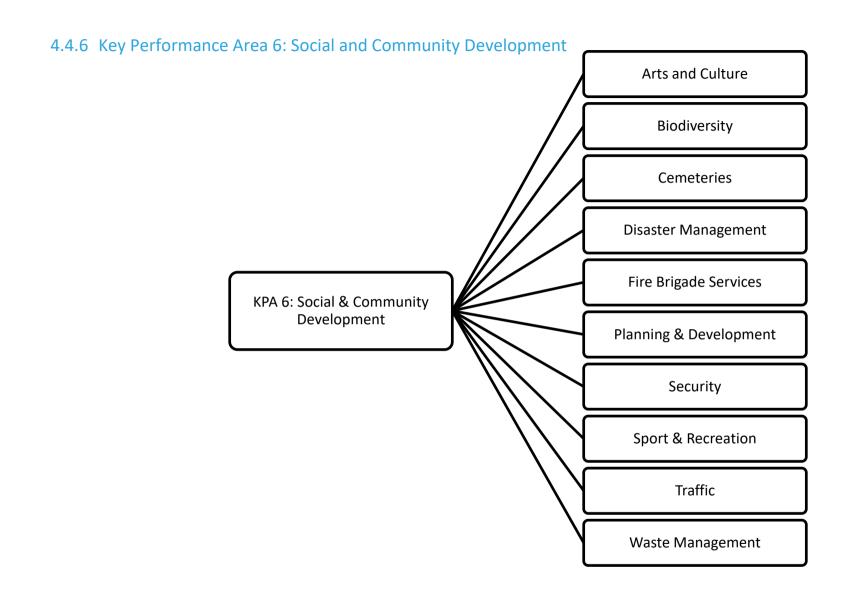
IDP/Re f No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program me or Capital Projects	Director ate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Targ et 2017/ 18	Target 2018/1	Target 2019/2	Target 2020/2	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
				staffing needs and create plans for recruiting, hiring and retaining top talent.	year [EEA2 and EEA4]				ted to DoL	ed to DoL	ed to DoL				
KPI 123	Employme nt Equity	Activity	Corporate Services	To ensure that the HR function responsibly forecast the future staffing needs and create plans for recruiting, hiring and retaining top talent.	Review of EE Plan and numerical goals and targets annually	Revised EEPLan and Council Resolution	1	1 plan annually	Annua l Revie w	Annual Review	Annual Review	Annual Review	Annual Review	Int	MLM
KPI 124	Employee wellness	Activity	Corporate Services	To ensure that the HR function responsibly forecast the future staffing needs and create plans for recruiting, hiring and retaining top talent.	Submit quarterly reports to the Management regarding activities carried out	Sum of reports submitted	4	4 X Reports submitte d per annum	4 X Report s submit ted per annum	4 X Reports submitt ed per annum	4 X Reports submitt ed per annum	4 X Reports submitte d per annum	4 X Reports submitte d per annum	Int	MLM

IDP/Re f No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program me or Capital Projects	Director ate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Targ et 2017/ 18	Target 2018/1	Target 2019/2	Target 2020/2	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
KPI 125	Employee Wellness	Programme	Corporate Services	To ensure that the HR functions responsibly, focused the future staffing needs and create plans for recruiting, hiring and retaining top talent.	Number of Wellness awareness programmes undertaken.	Sum of wellness awareness programmes undertaken.	8	32	0	8	8	8	8	Int.	MLM
KPI 126	ICT	Activity	Corporate Services	Ensure that an effective and efficient ICT system master plan is developed	Review ICT policy and Strategy biennial (every two years)	Date ICT policy and Strategy approved by Director	1	5	Revie w ICT policy and strateg y	1	1	1	0	Int	MLM
KPI 127	Labour Relations	Programme	Corporate Services	To ensure the effective functioning of the LLF	Number of LLF meetings held per annum	Sum of LLF meetings held per year	10	10 X per annum	10 X per annum	10 X per annum	10 X per annum	10 X per annum	10 X per annum	Int	MLM
KPI 128	Labour Relations	Programme	Corporate Services	To ensure the effective functioning of the LLF	% implementatio n of LLF resolutions taken (including monitoring of SALGBC collective agreements)	Number of resolutions implemented/N umber of resolutions taken	85%	85%	85%	85%	85%	85%	85%	Int	MLM
KPI 129	Legal Services	Activity	Corporate Services	To provide efficient and effective legal services	Number of by- laws developed and approved as per priority functional area	Number of by- laws developed	8	8	8	4	2	1	1	Int	MLM

IDP/Re f No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program me or Capital Projects	Director ate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Targ et 2017/ 18	Target 2018/1	Target 2019/2	Target 2020/2	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
KPI 130	Personnel Expenditu re	Programme	Organisati onal	To ensure continuous training and developmen t of employees.	% of a municipality's personnel budget actually spent on implementing its workplace skills plan;	R value spent on training divided by total personnel budget value of the municipality	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	Int	MLM
KPI 131	Committe e Services	Activity	Corporate Services	To facilitate the optimal functioning of Council.	% of agendas for scheduled meetings distributed to Councillors and officials at least 48 hours before the meeting	Number of agendas distributed 48 hours before the meeting divided by the total Number of agendas distributed	98%	98% for each quarter	98% for each quarte r	98% for each quarter	98% for each quarter	98% for each quarter	98% for each quarter	Int	MLM
KPI 132	Committe e Services	Activity	Corporate Services	To facilitate the optimal functioning of Council.	% of Council Minutes submitted to management within 7 working days after each meeting	Number of council minutes submitted to management within 7 days after each council meeting divided by Number of council meetings	98%	98% for each quarter	98% for each quarte r	98% for each quarter	98% for each quarter	98% for each quarter	98% for each quarter	Int	MLM
KPI 133	Committe e Services	Activity	Corporate Services	To facilitate the optimal functioning of Council.	Annual council schedule compiled and approved by end of June each year	Annual Schedule provided on or before due date	1	5	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	Int	MLM
KPI 134	Good Governanc e and Public	Programme	Corporate Services	Effective managemen t and supervision of the SDBIP	75% of the KPI's have been met.	Number of KPI's met divided the total number of KPI'S	75%	75%	0	80%	75%	75%	75%	Int.	MLM

IDP/Re f No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program me or Capital Projects	Director ate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Targ et 2017/ 18	Target 2018/1	Target 2019/2 0	Target 2020/2	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
	Participati on.			on the KPI's of the Directorate (Top Layer and Department al KPIs.											
KPI 135	Good Governanc e and Public Participati on.	Activity	Corporate Services	Evaluate the performance of all service providers with contracts of 12 months or longer.	Number of performance evaluations for services providers.	Number of assessments conducted on service providers annually.	4	16	0	4	4	4	4	Int.	MLM
KPI 136	Good Governanc e and Public Participati on.	Programme	Corporate Services	Promote Sound risk managemen t practices which the Directorate	Compiling and ensure compliance with the directorate action plan to address the residual risk.	Signed Action Plan	1	5	1	1	1	1	1	Int	MLM
KPI 137	Good Governanc e and Public Participati on.	Programme	Corporate Services	Promote Sound risk managemen t practices which the Directorate	Submission of complete and signed reports on status of implementatio n of action plan to address risks.to the risk officer	Signed Quarterly Reports.	2	20	4	4	4	4	4	Int	MLM
KPI 138	Good Governanc e and Public Participati on.	Programme	Corporate Services	Promote Sound risk managemen t practices which the Directorate	Attend and support risk committee meetings.	Quarterly attendance Registers.	2	20	4	4	4	4	4	Int	MLM
KPI 139	Municipal Transform ation and Institution al	Programme	Corporate Services	To facilitate the optimal functioning of	Develop an annual schedule of directorate meetings for	Annual schedule submitted and approved by 30 June annually	1	4	0	30 June	1	1	1	Int.	MLM

IDP/Re f No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program me or Capital Projects	Director ate	Municipal Strategy	KPI	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Targ et 2017/ 18	Target 2018/1 9	Target 2019/2 0	Target 2020/2	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
	Developm ent			managemen t.	approval by the Municipal Manager.										
KPI 140	Municipal Transform ation and Institution al Developm ent	Activity	Corporate Services	To facilitate the optimal functioning of managemen t.	Number of monthly directorate meetings held.	Sum of directorate meetings held.	10	30	0	0	10	10	10	Int	MLM
KPI 141	Municipal Transform ation and Institution al Developm ent	Actiivity	Corporate Services	To facilitate the optimal functioning of managemen t.	Number of quarterly reports submitted to Council.	Sum of reports submitted to Council.	NEW KPI	8	0	0	0	4	4	Int	MLM



KPA 6: Safety and En	vironment		
Strategic Objective:	Build united non-racial, integrated and safer communities.	Intended Outcome	Developed communities and improved social cohesion

IDP/R ef No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/1 8	Targ et 2018/ 19	Target 2019/20	Target 2020/21	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
KPI 142	Arts and Culture	Program me	Communit y Services	To optimize community participation in Arts and Culture.	Number of arts and culture activities and events held in the municipal area	Number of activities held	7	25	7	6	2	4	4	Int	MLM
KPI 143	Biodivers ity	Program me	Communit y Services	Removing of invasive plants as scheduled in the Biodiversity Act.	Establishment of a Bio- Diversity Unit in all three towns	Unit established on the organogram	New KPI	1	N/A	The unit be estab lishe d	N/A	The unit be establish ed	N/A	Int	MLM
KPI 144	Cemeteri es	Program me	Communit y Services	Expansion of cemeteries	Number of expansion of cemeteries	Sum of cemeteries expanded	0	3	2	2	1	2	0	Int	MLM
KPI 145	Cemeteri es	Capital Projects	Communit y Services	Effective maintenance of cemeteries.	Fencing of cemeteries	Number of cemeteries fenced.	New KPI	3	1	1	1	1	1	Int	MLM
KPI 146	Parks	Activity	Communit y Services	Effective maintenance of recreational facilities.	Upgrading of Community Halls.	Sum of Community Halls upgraded.	NEW KPI	4	0	1	1	1	1	Int	MLM
KPI 147	Parks	Capital Projects	Communit y Services	Effective maintenance of recreational facilities.	Business plans submitted to request funding for the development of two parks.	Sum of business plans submitted	NEW KPI	2	0	0	0	2	0	Int	MLM

IDP/R ef No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/1	Targ et 2018/ 19	Target 2019/20	Target 2020/21	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
KPI 148	Parks	Capital Projects	Communit y Services	Development of Parks for heritage and Recreation purposes	Number of areas identified for parks	Number of sites identified for development of parks	1	10	2	2	2	2	2	Int	MLM
KPI 149	Fire Services	Activity	Communit y Services	To provide professional fire services within Stenysrus/Mat lwang and Viljoenskroon / Rammulotsi	Number of business plans submitted to request funding for the two fire stations.	Sum of business plans submitted.	0	2 x per annum (1 toFDDM and 1 x to Prov Gov)	2 x per annum (1 toFDD M and 1 x to Prov Gov	2 x per annu m (1 toFD DM and 1 x to Prov Gov	1 Per Annun Viljoensk roon)	1 Per Annun Viljoensk roon)	0	Int.	MLM
KPI 150	Fire Services	Activity	Communit y Services	To provide effective and efficient fire services in Moqhaka to ensure community safety	Number of premises inspected for fire safety and compliance.	Sum of premises inspected for fire safety and compliance.	100	740 over 5 years	120	140	200	280	300	Int.	MLM
KPI 151	Disaster Manage ment	Activity	Communit y Services	To ensure that the municipality have an approved Disaster Management Plan for implementatio n in the event of such a disaster occurring	Disaster Management Plan for the municipality reviewed and approved by Council	Date DMP approved	30 Jun	5 Annual Reviews done	30 June	30 June	30 Sept	30 June	30 June	Int	MLM

IDP/R ef No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/1	Targ et 2018/ 19	Target 2019/20	Target 2020/21	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
КРІ 152	Disaster Manage ment	Activity	Communit y Services	To ensure implementatio n of the approved Disaster Management Plan.	Establishment of Interdepartme ntal Committee of Disaster Management.	Date of established of Interdepart mental Committee.	New KPI	1	0		30 June	0	0	Int	MLM
KPI 153	Disaster Manage ment	Activity	Communit y Services	By Developing a comprehensiv e risk profile for the municipality	Disaster Risk Assessment Report developed by 30 June 2020	Completion Date.	New KPI	Variable risk profile per risk hazard	0	0	30 June	0	0	Int.	MLM
KPI 154	Disaster Manage ment	Activity	Communit y Services	Develop a Municipal Risk Reduction Plan consistent with the Spatial Development Framework	Number of awareness campaigns conducted.	Sum of awareness campaign conducted.	New KPI	1	1	4	4	4	4	Int.	MLM
KPI 155	Disaster Manage ment	Activity	Communit y Services	Develop and commission a municipal Disaster Management Centre	Disaster Management Section adequately staffed by June 2021.	Staff appointed by 30 June 2021	New KPI	1 centre adopted by council	0	0	0	30 June	N/A	Int	MLM
КРІ 156	Custome r Satisfacti on	Activity	Office of the MM	To ensure that the customer care policy is approved and implemented.	% of customer complaints handled within 24 hrs.	Number of complaints received/Nu mber of complaints resolved within 24 hours	80%	90%	80%	85%	90%	90%	90%	Int	MLM
KPI 157	Disaster Manage ment	Activity	Communit y Services	Develop an early warning system	An operational Early system warning developed	Operational early warning system	New KPI	1	0	0	0	1	0	Int	MLM

IDP/R ef No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/1	Targ et 2018/ 19	Target 2019/20	Target 2020/21	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
KPI 158	Security	Program me	Communit y Services	Draft and submit By- Laws to Council for approval and implementatio n	Number of by- law enforcement operations held	Sum of all by-law operations held	4	34	8 per annum	8per annu m	4 per annum	4 per annum	4 per annum	Int	MLM
KPI 159	Traffic	Program me	Communit y Services	To ensure the provision of an effective and efficient law enforcement service to increase public safety.	Number of fines issued against law transgressors	Number of tickets issued to transgressor s	4 400	2200 per annum	4 400	4 400	4 400	4 700	4 800	Int	MLM
КРІ 160	Sport and recreatio n	Program me	Communit y Services	Effective maintenance of sport and recreation facilities	Establishment of sport and recreation maintenance unit	Date of approval of the organogram	New KPI	1	0	0	31 Dec	30 June	N/A	Int	MLM
KPI 161	Traffic	Program me	Communit y Services	To provide an effective and efficient Traffic Law Enforcement Service to the residents of Moqhaka local municipality in collaboration with other stakeholders	Number of law enforcement operations conducted	Sum of all events held	5	100 per annum	0	100 per annu m	100 per annum	100 per annum	100 per annum	Int & Ext	MLM
KPI 162	Traffic	Program me	Communit y Services	To conduct Road Safety Education and Communicatio n Campaigns within Moqhaka local municipality in collaboration with the Free State Department of	No of road safety Education and communicatio ns campaigns conducted	Sum of all events held	1	1 per annum	1per annum	1 per annu m	4 per annum	4 per annum	4per annum	Int	MLM

IDP/R ef No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/1	Targ et 2018/ 19	Target 2019/20	Target 2020/21	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
				Police, Roads and Transport											
KPI 163	Waste Manage ment	Program me	Communit y Services	To ensure that the IWMP is implemented as approved.	Rehabilitation of the old landfill site in Viljoenskroon by 30 June 2021.	Landfill site rehabilitated by 30 June 2021.	30 June	1	0	30 Jun	30 Jun	30 June	0	Int.	MLM
KPI 164	Waste manage ment	Program me	Communit y Services	By ensuring access to solid waste removal services to all HH within the municipal area by 2019.	Number of households in municipal area with access to refuse removal	Sum of households in municipal area with access to refuse removal.	34 625	34 231	34011	3401 1	34011	34 883	34 883	Int	MLM
KPI 165	Waste manage ment	Activity	Communit y Services	To curb illegal dumping in the municipal area by implementing the Integrated Waste Management strategy.	Review strategy on how to deal with illegal dumping. Strategy approved by Director on or before 30 Jun 2020	Date Strategy approved	1	Revised strategy	1	1	1	1	1	Int	MLM
KPI 166	Waste manage ment	Activity	Communit y Services	To curb the incidence of illegal dumping which could lead to a disaster.	No of fines issued to perpetrators by law enforcement/ Peace Officers	Sum of fines issued	4	20	4	4	4	4	4	Int	MLM
KPI 167	Waste manage ment	Program me	Communit y Services	To curb the incidence of illegal dumping which could lead to a disaster.	Number of waste awareness campaigns conducted.	Sum of awareness sessions held	4	4 per annum	4	4	4	4	4	Int	MLM

IDP/R ef No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/1 8	Targ et 2018/ 19	Target 2019/20	Target 2020/21	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
KPI 168	Good Governa nce and Public Participa tion	Activity	Communit y Services	Evaluate the performance of all service providers with contracts of 12 months or longer.	Number of assessments conducted on service providers annually.	Sum of performance assessments conducted.2 27	4	20	4	4	2	4	4	Int.	MLM
KPI 169	Good Governa nce and Public Participa tion	Program me	Communit y Services	Effective management and supervision of the SDBIP on the KPI's of the(Top layer and Departmental KPIs>	75% of the KPIs have been met.	Number of KPIs met/by the total number of KPIs set.	80%	75%	80%	80%	75%	75%	75%	Int.	MLM
KPI 170	Good Governa nce and Public Participa tion.	Program me	Communit y Services	Promote Sound risk management practices within the Directorate	Compiling and ensure compliance with the directorate action plan to address the residual risk.	Signed Action Plan	0	5	1	1	1	1	1	Int	MLM
KPI 171	Good Governa nce and Public Participa tion.	Program me	Communit y Services	Promote Sound risk management practices which the Directorate	Submission of complete and signed reports on status of implementation of action plan to address risks.	Signed Quarterly Reports.	2	20	4	4	4	4	4	Int	MLM
KPI 172	Good Governa nce and Public Participa tion.	Program me	Communit y Services	Promote Sound risk management practices which the Directorate	Attend and support risk committee meetings.	Quarterly attendance Registers.	2	20	4	4	4	4	4	Int	MLM

IDP/R ef No.	IDP Priority Area	Activity, Program or Capital Projects	Directorate	Municipal Strategy	КРІ	Calculation	Baseline	Total	Target 2017/1 8	Targ et 2018/ 19	Target 2019/20	Target 2020/21	Target 2021/2 2	Delivery Int/Ext	Funding Source
KPI 173	Municipa l Transfor mation and Institutio nal Develop ment	Program me	Communit y Services	To facilitate the optimal functioning of management.	Develop an annual schedule of directorate meetings for approval by the Municipal Manager.	Annual schedule submitted and approved by 30 June annually	30 June	4	0	30 Jun	30 Jun	30 Jun	30 Jun	Int.	MLM
KPI 174	Municipa l Transfor mation and Institutio nal Develop ment	Activity	Communit y Services	To facilitate the optimal functioning of management.	Number of monthly directorate meetings held.	Sum of directorate meetings held.	10	40	0	10	10	10	10	Int	MLM
KPI 175	Municipa l Transfor mation and Institutio nal Develop ment	Activity	Communit y Services	To facilitate the optimal functioning of management.	Number of quarterly reports submitted to Council.	Sum of reports submitted to Council	4	76	0	4	24	24	24	Int	MLM

Chapter 5: Long Term Financial Plan

5.1 Introduction

The purpose of this chapter is to outline a comprehensive multi-year financial plan that will ensure long-term financial sustainability for Moqhaka. The Financial Plan is essential to ensure that the Municipality continues to implement its mandate effectively without impairing its capital base and to move towards self-sufficiency in meeting the growing demands of service delivery.

The multi-year Financial Plan is prepared for a planning period of five years, paying particular attention to infrastructure investment which is an important developmental component of the IDP. Through this plan Moqhaka will focus on greater financial health and sustainability making collaboration of capital investment projects with other levels of government and private sector investors much easier. It is of utmost importance that Moqhaka stimulate the macro-economic environment to attract the private sector to investment in Moqhaka. Through this approach Moqhaka will enhance its ability to have access to much needed financial resources to invest in new as well as to maintain its current infrastructure assets.

This plan will also focus on the expansion of Moqhaka's revenue sources in relation to its costs to ensure that the Municipality stays a financial viable and sustainable going concern. Moqhaka must utilise available financial resources in an effective, efficient and economical way to ensure that outputs have the desired outcomes as set out in Chapter 3 of the IDP. The financial strategies detailed in this plan must contribute to the achievement of these objectives.

It is important to note that this multi-year financial plan will cover key focus areas over the next five years and even longer. However, due to the fact that budgets in terms of National Treasury's Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations only covers a planning period of the next financial year and the two outer financial years thereafter; the budget information supplied in this chapter might only cover the next three financial years. It will also cover the current financial year's information as well as the previous three financial years' audited information.

A discussion will now follow on key focus areas consisting of a financial framework, financial strategies, financial policies, budget assumptions, operating revenue, operating expenditure, capital expenditure, capital expenditure funding and a concluding statement.

5.2 Financial Framework

It must be noted that not all municipalities are the same and this should be kept in mind when assessing the financial health of and the setting of benchmarks for a Municipality. A municipality can be categorised into a developed or a developing Municipality. Moqhaka can be categorised as a developing or growing Municipality.

Developing municipalities will require significant additional resources and funding to conduct the growth that is expected of them. With the demands for growth come risks that need to be managed. The priority from the financial perspective is the viability and sustainability of the Municipality.

5.2.1 Revenue adequacy and Certainty

It is essential that Moqhaka has access to adequate sources of revenue from its own operations and intergovernmental transfers to enable it to carry out its functions. It is furthermore necessary that there is a reasonable degree of certainty with regard to the source, amount and timing of revenue. The latest DoRA has laid out the level of funding from National Government that will be received for the 2020/2021 to 2022/2023 financial years.

It is important to track the respective sources of revenue received by the Municipality as they can be quite different and can vary substantially depending upon the phase that the Municipality is in. Knowledge of the sources of funds will illustrate the Municipality's position more accurately, its ability to secure loans relative to its income and its borrowing capacity.

5.2.2 Cash / liquidity position

Cash and cash management is vital for the short- and long-term survival and good management of any organisation. This is also the case with Moqhaka municipality. The appropriate benchmarks which can assist in assessing the financial health of the Municipality are:

- (a) The current ratio, which expresses the current assets as a proportion to current liabilities. A current ratio in excess of two to one (2:1) is considered to be very healthy. Moqhaka as at 30 June 2019 stood at a ratio of **0.5:1**; as at 30 June 2018 was at a ratio of **0.4:1** and as at 30 June 2017 at a ratio of **0.5:1**. These results are seen as highly undesirable in the medium to short term and must be turned around. The operating budget needs to produce yearly operating surpluses to improve our cash backed reserves position and all collectable revenue needs to be collected.
- (b) **Debtor's turnover ratio**, which have a great impact on the liquidity of the Municipality. The Municipality as at 30 June 2019 took on average **614** days to recover its outstanding debts. This is an increase when compared to **389** days as at 30 June 2019. Moqhaka envisaged to attempt to reduce the debtor's turnover ratio (without provisions for bad debt) to less than 300 days and 240 days in the short-term. Over the medium- and long-term the Municipality will attempt to decrease it to 150 days (2017/18), 120 days (2018/19), 90 days (2020/21), 60 days (2021/22) and 30 days (2022/23) respectively. The acceptable norm is 30 days.

(c) The **collection rate** for the 2019/20 financial year **71%** which is a decline as compare to the **82%** of 2018/19 financial year. Moqhaka will endeavour over the short-, medium- and long-term to increase its collection rate to 95% and higher.

5.2.3 Sustainability

Moqhaka needs to ensure that its budget is balanced and cash-funded (realistically anticipated revenue to be received/collected that covers expenditure). As there are limits on revenue, it is necessary to ensure that services are provided at levels that are affordable; and, that the full costs of service delivery are recovered. However, to ensure that households which are too poor to pay for even a portion of their basic services at least have access to these basic services; there is a need for the subsidisation of these households through an indigent support subsidy.

5.2.4 Effective and efficient use of resources

In an environment of limited resources, it is essential that the Municipality make maximum use of the resources at its disposal by using them in an effective and efficient manner. Efficiency in operations and investment will increase poor people's access to basic services. It is therefore imperative for the operating budget to be compiled on the zero base budget approach to eliminate any excess cash usually built in a budget as a result of the incremental budget approach.

5.2.5 Accountability, transparency and good governance

The Municipality is accountable to the people who provide the resources, for what they do with these resources. The budgeting process and other financial decisions should be open to public scrutiny and public participation. In addition, the accounting and financial reporting procedures must minimise opportunities for corruption and fraud. It is also essential that accurate financial information is produced within acceptable time-frames.

5.2.6 Equity and redistribution

The Municipality must treat people fairly and justly when it comes to the provision of services. In the same way, the Municipality should be treated equitably by national and provincial government when it comes to inter-governmental transfers. The "equitable share" from national government will be used primarily for targeted subsidies to poorer households. In addition, the Municipality will continue to cross-subsidise between high- and low-income consumers within a specific service or between services.

5.2.7 Development and investment

In order to deal effectively with backlogs in services, there is a need for the Municipality to maximise its investment in municipal infrastructure.

5.2.8 Borrowing

The strong capital market in South Africa (commercial banks and other borrowing institutions like the DBSA, INCA, etc.) provides an additional instrument to access financial resources. However, the Municipality may not borrow to balance its operating budget and to finance any operating expenditure. Safeguards need to be put in place to ensure that the Municipality borrows in a responsible manner. In order to have access to this market, the Municipality will need to have accurate and appropriate financial accounting and reporting systems. We will have to ensure that we generate enough cash to honour repayment commitments.

The manner in which the Municipality manages debt or takes on new debt to finance investment activities will have a significant impact on the solvency and long-term viability of the Municipality.

5.3 Financial Strategies

5.3.1 Revenue raising strategies

The following are some of the programs that have been identified:

- a) Ward based public participation meeting to create awareness and encourage payment of accounts,
- b) Data cleansing to ensure data integrity and complete and accurate billing,
- c) Enforcement of credit control mechanisms and policy as well as the by-laws to keep accounts up to date.
- d) Effective and efficient implementation of debt collection policy.
- e) Blocking and disconnection of electricity meters for accounts in arrears.
- f) Sending letters of demand for service accounts in arrears.
- g) Verification of the indigent register to ensure that only poor households benefit from the scheme and those who can afford to pay for services rendered do so.
- h) The development of a municipal Revenue enhancement strategy.
- i) The establishment of a municipal debt collection call centre in order to enable the municipality to collect the outstanding debtors book.

5.3.2 Asset management strategies

The following are some of the more significant programmes that have been identified:

- (a) Development of infrastructure masterplans to enforce cost effective repairs and maintenance and future rehabilitation or upgrade of the infrastructure;
- (b) Capacity building within the Technical and Financial Services in terms of asset management, to relieve reliance on consultants for both project management and project and asset accounting;
- (c) Review of the assets management policy and procedures;
- (d) Implementation of the configuration of the asset management system into the mSCOA platform to comply with the new budget reforms.

5.3.3 Financial management strategies and programmes

The following are some of the more significant programmes that have been identified:

- (a) The on-going review of the computerised financial accounting system.
- (b) Integration of all computerised systems and acquisition of hardware and software required. The integration of computerised systems and acquisition of the required hardware and software within the Municipality to ensure that information is accurate, relevant and prompt, which in turn will facilitate the smooth running and effective management of the Municipality.
- (c) Development of an mSCOA compliant MTREF Budget.
- (d) Develop and implement a uniform budget reporting framework compliant with National Treasury's Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations.
- (e) Review and update asset, budget and accounting policies and procedures.
- (f) Training and development of financial and other staff members. The aim of this project will be to constantly ensure that the financial and other staff members receive the training they require to ensure a cost-effective and efficient service to the Municipality and its customers.
- (g) Enhance budgetary controls and timeliness of financial data. Building the capacity of the Budget and Treasury Office to ensure that financial information for reporting purposes is generated timeously. It will also include the monitoring and reporting on budget variances.

5.4 Financial Policies

5.4.1 General philosophy

The financial philosophy of Moqhaka is to provide a sound financial base and the resources necessary to sustain a satisfactory level of municipal services for the citizens of Moqhaka.

It is the goal of the Municipality to achieve a strong financial position with the ability to withstand local and regional economic impacts; to adjust efficiently to the community's changing service requirements; to effectively maintain, improve and expand the Municipality's infrastructure; to manage the Municipality's budget and cash flow to the maximum benefit of the community; to prudently plan, coordinate and implement responsible and sustainable community development and growth; and to provide a high level of fire and other protective services to assure public health and safety.

Based on the financial framework, financial strategies and the general financial philosophy statement, the Municipality have to develop financial policies that support the above. Moqhaka's financial policies shall also address the following fiscal goals:

- (a) To keep the Municipality in a fiscally sound position in both the long and short term;
- (b) To maintain sufficient financial liquidity through regular reviews and adjustments to meet normal operating and contingent obligations;
- (c) To apply credit control policies which maximise collection while providing relief to the indigent;
- (d) To implement credit control policies that recognise the basic policy of customer care and convenience;
- (e) To operate utilities in a responsive and fiscally sound manner;
- (f) To maintain and protect existing infrastructure and capital assets;
- (g) To provide a framework for the prudent use of debt financing; and,
- (h) To direct the Municipality's financial resources toward meeting the goals of the Municipality's Integrated Development Plan.

5.4.2 Budget related policies

The following budget related policy is place;

(a) Budget Policy

- (b) Indigent Subsidy Policy
- (c) Cash and Investment Policy
- (d) Cash Control Policy
- (e) Petty Cash Policy
- (f) Travel and Subsistence Policy

5.4.3 Revenue policies

- (a) Tariff Schedule
- (b) Tariff Policy
- (c) Property Rates Policy
- (d) Meter Reading Policy

5.4.4 Credit control policies and procedures

- (a) Write-Off Policy
- (b) Debt Collection and Credit Control Policy

5.4.5 Supply chain management

- (a) Supply Chain Management Policy
- (b) SCM Policy for Infrastructure Procurement and Delivery Management

5.4.6 Asset management policies

The objective of the Asset Management Policy is to prescribe the accounting and administrative policies and procedures relating to Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE), which are immoveable and moveable assets of Moqhaka, and, computer software which are intangible assets of Moqhaka Municipality. The principles and policy statements are embedded in the Asset Management Policy of Council.

5.4.7 Investment policies

In terms of Section 13(2) of the Municipal Finance Management Act each Municipality must establish an appropriate and effective Cash Management and Investment Policy. Investments of the Municipality shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio. The portfolio shall remain sufficiently liquid to enable the Municipality to meet daily cash flow demands and conform to all state and local requirements governing the investment of public funds. The preservation of principal is the foremost objective of the investment program. Moqhaka will continue the current cash management and investment practices, which are designed to emphasise safety of capital first, sufficient liquidity to meet obligations second, and the highest possible yield third. These principles are embedded in the Cash and Investment Policy of Council.

5.4.8 Debt management policies

Moqhaka shall issue debt only when necessary to meet a public need and when funding for such projects is not available from current revenues, reserves or other sources. Long-term borrowing will be used to finance capital improvements as approved in the Municipality's capital projects/plan. Capital projects financed through the issuance of debt shall be financed for a period not to exceed the expected useful life of the project. The Municipality will not incur debt to finance current operations. Lease-purchase obligations, capital outlay notes or other debt instruments may be used as a medium-term method of borrowing for the financing of vehicles, computers, other specialised types of equipment, or other capital improvements. All these principles are embedded in the Borrowing Policy of Council.

Borrowing should be limited to 45% of the total operating revenue as required by MFMA Circular No. 71. If not, the Municipality will become over-indebted and a risk to banking institutions and this will result in loans over shorter term being at higher interest rates. This will adversely affect the current customer base.

5.4.9 Accounting policies

The principles on which Moqhaka operate with regard to the presentation, treatment and disclosure of financial information forms part of the Accounting Policy adopted in the compiled yearly annual financial statements.

5.5 Budget Assumptions

Based on the financial framework, financial strategies and financial policies the MTREF Budget was compiled. Key assumptions relating to the MTREF Budget also included the following:

(a) National government grants for the years 2020/2021 to 2022/2023 are as per the Division of Revenue Act (DoRA). For year four and five estimated increases in terms of the increases patterns or CPI were used.

- (b) Provincial government grants for the years 2020/2021 to 2022/2023 are as per promulgated in the Provincial Gazettes. For year four and five estimated increases in terms of the CPI were used.
- (c) The headline inflation rate (consumer price index or CPI) was 4.5% for the 2020/21 financial year and is estimated at 4.6% for the 2021/2022 financial year. The estimated CPI for the 2022/23 is at 4.6%.
- (d) The South African Local Government Bargaining Council (SALGBC) determines the cost-of-living increases by mutual agreement between the employer and the unions.
- (e) Bulk electricity purchases increased with 6.9% for the 2020/2021 financial year compared with 9.41% for the 2019/2020 financial year.
- (f) Provision has been made for a property rates revenue increase of 7.7% for the 2020/2021 financial year and 9% for the next four outgoing years.
- (g) Budgeted electricity revenue increase with 6.24% for the 2020/2021 financial year. Due to a lack of outer year projections from National Treasury and NERSA the same revenue increase is projected for the outer four financial years.
- (h) Budgeted water revenue increase with an average of 9.8% for the 2020/2021 financial year and with an average of 8%, 8.5%, 7.5% and 7% respectively over the four outgoing years. Although lower consumption will lead to lower costs, this approach will lead to a minimal operating surplus. Water is a trading service and is supposed to generate an operating surplus and a smaller turnover will reduce the much-needed profit to subsidise community services that cannot be covered through the unpopular property rates revenue raised.
- (i) Budgeted refuse revenue increase with an average 8.1% for the 2020/2021 financial year, and with an average of 7%, 6.5%, 6% and 6% respectively over the four outgoing years.
- (j) Budgeted sanitation revenue increase with an average of 8.5% for the 2020/2021 financial year, and with an average of 7.5%, 7%, 8% and 6% respectively over the four outgoing years. Sanitation is an economic service and needs to break even as determined by Council's Tariff Policy and MFMA Circulars as issued by National Treasury.

5.6 Operating Revenue Framework

In order to serve the community and to render the services needed, revenue generation is fundamental for financial sustainability. The reality is that we are faced with developmental backlogs and poverty challenging our revenue generation capacity. The needs (being capital or operational of nature) always exceed the available financial resources. This becomes more obvious when compiling the annual budget and marrying it with the community's needs as recorded in the IDP. This is a worldwide problem and therefore available financial resources should be utilised where it delivers the biggest impact on outcomes that will improve the quality of life of our local communities.

The municipality's revenue strategy is built around the following key components:

- National Treasury's guidelines and macro-economic policy;
- Projected growth and growth in demand for services;
- Realistic projections of revenue and collection thereof, as well as strategies for debtor's management;
- Improving the effectiveness of revenue management processes and procedures;
- Efficient revenue management, which aims to ensure a <u>95%</u> annual collection rate for property rates and service charges as required by MFMA Circular No. 71;
- Electricity tariff increases as approved by the National Electricity Regulator of South Africa (NERSA);
- Achievement of <u>full cost recovery</u> of specific user charges especially in relation to trading services;
- Paying special attention to cost containment measures by, amongst other things, controlling unnecessary spending on nice-to-have items and non-essential activities as was highlighted in MFMA Circular No.82;
- Determination of tariffs for trading services in a cost reflective and a cost recovery manner;
- Determining the tariff escalation rate by establishing/calculating the revenue requirement of each service in order to achieve cost reflective tariffs (or Break-Even-Point);
- The municipality's Property Rates Policy approved by Council in terms of the Municipal Property Rates Act, 2004 (Act 6 of 2004) (MPRA);
- The municipality's Indigent Policy and the rendering of free basic services; and
- Curbing consumption of water and electricity by indigents to ensure that they do not exceed their allocated benefits.

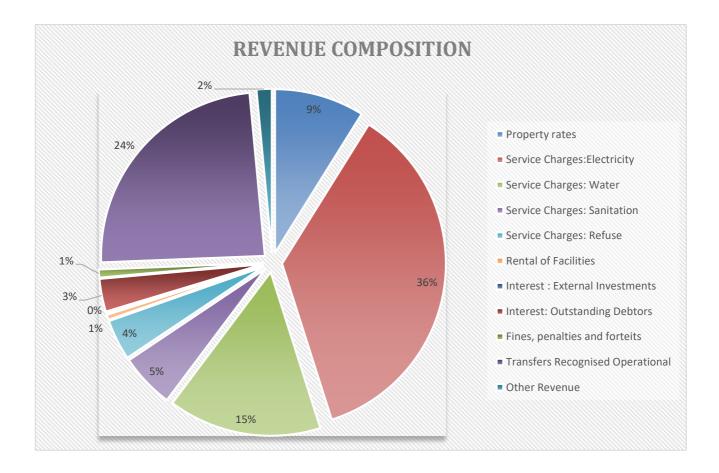
The operating revenue will now be discussed and analysed.

5.6.1 Operating Revenue by Source

In the table below the operating revenue per revenue source are indicated as follows:

The following table is a summary of the 2020/21 MTREF (classified by main revenue source):

Table 16: Summary of Revenue classified by main revenue source



Revenue types					
R thousand	Adjustment Budget Year 2019/20	Budget Year 2020/21	%	Revenue Composition	
Property rates	76 515	82 876	8%	9%	
Service Charges: Electricity	316 640	338 478	7%	36%	
Service Charges: Water	131 187	141 502	8%	15%	
Service Charges: Sanitation	46 925	50 209	7%	5%	
Service Charges: Refuse	34 610	37 379	8%	4%	
Rental of Facilities	8 003	4 769	-40%	1%	
Interest : External Investments	1 795	1 883	5%	0%	
Interest: Outstanding Debtors	28 573	30 285	6%	3%	
Fines, penalties and forteits	8 023	7 426	-7%	1%	
Transfers Recognised Operational	209 441	225 482	8%	24%	
Other Revenue	14 393	14 037	-2%	2%	
Total Revenue (Excluding capital grants)	876 105	934 326	7%	100%	

In line with the formats prescribed by the Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations, capital transfers and contributions are excluded from the operating statement, as inclusion of these revenue sources would distort the calculated operating surplus/deficit.

Revenue generated from rates and service charges comprise a significant percentage (70%) of the revenue basket for the Municipality. Rates and service charge revenues comprise more than two thirds of the total revenue mix. In the 2020/21 financial year, revenue from rates and services charges amounted to R650 million. This effectively means that the municipality is highly dependent on its consumers/households/community to pay for the services rendered in order to enable the municipality to continue rendering these basic services consistently so. The municipal funding composition is outlined in section Error! Reference source not found. of this document.

TARIFFS REMARKS

Water

Revenues from water services increased on average by **9.8%**. The municipality continue to experience major challenges with regards to its water network, which in most cases leaves the community without water for extended period of times. The water network is still predominantly asbestos pipelines. This continues to adversely affect our water distribution infrastructure due to continuous burst pipes, especially during the winter season due to the type of network in place (asbestos pipes).

The repairs and maintenance cost for the network is funding from the "basic water charge" tariff. It has been evident from the past 3 years that this tariff does not adequately cover the costs of effectively maintaining the water network. This tariff continues to experience a higher tariff increase to ensure that adequate financial resources is available for the rehabilitation of the water infrastructure network.

The developments which the municipality undertook in the last 3 years has seen quite a high demand in terms of the water supply. Which conversely, puts pressure on the municipality to ensure that water is supplied accordingly to all residents within its Jurisdiction. The lack of adequate number of reservoirs still remain a huge challenge for the municipality in ensuring that its residents have water at all times.

Sanitation

Revenues from sanitation services increased on average by **8.5%**. The municipality continue to experience serious challenges with regards to its sanitation network. The network is a clay pipe network and is aged, while at the same time the municipality is experiencing continuous collapse lines which is very costly to the municipality to upkeep and maintain. These clay pipes most of the time results in sewer blockages due to the aging thereof, which also exacerbate the repairs and maintenance costs relating to the sanitation infrastructure network.

The repairs and maintenance cost for the network are mainly funded from the "basic sanitation charge" tariff. It has been evident from the past 3 years that this tariff is not adequate to cover the costs of effectively maintaining the sanitation network. This tariff will experience a higher tariff increase to ensure that adequate funding is available for the rehabilitation of the sanitation infrastructure network.

REFUSE

Revenues from Solid Waste Management increased on average by **8.1%**. The increased tariff is based on the costs of delivering the respective service. This is a progressive increase in ensuring that the tariffs are cost reflective, and that the division results in financial sustainability.

It was also determined by the municipality that one of the contributors to the Solid Waste expenditure relates to the excessive time spent (which leads to overtime been worked in most cases) collecting refuse that is kept in containers which does not comply with the required specifications as outlined in the Provincial Gazette of 13 March 2015,

which defines a "bin" as follows;

"bin - means a standard type of refuse bin with a capacity of 0.1 cubic meters or 85 litres as approved by the Municipality and which can be supplied by the Municipality. The bin may be constructed of galvanised iron, rubber or polythene;

bin liner-means a plastic bag approved by the Municipality which is placed inside a bin with a maximum capacity of 0.1 cubic meters. These bags must be of a dark colour, 950 mm x 750 mm in size, of low density minimum 40 micrometer diameter or 20 micrometer diameter high density;"

It is against this background that the municipality cannot continue to collect refuse that is not kept in acceptable containers as indicated above. (it should also be noted that any refuse placed in mealie bags, the bags will not be returned only the refuse bins will be returned).

OTHER REVENUE

Other revenue component increased on average by **11%**. This was as a result of the alignment of the costs involved in rendering these services, so as to ensure that the municipality does not run these services at a loss which will ultimately affect the municipality's going concern.

Other revenue comprises of various items such as income received from building plan fees, connection fees, rental of properties and advertisement fees. The departments are continuously reviewing the tariffs relating to these services on an annual basis to ensure they are cost reflective, market related and financially sustainable. This will also enable the municipality to have sufficient resources to effect the necessary repairs and maintenance to keep the properties on a good condition.

Table 17: Summary of revenue classified by municipal votes

Vote Description		2020/21 MTREF		
R thousand	Adjustment Budget 2019/20	Budget year 2020/21	Budget year 2021/22	Budget Year 2022/23
Revenue by Vote				
Vote 1 - Councillors	149 644	161 591	169 347	177 476
Vote 2 - Office of the municipal manager	-	-	-	-
Vote 3 - Corporate Services	863	308	323	339
Vote 4 - Finance	87 272	93 091	97 560	102 243
Vote 5 - Technical Services	624 324	662 138	693 920	727 228
Vote 6 - Community and Emergency Services	54 582	60 543	63 450	66 495
Vote 7 - Local Economic Development and Planning	14 604	11 833	12 401	12 996
Total Revenue by Vote	931 289	989 504	1 037 001	1 086 777

Table 18: Operating Transfers and Grant Receipts

FS201 Moqhaka - Supporting Tal	ble SA18 Tra	ınsfers and grant ı	eceipts		
DESCRIPTION	REF	Budget Year 2019/20	Budget Year +2020/21	Budget Year +2021/22	Budget Year +2022/23
		Adjusted Budget			
R thousands					
RECEIPTS:	1, 2				
Operating Transfers and Grants					
National Government:		208 441	224 482	235 257	246 550
Local Government Equitable Share		205 660	222 134	232 796	243 971
LG Seta		566	_	-	_
Finance Management Grant		2 215	2 348	2 461	2 579
EPWP Incentive		1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000
EPWP Incentive		1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000
District Municipality:		_	_		_
Other grant providers:		_	_		-
Total Operating Transfers and Grants	5	209 441	225 482	236 257	247 550

Table 19: Capital Grants

DESCRIPTION	REF	Budget Year 2019/20	Budget Year +2020/21	Budget Year +2021/22	Budget Year +2022/23
		Adjusted Budget			
R thousands					
RECEIPTS:	1, 2				
Capital Transfers and Grants					
National Government:		55 178	55 178	57 827	60 603
Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)		40 178	40 178	42 107	44 128
Water Services Infrastructure Grant		15 000	15 000	15 720	16 475
EPWP		_	_	-	-
DOE		_	-	-	-
EPWP Incentive		_	-	-	-
District Municipality:		_	-		_
[insert description]					
Other grant providers:		-	_	-	-
[insert description]					
Total Capital Transfers and Grants	5	55 178	55 178	57 827	60 603
TOTAL RECEIPTS OF TRANSFERS & GRANTS		264 619	280 660	294 084	308 153

The revenue and expenditure on the Grants is based on the DORA allocations to the municipality for 2020/21 financial year. No adjustments were made on the Grants Receipt. At Mid-Year the performance of the grants expenditure was showing positive results to archive 100% spending at year-end.

5.7 Operating Expenditure

Operating expenditure budgeting should be done on a zero-base budget approach. Further best practice methodologies relating to operating expenditure include infrastructure repairs and maintenance as a priority; budgeted expenditure to be funded by realistically anticipated cash backed revenues; and, operational gains and efficiencies to result in operating surpluses to fund capital expenditure from own cash backed funds. The latter is a great challenge.

The Municipality's expenditure framework for the 2019/20 budget and MTREF is informed by the following:

- The asset renewal strategy and the repairs and maintenance plan;
- Balanced budget constraint (operating expenditure should not exceed operating revenue) unless there are existing uncommitted cash-backed reserves to fund any deficit;
- Funding of the budget over the medium-term as informed by Section 18 and 19 of the MFMA;
- The capital programme is aligned to the asset renewal strategy and backlog eradication plan;
- Operational gains and efficiencies will be directed to funding the capital budget and other core services; and

• Strict adherence to the principle of no project plans no budget. If there is no business plan no funding allocation can be made.

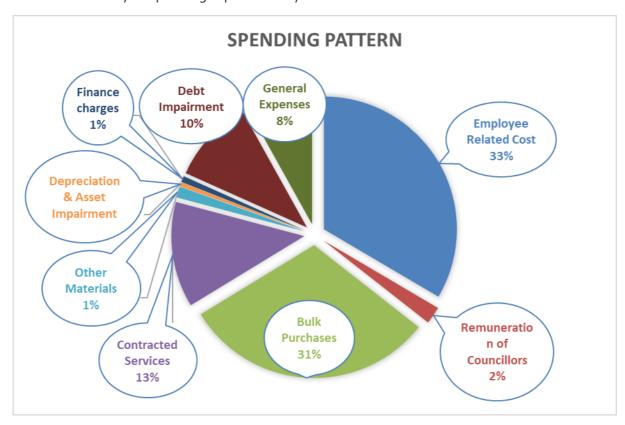
The following table is a high-level summary of the 2020/21 budget and MTREF (classified per municipal votes):

Table 20: Summary of operating expenditure by municipal votes

Vote Description				
R thousand	Adjustment Budget 2019/20	Budget year 2020/21	Budget year 2021/22	Budget Year 2022/23
Expenditure by Vote to be appropriated				
Vote 1 - Councillors	62 028	64 191	67 272	70 501
Vote 2 - Office of the municipal manager	14 010	14 696	15 401	16 140
Vote 3 - Corporate Services	30 314	30 862	32 343	33 896
Vote 4 - Finance	44 088	49 024	51 377	53 843
Vote 5 - Technical Services	504 133	540 872	566 834	594 042
Vote 6 - Community and Emergency Services	175 477	184 889	193 763	203 064
Vote 7 - Local Economic Development and Planning	23 271	31 629	33 147	34 738
Total Expenditure by Vote	853 320	916 162	960 138	1 006 224

The following table is a high-level summary of the 2020/21 budget and MTREF (classified per main type of operating expenditure)

Table 21: Summary of operating expenditure by standard classification item:



OPERATING EXPENSES					
Description R thousand	Adjustment Budget Year 2019/20	Budget Year 2020/21	%	Expenditure Composition	
Employee Related Cost	292 902	306 660	5%	33%	
Remuneration of Councillors	18 595	19 373	4%	2%	
Bulk Purchases	263 137	281 232	7%	31%	
Contracted Services	100 890	117 844	17%	13%	
Other Materials	10 349	12 211	18%	1%	
Depreciation & Asset Impairment	4 137	4 470	8%	0%	
Finance charges	7 397	6 725	-9%	1%	
Debt Impairment	89 630	93 663	4%	10%	
General Expenses	66 283	73 984	12%	8%	
Total Expenditure (Excluding capital grants)	853 320	916 162	7%	100%	

5.7.1 Analysis of operating expenditure

The operating expenditure for the 2020/21 annual budget is summarised as follows:

Employee related cost	5%
Councillor related cost	4%
Debt impairment	4%
Depreciation & Asset Impairment	8%
General expenditure	8%
Contracted Services	17%
Other Materials	18%
Bulk Purchases	7%
Finance charges	-9%

REMARKS

The budgeted allocation for <u>employee related costs</u> for the 2020/21 financial year amounts to R307 million, which equates to 33% of the total operating expenditure. The employee increase percentage is within the threshold as stipulated in the MFMA Circular No. 71.

The cost associated with the <u>remuneration of councillors</u> is determined by the Minister of Co-operative Governance and Traditional Affairs in accordance with the Remuneration of Public Office Bearers Act, 1998 (Act 20 of 1998). The most recent proclamation in this regard has been taken into account in compiling the respective budget.

The cost associated with the remuneration of the municipality's senior managers is determined by the Minister of Co-operative Governance and Traditional Affairs in accordance with the <u>Local Government:</u> <u>Upper Limits of Total Remuneration Packages payable to Municipal Managers and Managers directly accountable to Municipal Manager.</u> The most recent proclamation in this regard has been taken into account in compiling the respective budget.

<u>Bulk purchases</u> are directly informed by the purchase of electricity from Eskom. The annual price increases as approved by NERSA (National Energy Regulator of South Africa) have been factored at <u>6.9%</u> into the budget appropriation and directly inform the revenue provisions. The expenditure also incorporates the reticulation losses.

The <u>Contracted Services</u> encompasses overall the repairs and maintenance of amongst others; buildings, vehicles, equipment, gardens and traffic and street lights, gardening services, vending costs and security costs.

The <u>Other materials</u> mainly relates to stores consumables which is used in the rendering of services to the community at large. This includes; chemicals water and electricity meters, office materials, oil and electricity materials.

Provision for <u>depreciation and asset impairment</u> is been faced in over the financial years due to its excessive impact on the revenue tariffs, to provide for the asset renewal as a result of use over the years in line with GRAP 17.

<u>Finance charges</u> consist primarily of the repayment of interest on long-term borrowing (cost of capital). The municipality is currently servicing the DBSA loan.

The provision of <u>debt impairment</u> was determined based on an annual collection rate of 85%. While this expenditure is considered to be a non-cash flow item, it informs the total costs associated with rendering the services of the municipality, as well as the municipality's realistically anticipated revenues. The debt impairment provision was also increased taking into account the current outstanding municipal debt.

5.8 Capital expenditure

The following table provides a breakdown of budgeted capital expenditure by vote:

Table 22: Medium-term capital budget per vote

Vote Description 2020/21 MTREF				
R thousand	Adjustment Budget 2019/20	Budget Year 2020/21	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year 2022/23
<u>Capital expenditure - Vote</u>				
<u>Multi-year expenditure</u> to be appropriated				
Vote 1 - Councillors	610	650	681	714
Vote 2 - Office of the municipal manager				_
Vote 3 - Corporate Services	11	50	52	55
Vote 4 - Finance	5	10	10	11
Vote 5 - Technical Services	53 014	55 178	57 827	60 602
Vote 6 - Community and Emergency Services	2 483	300	314	329
Vote 7 -LED	200	359	376	394
Capital multi-year expenditure sub-total	56 323	56 547	59 261	62 106
Single-year expenditure to be appropriated				
	623	35	37	20
Vote 1 - Councillors	623		37	38
Vote 2 - Office of the municipal manager			2 206	2.511
Vote 4 Finance	1 507	2 286	2 396	2 511
Vote 4 - Finance	662	624	654	685
Vote 5 - Technical Services	6 884	1 418	1 486	1 557
Vote 6 - Community and Emergency Services	7 582	10 292	10 786	11 304
Vote 7 -LED	913	845	886	928
Capital single-year expenditure sub-total	18 170	15 500	16 244	17 024
Total Capital Expenditure - Vote	74 494	72 047	75 505	79 130
Capital Expenditure - Functional		0000000		
Governance and administration	4 439	5 378	5 637	5 907
Executive and council	1 233	685	718	752
Budget and treasury office	3 206	4 693	4 919	5 155
Internal Audit	_	-	_	_
Community and public safety	8 322	7 525	7 886	8 265
Community and social services	5 500	6 500	6 812	7 139
Sport and recreation	813	780	817	857
Public safety	2 009	245	257	269
Housing	_	- 1	_	_
Health	_	_	_	_
Economic and environmental services	29 023	41 312	43 295	45 373
Planning and development	58	334	350	367
Road transport	28 672	40 678	42 631	44 677
Environmental protection	293	300	314	329
Trading services	32 710	17 832	18 688	19 585
Energy sources	_	_	_	_
Water Management	25 464	15 918	16 682	17 483
Waste water management	3 753	_	_	_
Waste management	3 493	1 914	2 006	2 102
Other				_
Total Capital Expenditure - Standard	74 494	72 047	75 506	79 130
	Managanaja	- Indiana		
Funded by:		900000000		
National Government	53 169	55 178	57 827	60 602
Provincial Government				
District Municipality				
Internally generated funds	21 325	16 869	17 679	18 527
Total Capital Funding	74 494	72 047	75 505	79 130

5.9 Cash Flow Statement

FS201 Moqhaka - Table A7 Budget Cash F Description		m Term Revenu	e & Expenditu	ure Framework
R thousand	Adjustment Budget 2019/20	Budget Year +2020/21	Budget Year +2021/22	Budget Year +2022/23
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts				
Property rates, penalties & collection charges	70 844	74 588	66 979	70 663
Service charges	484 558	504 826	464 985	490 559
Other revenue	20 912	15 045	40 284	42 499
Government - operating	209 803	225 482	206 063	223 900
Government - capital	55 178	55 178	59 018	64 526
Interest	21 396	24 228	25 536	26 94
Dividends	_	- ****	-	_
Payments	_		***************************************	
Suppliers and employees	(778 846)	(801 102)	(763 319)	(805 30
Finance charges	_	(6 389)	(2 813)	(2 968
Transfers and Grants	_	-	-	_
NET CASH FROM/(USED) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	83 845	91 857	96 733	110 81
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			***************************************	
Receipts				
Proceeds on disposal of PPE	_	-	- "	-
Decrease (Increase) in non-current debtors	_	- ****	-	-
Decrease (increase) other non-current receivables	_	-	- "	-
Decrease (increase) in non-current investments	-	- ****	-	-
Payments				
Capital assets	(55 178)	(55 178)	(59 018)	(64 52)
NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(55 178)	(55 178)	(59 018)	(64 52
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			***************************************	
Receipts				
Short term loans	_	- !	- "	_
Borrowing long term/refinancing	_		-	_
Increase (decrease) in consumer deposits	_	-	-	_
Payments				
Repayment of borrowing	(3 200)	(3 200)	(3 373)	(3 558
NET CASH FROM/(USED) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(3 200)	(3 200)	(3 373)	(3 55
NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH HELD	(10 848)	33 479	34 342	42 73
Cash/cash equivalents at the year begin:	11 670	822	34 301	68 643
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end:	822	34 301	68 643	111 378

REMARKS ON THE CASHFLOW

The cash flows have been projected on the various revenue streams based on the actual collection rate of the revenue streams.

Revenue Description	Collection Rate
Property Rates	90%
Electricity revenue	95%
Water revenue	80%
Sanitation revenue	80%
Refuse revenue	80%
Operating & Capital grants	100%
Other Income	80%
Average Collection	86%

The municipality has also made provision to meet 95% of its overall Operational obligations. This provision is to be reviewed during the adjustment budget process depending on the availability of additional revenues and 100% of the Capital commitments. The 5% variance between the revenue collection and the expenditure, will be subsidised through the additional revenue enhancement mechanisms and the collection of outstanding debt.

Collections from Arrear Debtors

The municipality's debtors book amounted to **R 78om** as at 30 April 2020. The municipality plans to collect at least **20%** (**R156m**) of its arrear debt in order to fund the outstanding creditors and other operational requirements during the budget year.

In facilitating the collection of arrear debtors, the municipality upgraded its electricity vending system to the one which enables it to collect **40%** of all electricity purchases in relation to those consumers whose accounts are in arrears. The outstanding consumer debt relating to **Rammulotsi** (30 April 2020 **R275m** – **41%** of outstanding debt) and **Matlwangtlwang** (30 April 2020 **R29m** – **4%** of outstanding debt) continues to soar, mainly as a result of the municipality's inability to effectively implement debt collection mechanisms, as these areas are service by Eskom in terms of electricity supply.

The municipality owes Eskom **R350m** as at the preparation of the Annual Budget 2020/21. The municipality signed a payment arrangement with Eskom to settle this outstanding debt. The repayments relating to the current account are already provided for within the annual budget. This outstanding debt continue to decline very slowly given the fact that the municipality is still cross-subsidising other services to ensure effective service delivery.

The municipality continue to target the reduction of the reticulation losses for both water and electricity which were as follows; Water amounted to **R18m** (2018 R20m) & Electricity at **R44m** (2018 R 47) – as per the Audited Annual Financial Statements of 30 June 2019 through its continuous program of water and electricity meter replacements. To effectively carry out this task, the municipality sourced the services of private contractors to speed up the replacement of faulty water and electricity meters.

Chapter 6: Performance Management

6.1 Introduction

Performance Management refers to the application of activities to ensure that goals in the IDP are consistently being met in an effective and efficient manner. The overall aim of the Moqhaka Local Municipality's (MLM) performance management system is to ensure that the organisation and all its subsystems are working together in an optimum fashion to achieve desired results. Achieving overall goals require several continuous activities, including identification and prioritisation of desired results, establishing means to measure progress towards those results, setting standards for assessing the achievements of results, tracing and measuring progress towards results, exchange feedback and in doing so continuously monitor and evaluate progress.

The MLM's Performance Management Framework, which was approved by Council in November 2015, is centrally informed by legislation, policy and regulations relevant to performance management in local government. The contents of relevant documentation provide a framework that local governments should comply with so as to ensure continuous development that will culminate in the improvement of quality of lives of local communities. This policy framework needs to be review to give affective reflection on changes done on the key performance indicators.

The purpose of this Chapter is to reflect on the implementation, monitoring and reporting of the IDP and SDBIP through the MLM's Performance Management System.

6.2 IDP and PMS

To comprehend the relationship between IDP review and performance management, the following quotation from the Performance Management Guide for Municipalities, DPLG, 2001 (draft2, page 16) becomes relevant:

"The IDP process and the performance management process should appear to be seamlessly integrated. Integrated development planning fulfils the planning stage of performance management. Performance management fulfils the implementation management, monitoring and evaluation of the IDP process".

Although the IDP is a five-year plan, Section 34 of the Municipal Systems Act (2000) states that it has to be reviewed annually. The IDP has to be handled at the highest level, hence the allocation of the responsibility to the executive mayor to manage. The executive Mayor may assign responsibilities related to the development and management of the IDP to the municipal manager. As head of the administration, the municipal manager in turn is responsible and accountable for the formation of an efficient and accountable administration to give effect to the IDP.

The SDBIP is a key management, implementation and monitoring tool, which provides operational content to the end of-year service delivery targets, set in the budget and IDP. It determines the performance agreements for the municipal manager and other Section 57 managers, whose performance can then be monitored through Section 71 monthly reports, and evaluated through the annual report process.

Municipal Performance Regulations for Municipal Managers and Managers directly accountable to the Municipal Manager, published in 2006 seek to set out how the performance of municipal managers will be uniformly directed, monitored and improved. The regulations address both the employment contract of a municipal manager and the managers directly accountable to the municipal manager (Section 57 managers). The setting of targets is under investigation to comply with the suggested DPLG calculator, to present specific scores per target achievement that can advance strategic decision-making, and to evaluate MLM's successes against strategic intent.

Good corporate citizenship is therefore seen as the method that municipalities uses to set their priorities through the performance management system as per the IDP, conduct their business as per the SDBIP and relate to the community they serve through community input and public participation. The purpose of the IDP is to ensure that the resources available to the municipality are directed at the delivery of programmes, projects and processes that meet agreed municipal priority areas.

Once a municipality starts to implement its IDP it is important to monitor that:

- The delivery is happening in the planned manner;
- The municipality is using its resources most efficiently; and
- It is producing the quality of delivery envisaged.

6.3 Overview of Performance Management in the Municipality

6.3.1 Policy Framework

In May 2011 the Council adopted a Revised Performance Management Framework regulating the performance management system in the municipality. The framework provides guidelines on the development and implementation of the organisational performance management system.

The objectives of institutionalising a Performance Management System, beyond the fulfilling of legislative requirements, is to serve as a primary mechanism to monitor, review and improve the implementation of the municipality's IDP. In doing so, it should fulfil the following functions:

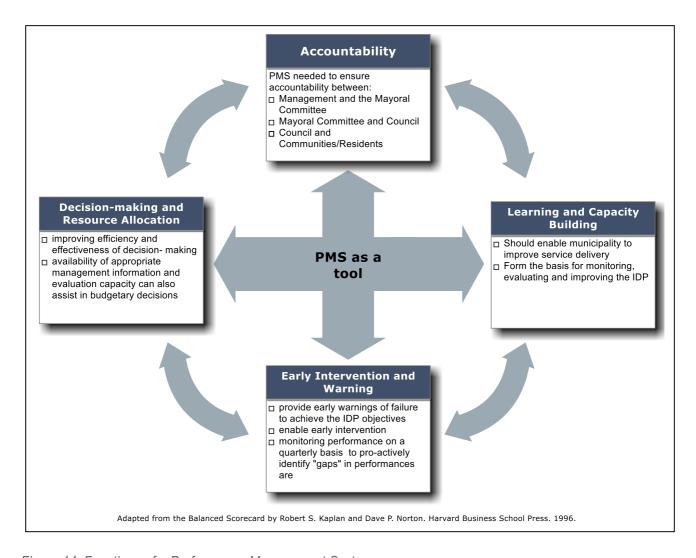


Figure 14: Functions of a Performance Management System

In doing so it should fulfil the following functions as shown in the picture above

- Promoting accountability
- Decision-making and resource allocation
- Guiding development of municipal capacity-building programmes
- Creating a culture for best practice, shared-learning within the municipality
- Develop meaningful intervention mechanisms and early warning system
- Create pressure for change at various levels
- Contribute to the overall development of the Local Government System

6.3.2 The Municipal Scorecard

A number of performance models are available and any of them could be applied by the Moqhaka Local Municipality. Some of the available models include the Municipal Scorecard, Balanced Scorecard and the Key Performance Area Model. However, the Municipality has chosen the Municipal Scorecard (MS) as its preferred performance management model. In terms of the MS model all indicators are grouped together into four perspectives as depicted in the figure below e.g. inputs, process, outputs and outcomes.

A Municipal Scorecard Model is a balanced scorecard adapted for measuring key performance on developmental areas that are relevant to municipal service delivery and the public sector. This municipal scorecard model groups indicators together under the 5 Year Local Government Strategic Agenda Key Performance Areas (KPA's). There are five KPA's that municipalities are required to align their strategic planning on and these cut across every functional area of a municipality. The municipal scorecard measures a municipality's performance through grouping the municipal indicators under these perspectives:

- The Municipal Development Perspective
- The Service Delivery Perspective
- The Institutional Development Perspective
- The Financial Management Perspective
- Governance Process Perspective

Financial Management Perspective Assess performance in respect of financial management & viability, such as. (costs): o Financial viability indicators O Operating income vs Operating expenditure performance O Financing infrastructure investment vs capital expenditure performance O Financial management performance. **Municipal Development Institutional Development Perspective Perspective** Assess whether desired development impact in municipal area is being achieved Assess performance in respect of (outcomes) Governance process perspective management of municipal resources (inputs). O incorporates social, environmental & Relates to, amongst others: economic development aspects O Human Resources Assess performance in respect of engagements & relationships with stakeholders o constitute development of priorities and o Information management indicators O Organisational Infrastructure O Public participation, incl. functionality & impact of ward committees o measurement of outcomes will be useful in O Functionality & impact of municipal governance structures (council structures, informing whether policies & strategies are office of the speaker, portfolio committees/clusters & executive) Access to information; Intergovernmental relations attaining the desired development impact **Service Delivery Perspective** Assess performance in respect of delivery of services and products (outputs) Adapted from the Balanced Scorecard by Robert S. Kaplan and Dave P. Norton. Harvard Business School Press. 1996.

Figure 15: Municipal Scorecard

6.3.3 Planning, Monitoring, Reporting and Review of Performance

The annual process of managing performance at institutional level in the Municipality involves the steps as set out in the diagram below:

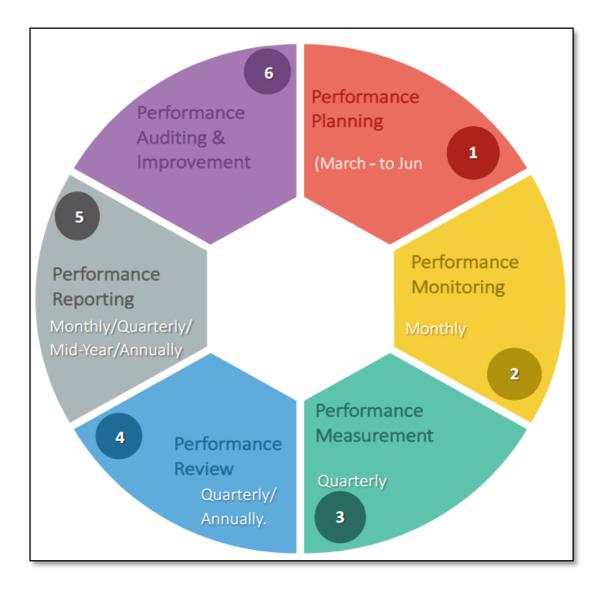


Figure 16: Performance Management cycle

6.3.4 Performance Planning

The performance of the Municipality is to be managed in terms of its IDP and the process of compiling an IDP and the annual review thereof therefore constitutes the process of planning for performance. It should be noted that the last component of the cycle is that of performance review and the outcome of such a review process must inform the next cycle of IDP compilation/review by focusing the planning processes on those areas in which the Municipality has under-performed.

The IDP process constitutes the process of planning for performance. It is crucial that for all the priorities in the IDP, objectives, indicators and targets are developed.

6.3.5 Performance monitoring

Performance monitoring is an ongoing process by which a Director/Manager accountable for a specific indicator as set out in the institutional scorecard (or a service delivery target contained in an annual SDBIP) continuously monitors current performance against targets set. The aim of the monitoring process is to take appropriate and immediate interim (or preliminary) action where the indication is that a target is not going to be met by the time that the formal process of performance measurement, analysis, reporting and review is due.

In the instance of the MLM it is recommended that the institutional scorecard of the Municipality be reported on a quarterly basis to the Mayoral Committee. Performance monitoring requires that in between the relevant formal cycle of performance measurement appropriate action be taken, should it become evident that a specific performance target is not going to be met. It is therefore proposed that at least on a weekly/bi-weekly basis Directors track performance trends against targets for those indicators that fall within the area of accountability of their respective Departments as a means to early identify performance related problems and take appropriate remedial action.

6.3.6 Performance Measurement

Performance measurement refers to the formal process of collecting and capturing performance data to enable reporting to take place for each key performance indicator and against the target set for such indicator. Given the fact that initially at least the Municipality will have to rely on a manual process to manage its performance provision has been made in the institutional scorecard for the name of an official responsible for reporting on each indicator (please note that this might not necessarily be the same official accountable for performance on an indicator).

This will require that the Municipality sets in place a proper information management system (electronically or otherwise) so that the internal audit section is able to access information regularly and to verify its correctness.

6.3.7 Performance Analysis

Performance analysis involves the process of making sense of measurements. It requires interpretation of the measurements as conducted in terms of the previous step to determine whether targets have been met and exceeded and to project whether future targets will be met or not. Where targets have not been met performance analysis requires that the reasons therefore should be examined and corrective action recommended. Where targets have been met or exceeded, the key factors that resulted in such success should be documented and shared so as to ensure organisational learning.

6.3.8 Performance Reporting and Review

Reporting requires that the municipality takes the priorities of the organization, its performance objectives, indicators, targets, measurements and analysis, and presents this information in a simple and accessible format, relevant and useful to the specific target group, for review. The Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP) is the basis to meet Cot our reporting requirements. Generally, four reports are submitted per annum to Council. 12 Monthly reports are generated for the top executive management and MAYCO meetings.

The following is an overview of the different kinds of reports required.

Table 23: PMS Reporting

rable 23: PMS Reporting	
Report type	Description
Monthly / Quarterly IDP and SDBIP reporting	The SDBIP is a key management, implementation and monitoring tool, which provides operational content to the end-of-year service delivery targets set in the budget and IDP. It determines the performance agreements for the municipal manager and all top managers, whose performance can then be monitored through section 71 monthly reports, and evaluated through the annual report process.
	The SDBIP information on revenue will be monitored and reported monthly by the municipal manager in terms of Section 71(1)(a) and (e). For example, if there is lower than anticipated revenue and an overall cash shortage in a particular month the municipality may have to revise its spending downwards to ensure that it does not borrow more than anticipated. More importantly, such information requires the municipality to take urgent remedial steps to ensure it improves on its revenue- collection capacity if the municipality wants to maintain its levels of service delivery and expenditure.
	Section 1 of the MFMA, Act 56 of 2003 states that the SDBIP as a detailed plan approved by the mayor of a municipality in terms of service delivery should make projections for each month of the revenue to be collected, by source, as well as the operational and capital expenditure, by vote. The service delivery targets and performance indicators need to be reported on quarterly (MFMA, 2003).
Mid-year budget and performance assessment report	Section 72 of the MFMA requires the accounting officer to prepare and submit a report on the performance of the municipality during the first half of the financial year. The report must be submitted to the mayor, National Treasury as well as the relevant Provincial Treasury. As with all other reports this is a crucial report for the Council to consider mid-year performance and what adjustments should be made, if necessary.
Annual Performance report	Section 46 of the Municipal Systems Act states that a municipality must prepare for each financial year, a performance report that reflects the following:
	The performance of the municipality and of each external service provided during that financial year;
	A comparison of the performances referred to in the above paragraph with targets set for and performances in the previous financial year; and
	Measures to be taken to improve on the performance

Report type	Description
	The performance report must be submitted at the end of the financial year and will be made public as part of the annual report in terms of chapter 12 of the MFMA. The publication thereof will also afford the public the opportunity to judge the performance of the municipality against the targets set in the various planning instruments.
Annual report	Every municipality and every municipal entity under the municipality's control is required by Section 121 to prepare an annual report for each financial year, which must include:
	 the annual financial statements of the municipality or municipal entity as submitted to the Auditor-General for audit (and, if applicable, consolidated annual financial statements);
	the Auditor-General's audit report on the financial statements;
	 an assessment by the accounting officer of any arrears on municipal taxes and service charges;
	 particulars of any corrective action taken or to be taken in response to issues raised in the audit reports;
	 any explanations that may be necessary to clarify issues in connection with the financial statements;
	 any information as determined by the municipality, or, in the case of a municipal entity, the entity or its parent municipality;
	 any recommendations of the municipality's audit committee, or, in the case of a municipal entity, the audit committee of the entity or of its parent municipality;
	 an assessment by the accounting officer of the municipality's performance against the measurable performance objectives for revenue collection and for each vote in the municipality's approved budget for the relevant financial year;
	 an assessment by the accounting officer of the municipality's performance against any measurable performance objectives set in terms the service delivery agreement or other agreement between the entity and its parent municipality;
	the annual performance report prepared by a municipality; and
	any other information as may be prescribed.
	Section 127 prescribes the submission and tabling of annual reports. In terms of this section:
	The accounting officer of a municipal entity must, within six months after the end of a financial year, submit the entity's annual report for that financial year to the municipal manager of its parent municipality.
	The mayor of a municipality must, within seven months after the end of a financial year, table in the municipal council the annual report of the municipality and of any municipal entity under the municipality's sole or shared control.
	 If the mayor, for whatever reason, is unable to table in the council the annual report of the municipality, or the annual report of any municipal entity under the municipality's sole or shared control, within seven months after the end of the financial year to which the report relates, the mayor must:

Report type	Description
	 submit to the council a written explanation setting out the reasons for the delay, together with any components of the annual report that are ready; and
	 Submit to the council the outstanding annual report or the outstanding components of the annual report as soon as may be possible.

6.4 Conclusion

Performance management is a process which permeates right through the organisation, from its vision and mission statement, to its objectives and eventually its staff. It applies to the performance of an organisation as well as to all persons related to it.

As indicated earlier, the White Paper on Local Government (1997) states that key mechanisms to ensuring service excellence in municipalities include integrated development planning, performance management and community participation. As a start there are certain measures that a municipality simply must implement.

It must:

- Establish a performance management system that is commensurate with its resources, best suited to its circumstances and in line with its targets, priorities and objectives contained in its IDP.
- Promote a culture of performance management among its political structures, political office-bearers, councillors and administration.
- Administer its affairs in an economical, effective, efficient and accountable manner (Municipal Systems Act, 2000).
- Appropriate Key Performance Indicators must be established to serve as a yardstick for measuring individual and organisational performance. These key performance indicators should include outcomes and the impact of a performance area with regards to a municipality's development priorities and objectives as set out in its IDP.

Chapter 7: Projects and Programmes

7.1 Introduction

The following projects and programmes were identified by each of the directorates for the term of the IDP. The current projects that are in progress are listed in the table below.

Table 24: Projects

MIG Reference Nr	Project Description	Project Value	Status (Not registered, Registered, Design & Tender, Construction, Completed, Retention)	Planned MIG Expenditure for 2020/2021	Planned MIG Expenditure for 2021/2022	Planned MIG Expenditure for 2022/2023	Ward
PMU	PMU	2 115 050,00		2 115 050,00	2 267 800,00		
MIG/FS1024/SW/14/15	Rammulotsi: Development and fencing of new landfill site - phase 2 (MIS:215370)	11 858 594,00	Construction	7 397 097,60	3 500 000,00	-	23
MIG/FS1146/CF/18/19	Maokeng/Nyakallong: Upgrading of Community and Sports Facility (MIS:249771)	4 220 464,00	Retention	-	-		8
MIG/FS1174/W/17/19	Maokeng: Installation of Water Meters	2 600 000,00	Completed	-			8
MIG/FS1218/R,ST/18/20	Brentpark: Construction of 0.96km paved road and storm water channel to Brentpark Stadium (MIS:269933)	8 102 435,00	Completed	-	-		13
MIG/FS1222/R,ST/18/20	Matlwangtlwang: Construction of 0.62km brick Paved road with V-Channels storm water	4 852 588,00	Completed	-			2

MIG Reference Nr	Project Description	Project Value	Status (Not registered, Registered, Design & Tender, Construction, Completed, Retention)	Planned MIG Expenditure for 2020/2021	Planned MIG Expenditure for 2021/2022	Planned MIG Expenditure for 2022/2023	Ward
	drainage (1800- 1722)(MIS:270047)						
MIG/FS1223/R,ST/18/20	Seisoville: Construction of 0.750km paved road and storm water drainage at Ntanga street (MIS:272675)	8 200 000,00	Completed	-	-		15
MIG/FS1267/SW/19/21	Maokeng (Koekoe Village): Upgrading of 0.93km Storm Water System and Channeling of Vlei Areas – Phase 2 (MIS:293760)	9 894 522,49	Construction	5 073 448,94	-		5
MIG/FS1268/R,ST/19/21	Maokeng: Upgrading of paved road 28331 – 28348 (0.56km) with storm water channels (MIS:290782)	9 522 377,20	Retention	-	-		10
MIG/FS1308/W/19/20	Brentpark/Seisoville: Construction of water reticulation network for 265 erven - Phase 1 (MIS:328264)	5 050 594,30	Retention	-	-		4
MIG/FS1309/S/19/21	Brentpark/Seisoville: Construction of sewer reticulation network for 265 erven - Phase 1 (MIS:293762)	7 588 965,62	Retention	-	-		4
MIG/FS1317/W/19/22	Northleigh: Construction of Pressure Tower – Phase 1 (MIS:295530)	9 359 735,61	Retention	-	-		23
MIG/FS1339/R,ST/19/21	Maokeng: Construction of 0.8km paved road from 16084 – 15680 with V-drain storm water in Koekoe Village (MIS:338384)	4 224 283,21	Construction	4 224 283,21	-	-	4

MIG Reference Nr	Project Description	Project Value	Status (Not registered, Registered, Design & Tender, Construction, Completed, Retention)	Planned MIG Expenditure for 2020/2021	Planned MIG Expenditure for 2021/2022	Planned MIG Expenditure for 2022/2023	Ward
MIG/FS1340/R,ST/19/22	Maokeng: Construction of 0.7km paved road from 13040 – 13956 with V-drain storm water in Koekoe Village (MIS:338399)	6 553 737,19	Construction	3 238 079,15	3 315 658,04		5
MIG/FS1341/R,ST/19/21	Maokeng: Construction of 0.55km paved road from 10673 – 10857 with V-drain storm water in Koekoe Village (MIS:338427)	5 260 330,00	Construction	5 260 330,00	-		6
MIG/FS1342/R,ST/19/21	Rammulotsi: Construction of 0.61km paved road from 2325 – 2330 with V-drain storm water (MIS:338432)	4 539 059,55	Construction	4 539 059,55	-		18
MIG/FS1343/R,ST/19/21	Rammulotsi: Construction of 0.83km paved road from 4274 – 4218 and 0.33km from 4756 – 4902 with V-drain storm water (MIS:338433)	5 221 920,00	Design and Tender	4 077 693,45	1 144 226,55	-	19,20
MIG/FS1344/R,ST/19/22	Rammulotsi: Construction of 0.55km paved road from 7058 – 1867 with V-drain storm water (MIS:338480)	4 105 942,75	Construction	4 105 942,75	-		21
MIG/FS1348/CF/20/22	Upgrading of Phomolong Sports Facility	1 543 047,00	Registered	693 047,00	-	-	9
	Gelukwaarts: Upgrading of 2,5km sewer pipe line	11 564 564,51	Not Registered	605 337,65	10 959 226,89	-	7, 14
	Seisoville: Upgrading of sports stadium	3 250 000,00	Not Registered	1 200 000,00	2 050 000,00	-	11
	Maokeng (Phomolong): Construction of paved road (,520) with storm water drainage	8 250 000,00	Not Registered	-	6 230 511,44	2 019 488,56	9

MIG Reference Nr	Project Description	Project Value	Status (Not registered, Registered, Design & Tender, Construction, Completed, Retention)	Planned MIG Expenditure for 2020/2021	Planned MIG Expenditure for 2021/2022	Planned MIG Expenditure for 2022/2023	Ward
	Matlwangtlwang: Construction of water reticulation network for 220 erven	6 150 000,00	Not Registered	-	3 888 625,00	2 261 375,00	2
	Constantia:: Construction of water reticulation network for 200 erven	4 800 000,00	Not Registered	-	2 596 000,00	2 204 000,00	8-9
	Matlwangtlwang: Construction of sewer reticulation network for 220 erven	8 150 000,00	Not Registered	-	3 666 431,49	4 483 568,51	2
	Constantia:: Construction of sewer reticulation network for 200 erven	6 838 550,00	Not Registered	-	5 737 520,59	1 101 029,41	8-9
				-	-		
				-			
Total		163 816 760,43		42 529 369,30	45 356 000,00	12 069 461,48	
				42 301 000,00	45 356 000,00	-	

VILJOENSKROON & RAM	<u>IMULOTSI</u>				
ROAD SECTION ID	КМ	RATING	RECOMMENDATION	ESTIMAT	ED AMOUNT
FS20101385	0,117	POOR	HEAVY REHABILITATION	R	585 000,00
FS20101395	0,242	POOR	HEAVY REHABILITATION	R	1 210 000,00
FS20101397	0,229	POOR	HEAVY REHABILITATION	R	1 145 000,00
FS20101779	0,065	POOR	HEAVY REHABILITATION	R	325 000,00
FS20101828	0,346	POOR	HEAVY REHABILITATION	R	1 730 000,00
FS20101829	0,334	POOR	HEAVY REHABILITATION	R	1 670 000,00
FS20101830	0,281	VERY POOR	HEAVY REHABILITATION	R	1 405 000,00
FS20101831	0,144	POOR	HEAVY REHABILITATION	R	720 000,00
FS20101836	0,229	POOR	HEAVY REHABILITATION	R	1 145 000,00

FS20101837	0,143	VERY POOR	HEAVY REHABILITATION	R	715 000,00
FS20101838	0,138	VERY POOR	HEAVY REHABILITATION	R	690 000,00
FS20101839	0,151	VERY POOR	HEAVY REHABILITATION	R	755 000,00
FS20102123	0,124	POOR	HEAVY REHABILITATION	R	620 000,00
FS20102124	0,127	POOR	HEAVY REHABILITATION	R	635 000,00
FS20101378	0,179	VERY POOR	HEAVY REHABILITATION	R	895 000,00
FS20101761	0,305	VERY POOR	HEAVY REHABILITATION	R	1 525 000,00
FS20101762	0,647	VERY POOR	HEAVY REHABILITATION	R	3 235 000,00
FS20101763	0,707	VERY POOR	HEAVY REHABILITATION	R	3 535 000,00
FS20101764	0,508	VERY POOR	HEAVY REHABILITATION	R	2 540 000,00
FS20101765	0,553	VERY POOR	HEAVY REHABILITATION	R	2 765 000,00

FS20101766	0,242	VERY POOR	HEAVY REHABILITATION	R 1 210 000,00
			TOTAL	R 29 055 000,00
ROAD SECTION ID	КМ	RATING	RECOMMENDATION	ESTIMATED AMOUNT
FS20101792	0,064	VERY GOOD	LIGHT MAINTENANCE	R 6 400,00
			TOTAL	R 6 400,00
ROAD SECTION ID	КМ	RATING	RECOMMENDATION	ESTIMATED AMOUNT
FS20101575	0,117	FAIR	LIGHT REHABILITATION	R 222 300,00

FS20101601	0,096	FAIR	LIGHT REHABILITATION	R	182 400,00
FS20101602	0,114	FAIR	LIGHT REHABILITATION	R	216 600,00
FS20101603	0,307	FAIR	LIGHT REHABILITATION	R	583 300,00
FS20101605	0,076	FAIR	LIGHT REHABILITATION	R	144 400,00
FS20101606	0,352	FAIR	LIGHT REHABILITATION	R	668 800,00
FS20101607	0,464	FAIR	LIGHT REHABILITATION	R	881 600,00
FS20101777	0,068	FAIR	LIGHT REHABILITATION	R	129 200,00
FS20101778	0,071	FAIR	LIGHT REHABILITATION	R	134 900,00
FS20101780	0,064	FAIR	LIGHT REHABILITATION	R	121 600,00
FS20101827	0,215	FAIR	LIGHT REHABILITATION	R	408 500,00
FS20101840	0,123	FAIR	LIGHT REHABILITATION	R	233 700,00

FS20101841	0,123	FAIR	LIGHT REHABILITATION	R	233 700,00
FS20101843	0,122	FAIR	LIGHT REHABILITATION	R	231 800,00
FS20102135	0,164	FAIR	LIGHT REHABILITATION	R	311 600,00
FS20102136	0,089	FAIR	LIGHT REHABILITATION	R	169 100,00
FS20102137	0,067	FAIR	LIGHT REHABILITATION	R	127 300,00
FS20102139	0,207	FAIR	LIGHT REHABILITATION	R	393 300,00
FS20102218	0,07	FAIR	LIGHT REHABILITATION	R	133 000,00
FS20102219	0,083	FAIR	LIGHT REHABILITATION	R	157 700,00
FS20102221	0,051	FAIR	LIGHT REHABILITATION	R	96 900,00
FS20101574	0,16	FAIR	LIGHT REHABILITATION	R	304 000,00
FS20101713	0,116	FAIR	LIGHT REHABILITATION	R	220 400,00

FS20101948	0,151	FAIR	LIGHT REHABILITATION	R	286 900,00
FS20102178	0,156	FAIR	LIGHT REHABILITATION	R	296 400,00
FS20102238	0,147	FAIR	LIGHT REHABILITATION	R	279 300,00
			TOTAL	R	7 168 700,00
ROAD SECTION ID	КМ	RATING	RECOMMENDATION	ESTIMATE	O AMOUNT
FS20101552	0,045	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	22 950,00
FS20101576	0,154	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	78 540,00
FS20101577	0,173	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	88 230,00

FS20101578	0,429	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	218 790,00
FS20101579	0,204	VERY GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	104 040,00
FS20101580	0,05	VERY GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	25 500,00
FS20101588	0,266	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	135 660,00
FS20101593	0,051	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	26 010,00
FS20101597	0,046	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	23 460,00
FS20101599	0,109	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	55 590,00
FS20101604	0,178	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	90 780,00
FS20101793	0,1	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	51 000,00
FS20101794	0,052	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	26 520,00
FS20101861	0,336	VERY GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	171 360,00

FS20101868	0,059	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	30 090,00
FS20101869	0,086	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	43 860,00
FS20101870	0,11	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	56 100,00
FS20101887	0,053	VERY GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	27 030,00
FS20101888	0,195	VERY GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	99 450,00
FS20101889	0,128	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	65 280,00
FS20101891	0,233	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	118 830,00
FS20102138	0,092	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	46 920,00
FS20102207	0,085	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	43 350,00
FS20102208	0,075	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	38 250,00
FS20102209	0,091	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	46 410,00

FS20102220	0,09	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	45 900,00
FS20102222	0,061	VERY GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	31 110,00
FS20102223	0,066	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	33 660,00
FS20102230	0,228	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	116 280,00
FS20103878	0,174	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	88 740,00
FS20101946	0,084	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	42 840,00
FS20101947	0,137	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	69 870,00
FS20102206	0,149	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	75 990,00
FS20101542	0,107	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	54 570,00
FS20101570	0,05	FAIR	MAINTENANCE	R	25 500,00
FS20101571	0,363	FAIR	MAINTENANCE	R	185 130,00

FS20101572	0,119	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	60 690,00
FS20101871	0,054	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	27 540,00
FS20101872	0,057	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	29 070,00
FS20101873	0,052	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	26 520,00
FS20101874	0,057	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	29 070,00
FS20101875	0,069	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	35 190,00
FS20101876	0,171	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	87 210,00
FS20102148	0,158	FAIR	MAINTENANCE	R	80 580,00
FS20102149	0,081	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	41 310,00
FS20102150	0,083	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	42 330,00
FS20102151	0,16	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	81 600,00

FS20102187	0,072	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	36 720,00
FS20102188	0,148	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	75 480,00
FS20102189	0,071	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	36 210,00
FS20102325	0,68	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	346 800,00
FS20101553	0,152	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	77 520,00
FS20101608	0,412	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	210 120,00
FS20101686	0,063	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	32 130,00
FS20101881	0,093	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	47 430,00
FS20101882	0,65	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	331 500,00
FS20101883	0,052	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	26 520,00
FS20101884	0,046	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	23 460,00

FS20101885	0,151	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	77 010,00
FS20102258	0,152	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	77 520,00
FS20102259	0,053	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	27 030,00
FS20102301	0,174	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	88 740,00
FS20102302	0,12	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	61 200,00
FS20102303	0,217	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	110 670,00
FS20101542	0,107	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	54 570,00
FS20101570	0,05	FAIR	MAINTENANCE	R	25 500,00
FS20101571	0,363	FAIR	MAINTENANCE	R	185 130,00
FS20101572	0,119	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	60 690,00
FS20101871	0,054	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	27 540,00

FS20101872	0,057	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	29 070,00
FS20101873	0,052	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	26 520,00
FS20101874	0,057	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	29 070,00
FS20101875	0,069	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	35 190,00
FS20101876	0,171	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	87 210,00
FS20102148	0,158	FAIR	MAINTENANCE	R	80 580,00
FS20102149	0,081	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	41 310,00
FS20102150	0,083	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	42 330,00
FS20102151	0,106	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	54 060,00
FS20102187	0,072	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	36 720,00
FS20102188	0,148	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	75 480,00

FS20102189	0,071	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	36 210,00
FS20102325	0,68	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	346 800,00
FS20101553	0,152	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	77 520,00
FS20101608	0,412	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	210 120,00
FS20101686	0,063	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	32 130,00
FS20101881	0,093	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	47 430,00
FS20101882	0,065	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	33 150,00
FS20101883	0,052	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	26 520,00
FS20101884	0,046	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	23 460,00
FS20101885	0,151	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	77 010,00
FS20102258	0,152	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	77 520,00

FS20102259	0,053	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	27 030,00
FS20102301	0,17	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	86 700,00
FS20102302	0,12	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	61 200,00
FS20102303	0,217	GOOD	MAINTENANCE	R	110 670,00
			TOTAL	R	6 895 200,00
ROAD SECTION ID	КМ	RATING	RECOMMENDATION	ESTIMATE	D AMOUNT
FS20101451	0,381	VERY GOOD	NO ACTION REQUIRED	R	-
FS20101452	0,162	VERY GOOD	NO ACTION REQUIRED	R	-
FS20101720	0,361	VERY GOOD	NO ACTION REQUIRED	R	-
FS20101723	0,494	VERY GOOD	NO ACTION REQUIRED	R	-
FS20102299	0,044	VERY GOOD	NO ACTION REQUIRED	R	-

ROAD SECTION ID	КМ	RATING	RECOMMENDATION	ESTIMATED AMOUNT
			TOTAL	R -
FS20102304	0,435	VERY GOOD	NO ACTION REQUIRED	R -
FS20102300	0,058	VERY GOOD	NO ACTION REQUIRED	R -
FS20102299	0,044	VERY GOOD	NO ACTION REQUIRED	R -
FS20101723	0,494	VERY GOOD	NO ACTION REQUIRED	R -
FS20101720	0,361	VERY GOOD	NO ACTION REQUIRED	R -
FS20101452	0,162	VERY GOOD	NO ACTION REQUIRED	R -
FS20101451	0,381	VERY GOOD	NO ACTION REQUIRED	R -
FS20102304	0,435	VERY GOOD	NO ACTION REQUIRED	R -
FS20102300	0,058	VERY GOOD	NO ACTION REQUIRED	R -

FS20101493	0,06	VERY GOOD	UPGRADE TO PAVED	R	420 000,00
FS20102269	0,068	POOR	UPGRADE TO PAVED	R	476 000,00
FS20102270	0,048	FAIR	UPGRADE TO PAVED	R	336 000,00
FS20102271	0,063	GOOD	UPGRADE TO PAVED	R	441 000,00
FS20102272	0,151	GOOD	UPGRADE TO PAVED	R	1 057 000,00
FS20102273	0,064	VERY GOOD	UPGRADE TO PAVED	R	448 000,00
FS20102274	0,046	GOOD	UPGRADE TO PAVED	R	322 000,00
FS20102275	0,06	VERY GOOD	UPGRADE TO PAVED	R	420 000,00
FS20103667	0,055	VERY POOR	UPGRADE TO PAVED	R	385 000,00
FS20101322	0,219	VERY POOR	UPGRADE TO PAVED	R	1 533 000,00
FS20101325	0,047	GOOD	UPGRADE TO PAVED	R	329 000,00

FS20101326	0,052	POOR	UPGRADE TO PAVED	R	364 000,00
FS20101348	0,065	GOOD	UPGRADE TO PAVED	R	455 000,00
FS20101724	0,426	VERY POOR	UPGRADE TO PAVED	R	2 982 000,00
FS20101801	0,129	GOOD	UPGRADE TO PAVED	R	903 000,00
FS20101917	0,11	VERY POOR	UPGRADE TO PAVED	R	770 000,00
FS20101930	0,042	FAIR	UPGRADE TO PAVED	R	294 000,00
FS20101931	0,098	GOOD	UPGRADE TO PAVED	R	686 000,00
FS20101932	0,118	FAIR	UPGRADE TO PAVED	R	826 000,00
FS20101933	0,217	VERY GOOD	UPGRADE TO PAVED	R	1 519 000,00
FS20101934	0,063	FAIR	UPGRADE TO PAVED	R	441 000,00
FS20101936	0,078	GOOD	UPGRADE TO PAVED	R	546 000,00

FS20101937	0,037	GOOD	UPGRADE TO PAVED	R	259 000,00
FS20101938	0,06	FAIR	UPGRADE TO PAVED	R	420 000,00
FS20103668	0,091	VERY POOR	UPGRADE TO PAVED	R	637 000,00
			TOTAL	R	17 269 000,00

7.2 Corporate Services

Table 25: Capital Expenditure: ICT

Nr:	Project Name	Project Description	Implementation Date	Cost	Comments
1	Backup Tape/Tape Drive Solution	This is a solution for the backup of the IT infrastructure at head office. The current solution is no longer adequate for the size of our data farm.	Dec 2020	R1.2M	This project has a bearing on the Audit Report. This finding is a repeat finding for the past 3-4 years.
2	Procurement and deployment of New Server Equipment (Primary and Replication Servers – HQ)	This is procurement of servers to replace the Blade Server Environment that crashed in 2018. The current services are running on the device earmarked for the disaster recovery site.	Dec 2020	R2M	This project has a bearing on the Audit Report. This finding is a repeat finding for the past 3-4 years. This project was pushed back due to insufficient funds/budget allocation.
3	Disaster Recovery Site Implementation	The disaster recover plan has been approved, and now needs to be implemented. This project is the actual building of the server room similar to the one in Kroonstad.	Dec 2020	R800k	This project has a bearing on the Audit Report. This finding is a repeat finding for the past 3-4 years. This project was pushed back, as this could only be realised when we had a reliable network between Kroonstad and Viljoenskroon.

7.3 Community and Social Services

The capital projects for the directorate are shown in the tables below.

7.3.1 Solid Waste Management

PROJECT	ESTIMATED COST IN RANDS
Rebuilding and building of offices at the landfill sites	2 712 000
Building of ablution facilities at the landfill sites	500 000
Development of the Viljoenskroon landfill site	30 000 000
Procurement of the yellow fleet at the landfill sites	24 660 000
TOTAL	57 872 000

2021/22

PROJECT	ESTIMATED COST IN RANDS
Rehabilitation of the old Viljoenskroon landfill site	20 000 000
Extension of the Kroonstad Landfill Site	500 000
Clearview fencing of the Steynsrus landfill site	2 000 000
Refuse compactor truck for Steynsrus	2 000 000
	980 500
Renovation of all public toilets in Kroonstad	300 000
TOTAL	25 780 500

2022/23

PROJECT	ESTIMATED COST IN RANDS
Renovation of public toilets in Steynsrus	250 000
Renovation of public toilets in Viljoenskroon	250 000
Refuse compactor truck for Viljoenskroon	2 000 000
TOTAL	2 500 000

7.3.2 Traffic

Table 26: Capital Expenditure: Traffic

Nr:	Project Name	Project Description	Implementation Date	Cost	Comments
1	Vehicle Pound	Impounding of motor vehicles not being licensed and registered.	June 2021	R1 000 000.00	The vehicle pound was a resolution taken by Council. The costs are high due to security measures. All impounded vehicles will be the responsibility of Traffic Management for the safety of these vehicles as they are not the property of the Municipality. A vote must be established for daily pounding fees.

7.3.3 Public Safety

Table 27: Capital Expenditure: Public Safety

Nr:	Project Name	Project Description	Implementation Date	Cost Estimate	Comments
1	Purchasing Of +- Ten (10) Security Huts/Offices.	Purchasing Of +- Ten (10) Security Huts/Offices To Be Use At Posts Where No Accommodation Are Available.	July 2020	R 150 000.00	When, Funds Are Available. (Own Funds)
2	Installation Of Routers For Remote Viewing Of CCTV Systems	Installation Of Seven (7) Routers For Remote Viewing Of CCTV Camera Systems	30 August 2020	R 65 000.00	All New CCTV Installions Will Form Part Of This Project. (Own Funds)
3	Installation Of Complete CCTV System	Installation Of Complete Alarm System At Maokeng Offices	October 2020	R 200 000.00	When Funds Are Available. (Own Funds)

7.3.4 Refurbishment of the Civic Theatre

DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATED COST				
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Civic Theatre Roof	R 2,000,000.0				
Air-Conditioning of					R 4,500,000.00
Civic Complex					
Lighting System			R		
			2,000,000.00		
Sound System			R 2,000,000.0		
Foyer floor				R 2,000,000.00	
Fire Curtain					R 1,500,000.0
Auditorium chairs				R 1,000,000.0	
Auditorium and			R 900,000.00		
Balcony Carpet					
Allen Rautenbach hall			R 800,000.00		
(Floor)					
Venue Ladders		R 150,000.0			
Refurbish Kiosk, Main		R 500,000.00			
Bar, Kitchens, Coffee					
Bar and					
Entertainment hall					
Industrial floor	R 70,000.00				
machine					
New standby					R 5,000,000.0
Generator					

Refurbishment of	R 1,000,000.00			
dressing-rooms, and				
main Foyer toilets of				
the upper and lower				
level				
Stage Bar Robes			R 150,000.00	
Steel Folding tables		R 200,000.00		
with plastic chairs				
Refurbishment of		R 150,000.00		
"front view" of the				
Civic complex				

7.3.5 Fire

Table 28: Capital Expenditure: Fire

Nr:	Project Name	Project Description	Implementation Date	Cost (R)	Comments
	Establishment of satellite fire station in Viljoenskroon/ Rammulotsi	Building, staffing and equipping new satellite fire station in Viljoenskroon/Rammulotsi	May/ June 2021	Undetermined	Establishment of satellite fire station in Viljoenskroon/ Rammulotsi
	Refurbishment of training centre	Refurbishment of training centre and training grounds	August 2020	200 000	Refurbishment of training Centre. To be use as training facility.
	Replacement of security fence at training centre	Replacing worn out and dilapidated security fence on northern side of training grounds.	October/November 2020		Fencing in of training centre to keep vagrants and undesirable elements from training grounds and training centre
	Extension of fire engine machine room bays	Extend and heighten machine room bays to accommodate new machines	February 2021	500 000	Engine rooms to be extended and roof lifted to accommodate new fire engines
	Provision of standby power at fire and rescue services	Provide standby power for fire and rescue services to operate during time main electricity is off	September 2020	500 000	Standby generator neede for emergency power in the station to enable firefighting to

Nr:	Project Name	Project Description	Implementation Date	Cost (R)	Comments
					be continued with
	5 x Laptops for fire officers and 1x PC for office assistant.	 One laptop is a replacement for an outdated machine. The others is for the operational officers that have never had any computer equipment. PC outdated and needs replacement 	July 2020	45 000	Needed for administrative work at fire and rescue services by operational, fire safety and administration staff
	Rope rescue equipment	Rope rescue equipment for rescues at elevated instances	January /February 2021	200 000	Operation requirement

7.3.5 Disaster Management

Table 29: Capital Expenditure: Disaster Management

Nr:	Project Name	Project Description	Implementation Date	Cost	Comments
1	Disaster	Renovation of the	2020	8 000	
	Management centre	Disaster Centre		000	
2	Disaster	Signage for Disaster	2020	180 000	
	Management centre	Management			

7.4.5.1 PARKS, SPORT AND RECREATION

Nr:	Project Name	Project Description	Implementation Date	Cost	Comments
1. 1	Effective maintenance of Cemeteries	Expansion of Cemeteries: Expand for further space, construction of internal roads & burial blocks. Erection of ablutions and	1 July 2020	R 5 milj in total	The projects will be done in phases

Nr:	Project Name	Project Description	Implementation Date	Cost	Comments
		the installation of fences.			
2.	Development of Parks	Assessment and designing of the Parks. Public participation and construction.	1 July 2020	R 1,200 000.00	The development will according to the assessment in terms of age, gender etc.
3.	Development of Sport facilities	Construction of Indoor/Outdoor Sport Facilities in Koekoe Village	1 July 2019	R 800 000.00	Funding application submitted to MIG.
4.	Effective maintenance of sport and community facilities	Upgrading of swimming pools. Nyakallong filter room replacing damaged filers and PVC pipes. Môrewag tiles & pavilion. Replace damaged Inlet pipes at Brentpark.	1 July 2020	R 500 000.00	
5.	Constraction of Indoor /Outdoor Sports Facilities in Koekoe Village	- 1p-1	2019/2020	Own Funding	July 2019
6.		Upgrading of Rammolutsi Sports ground phase 2	2020/2021	Own Funding/MIG/FDDM	Phase 1 not completetly completed

7.3.5 Local Economic Development and Planning

7.3.5.1 Housing

Nr.	Project Name	Project Description	Implementation Date	Cost	Comments
1.	Lesodi Construction –	F 090/ 80070/1	2017/18	R 1 759 000.00	Lesodi replaced by
	100x houses				Distinctive Choice.

Nr.	Project Name	Project Description	Implementation Date	Cost	Comments
					18 x houses still outstanding.
2.	Distinctive Choice Land Restitution Project – 170 x houses	F 090/ 80070/1	2017/18	R Unknown	There are still 16 x houses outstanding
3.	Thutela Bogolo Enterprise 350 x houses	F 1011 0004/1	2017/18	R 3 205 780.00	The outstanding housing units to be verified and checked.
4.	Distinctive Choice (Poloko Trading)	F 1411 0001/1	2017/18	R 1 586 160.00	There are x 8 houses outstanding.
5.	Distinctive Choice Military Veterans	F 1501 0009/3	2017/18	R 396 540.00	Houses partially completed x 3 Houses incomplete.
6.	Steynsrus 250 – Topstructure (phase 1)	F 2001 0014/1	2020/21	R Unknown	Project details unknown.
7.	Burewa Trading 191 Rectification of 2 x rooms in Brentpark	F 1909 0005/1	2019/20	R Unknown	Project not listed 6 x house.
8.	Wathint Imbokodo 6 x houses	F 1909 0005/1	2019/20	R Unknown	Project not listed x houses.
9.	EPHP Viljoenskroon		2018/19	R Unknown	There are 17 x houses outstanding.
10.	Molapi Investment (Viljoenskroon) 2 roomed project (new project)		2020/21	R Unknown	There are 2 x houses outstanding
11.	Iketsetse PhP	F 0309 0020	2020/21	R Unknown	There are 14 x houses outstanding.
12.	Fencing at Maokeng offices.	Not registered.	2020/21	R1 200 000.00	Own funding.

7.3.5.2 Planning

Nr:	Project Name	Project Description	Implementation Date	Cost	Comments
PLED01/2020/2021	Marabastad re-planning	Address land use problems by subdivision, consolidation and re-planning of portions of land in Marabastad.	01.07.2020	R1 000 000	
PLED02/2020/2021	Steynsrus re-layout	Re-layout of erven 4 to 16, 454, 455 and	01.07.2020	R290 000	

PLED03/2020/2021	Erf 7342, Constantia	457 to 459, Steynsrus. Subdivision of erf 7342, Constantia.	01.07.2020	R93 500	
PLED04/2020/2021	Erf 22897, Gelukwaarts	Re-layout of erf 22897, Gelukwaarts.	01.07.2020	R93 500	
PLED05/2020/2021	Kroonstad/Viljoenskroon commonages	Identify and obtain additional farm land for inclusion in the Municipal commonages in Kroonstad and Viljoenskroon.	01.07.2020	R20 000 000	

7.3.5.3 Local Economic Development : Kroonpark

Nr:	Project Name	Project Description	Implementation Date	Cost	Comments
1	Renovating of 10 Chalets (4 Sleeper chalets)	Painting, tilling and revamping of cupboards (Chalets 46,47,48,49,50,51,56,57,58 and 59	01 July 2020 To 30 Nov 2020	R100,000	
2	Renovating of 10 Chalets	Replacement of thatch roof with concrete roman roof tiles. (Chalets 30-31,33-34,35-36 and 16,17,18,19,20	01 July 2020 To 30 Nov 2020	R100,000	
3	Acquire new furniture and electrical equipment for 10 chalets.	TV's X 10 Four plate stoves X 10 Fridge's X 10 Micro ovens X 10 Mattress X 10 Air Conditions X 10	30 July 2020 To 30 June 2021	R300,000	
4	Renovating of Indoor swimming pool First phase	Replacement of thatch roof with concrete roman roof tiles and sealing of concrete roof slab. Painting of indoor swimming pool and replacing of all broken windows	01 Jan 2021 To 30 June 2021	R60,000	
5	Renovating of Ablution no 2	Replacement of thatch roof with IBR steel roof.	01 April 2021 To 30 June 2021	R60,000	

Nr:	Project Name	Project Description	Implementation Date	Cost	Comments
6	Renovating of Bloekom Lapa First phase	Replacement of thatch roof with concrete roman roof tiles and tilling of floors	01 Jan 2021 To 30 June 2021	R60,000	
7.	Erection of informal trading areas.	Re-arrange informal trading within the central business district.	2020/21	R1 500 000	
8.	Information Boards and Signs for marketing	Information for marketing.	2020/21	R1 000 000	
9.	SMME capital support projects.	To provide support to SMMEs	2020/21	R1 500 000	
10.	Farmers capital support projects.	To provide capital support to small emerging farmers.	2020/21	R1 500 000	To assist input into FSPU.

7.3.5.3 Local Economic Development: Tourism

Nr:	Project Name	Project Description	Implementation Date	Cost	Comments
1	Old town hall	Upgrade of the old town hall	July 2020 (as soon as funds are available)	500 000	Old town hall to be upgraded to assist council towards setting of tourism information centre.
2.	Fencing	Fencing of Commonages	August 2020(as soon as funds are available	500 000	This project will assist in agricultural development
3.	Renovation of Ablution block at Northern Park.	To renovate the existing ablution blocks at the Northern park for tourism activities	September 2020(or as soon as funds are available)	R 300 000	The state of the ablution block is too bad. Renovation is needed so that the park can be used again

7.4 Technical Services

7.4.1 Sanitation

	Project Description	Funding Source	Priority	Risk
Upgrading of the Steynsrus Waste Water		Unfunded	High	Inadequate capacity of
	Treatment Works			existing plant to cater for

Project Description	Funding Source	Priority	Risk
			future development of 1436 erven
Increase capacity of the Viljoenskroon WWTW	MIG/DWS/Own funding	High	Inadequate capacity of existing plant to cater for future development of 1436 erven
Refurbishment of Steynburg sewer pump station at Viljoenskroon	Own funding	High	Health and environmental degradation due to Sewer Spillages
Refurbishment of Mphatlalatsane sewer pump station at Rammulotsi	Own funding	High	Health and environmental degradation due to Sewer Spillages
Refurbishment of abattoir sewer pump station at Viljoenskroon	Own funding	High	Health and environmental degradation due to Sewer Spillages
Waste Water master plan and implementation thereof	MIG/DWS/Own funding	High	
10ML Waste Water Treatment Plant in Constantia	Own funding	High	Health and environmental degradation due to Sewer Spillages
2km long Sewer pipeline from David Curry to Constantia Pump Station	MIG	High	Health and environmental degradation due to Sewer Spillages
2km long Nyakallong sewer line from Smit pump station (Gelukwaarts) to Pitso Pump station	MIG	High	Health and environmental degradation due to Sewer Spillages
200m long sewer line adjacent Johny's dam (Kroonheuwel)	Own funding	Medium	Health and environmental degradation due to Sewer Spillages
1km long Viljoenskroon line towards 4-way stop pump station	MIG	Medium	Health and environmental degradation due to Sewer Spillages
1km long sewer mainline in 11th Avenue (Marabastad)	MIG	Medium	Health and environmental degradation due to Sewer Spillages
300m long sewer line from Rowan Street to Vermaak Street	Own funding	Medium	Health and environmental degradation due to Sewer Spillages
Refurbishment/Upgrading of Sewer Pump Stations	Own funding	High	Health and environmental degradation due to Sewer Spillages
Installation of water networks in areas where township establishment was done in all 3 towns	MIG/DWS/Own funding	High	hamper development due to lack of services in place
Sewer Reticulation for the 1436 new stands in Matlwangtlwang	Human Settlement/Own funding	High	Development cannot be done without first providing for infrastructure services
Sewer Reticulation for the 1086 new stands in Rammulotsi (Northleigh)	Human Settlement/Own funding	High	Development cannot be done without first providing for infrastructure services
Sewer Reticulation for the 109 new stands in Viljoenskroon	Human Settlement/Own funding	High	Development cannot be done without first

Project Description	Funding Source	Priority	Risk
			providing for infrastructure services
Sewer Reticulation for the 5126 new stands in Maokeng	Human Settlement/Own funding	High	Development cannot be done without first providing for infrastructure services
Sewer Reticulation for the 326 new stands in Brentpark	Human Settlement/Own funding	High	Development cannot be done without first providing for infrastructure services
Sewer Reticulation for the 476 new stands in Kroonstad (Tuinhof, Heuwelsig and Elandia)	Human Settlement/Own funding	High	Development cannot be done without first providing for infrastructure services
Refurbishment of purified sewerage effluent irrigation system for parks and schools	MIG/DWS/Own funding	High	using clean/potable water for irrigation purposes
Expansion of purified sewerage effluent irrigation system	MIG/DWS/Own funding	High	using clean/potable water for irrigation purposes

7.4.2 Water

Upgrading of water supply in Viljoenskroon: Water Treatment Works	Project Description	Funding Source	Priority	Risk
Viljoenskroon: Water Treatment Works MIG/DWS/Own funding High MIG/DWS/Own funding High Water for future developments Water supply in tunding Water supply not reaching certain areas during peak demands Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water Reticulation of adatomatic purposes and large parts of the community not getting water finds attained to a large parts of the community not getting water finds attained to a large parts of the community not getting water finds attained to. The current Maokeng reservoir does not have sufficient capacity to cater for future extensions adjacent to Boitume and Installation of additional valves and hydrants in all 3 towns MIG/DWS/Own funding MIG/DWS/Own funding MIG/DWS/Own fu				Current capacity of the plant
Upgrading of water supply in Viljoenskroon: Main pipelines & reservoirs / pressure tower Upgrading of water supply in Viljoenskroon: Network rehabilitation and improving Upgrading of water networks in all 3 towns by replacing AC pipes with UPVC pipes Upgrading of water supply between water treatment works, Kroonheuwel reservoir and Maokeng (pipelines replacement) New reservoir at Maokeng to cater for future extensions adjacent to Boitumelo Hospital Valve and hydrant replacement and installation of additional valves and hydrants in all 3 towns Pipelline directly between Bloemhoek dam and Kroonstad water treatment works and Backwash recovery system Augmentation of raw water supply in all 3 towns and/or augmentation of potable water supply during periods of droughts. Refurbishment of remaining filters at Kroonstad water treatment works and backwash recovery system Installation of water networks in areas where township establishment was done in all 3 towns MIG/DWS/Own funding MIG		MIG/DWS/Own	IIi ala	
Upgrading of water supply in Viljoenskroon: Main pipelines & reservoirs / pressure tower Upgrading of water supply in Viljoenskroon: Network rehabilitation and improving MIG/DWS/Own funding MiG/DWS/Own funding Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst pipes are supply of the duality of water for future excession and language and infrastructure. Water losses due to frequent burst		funding	High	water for future
Upgrading of water supply in Viljoenskroon: Main pipelines & reservoirs / pressure tower Upgrading of water supply in Viljoenskroon: Network rehabilitation and improving MIG/DWS/Own funding MiG/DWS/Own funding Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. Upgrading of water networks in all 3 towns by replacing AC pipes with UPVC pipes Upgrading of water supply between water treatment works, Kroonheuwel reservoir and Maokeng (pipelines replacement) MIG/DWS/Own funding MIG/DWS		J		developments
Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure.	Upgrading of water supply in	MIC (DIMC (O		
Indiding			High	
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Injoenskroon: Network renabilitation and improving Upgrading of water networks in all 3 towns by replacing AC pipes with UPVC pipes Upgrading of water supply between water treatment works, Kroonheuwel reservoir and Maokeng (pipelines replacement) New reservoir at Maokeng to cater for future extensions adjacent to Boitumelo Hospital Valve and hydrant replacement and installation of additional valves and hydrants in all 3 towns Pipeline directly between Bloemhoek dam and Kroonstad water treatment works and backwash recovery system Refurbishment of remaining filters at Kroonstad water treatment works and backwash recovery system Refurbishment of remaining filters at Kroonstad water treatment works and backwash recovery system Installation of vater networks in areas where township establishment was done in all 3 towns MIG/DWS/Own funding MIG/DWS/Own fu	Upgrading of water supply in	MIC /DIMC /Orang		Water losses due to
Upgrading of water networks in all 3 towns by replacing AC pipes with UPVC pipes Upgrading of water supply between water treatment works, Kroonheuwel reservoir and Maokeng (pipelines replacement) New reservoir at Maokeng (pipelines replacement) Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. ### Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. ### Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. ### Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. ### Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. ### Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. ### Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. ### Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. ### Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. ### Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. ### Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. ### Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. ### Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. ### Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. ### Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. ### Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. ### Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. ### Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. ### Water losses due to frequent burst pipes aged pipeline, may lead to a large parts of the community not petting water in to a large parts of the community not petting water in to a large parts of the community and the development in the area and the area and installation of water at the end of the pipe repair. ### Water	Viljoenskroon: Network rehabilitation		Medium	frequent burst pipes as a
Upgrading of water networks in all 3 towns by replacing AC pipes with UPVC pipes Upgrading of water supply between water treatment works, Kroonheuwel reservoir and Maokeng (pipelines replacement) New reservoir at Maokeng to cater for future extensions adjacent to Boitumelo Hospital Valve and hydrant replacement and installation of additional valves and hydrants in all 3 towns Pipeline directly between Bloemhoek dam and Kroonstad water treatment works. Augmentation of raw water supply in all 3 towns and/or augmentation of potable water supply during periods of droughts. Refurbishment of remaining filters at Kroonstad water treatment works and backwash recovery system Installation of water networks in areas where township establishment was done in all 3 towns Water Reticulation for the 1436 new stands in Matlwangtlwang Water Reticulation for the 1086 new MIG/DWS/Own funding Water losses due to frequent burst pipes as a result of aged infrastructure. aged pipeline, may lead to a large parts of the community not getting water if not alree parts of the community not getting water if not attended to. The current Maokeng reservoir does not have sufficient capacity to cater for future development in the area Currently cannot isolate certain areas when attending to burst pipes, cannot flush the line and ensure clean water at the end of the pipe repair. Ilimited quantity of water flowing from bloehoek to the plant Not having sufficient raw water/potable water supply for the community during periods of drought Not having sufficient raw water flowing from bloehoek to the plant Not having sufficient raw water flowing from bloehoek to deduce water supply for the community during periods of drought. MIG/DWS/Own funding MIG/DWS/Own funding Development cannot be done without first providing for infrastructure services	and improving	runaing		
Dippers Funding Fund	Upgrading of water networks in all 3			
Dippers Funding Fund	towns by replacing AC pipes with UPVC	MIG/DWS/Own	II: ala	frequent burst pipes as a
Upgrading of water supply between water treatment works, Kroonheuwel reservoir and Maokeng (pipelines replacement) New reservoir at Maokeng to cater for future extensions adjacent to Boitumelo Hospital Valve and hydrant replacement and installation of additional valves and hydrants in all 3 towns MIG/DWS/Own funding MI	pipes	funding	nign	
water treatment works, Kroonheuwel reservoir and Maokeng (pipelines replacement) New reservoir at Maokeng to cater for future extensions adjacent to Boitumelo Hospital Valve and hydrant replacement and installation of additional valves and hydrants in all 3 towns MIG/DWS/Own funding MIG/DWS/Own fun				infrastructure.
water treatment works, Kroonheuwel reservoir and Maokeng (pipelines replacement) New reservoir at Maokeng to cater for future extensions adjacent to Boitumelo Hospital Valve and hydrant replacement and installation of additional valves and hydrants in all 3 towns MIG/DWS/Own funding MIG/DWS/Own fun	Upgrading of water supply between			aged pipeline, may lead to a
replacement) New reservoir at Maokeng to cater for future extensions adjacent to Boitumelo Hospital Valve and hydrant replacement and installation of additional valves and hydrants in all 3 towns Pipeline directly between Bloemhoek dam and Kroonstad water treatment works Augmentation of raw water supply in all 3 towns and/or augmentation of potable water supply during periods of droughts. Refurbishment of remaining filters at Kroonstad water treatment works and backwash recovery system Installation of water networks in areas where township establishment was done in all 3 towns Installation of the 1436 new states and sin Matlwangtlwang Water Reticulation for the 1086 new MIG/DWS/Own funding MIG/DWS/Own fu	water treatment works, Kroonheuwel	MIG/DWS/Own	Lligh	large parts of the
New reservoir at Maokeng to cater for future extensions adjacent to Boitumelo Hospital MIG/DWS/Own funding High Freservoir does not have sufficient capacity to cater for future development in the area	reservoir and Maokeng (pipelines	funding	підіі	community not getting
future extensions adjacent to Boitumelo Hospital MIG/DWS/Own funding MIG/DWS/Own funding Walve and hydrant replacement and installation of additional valves and hydrants in all 3 towns MIG/DWS/Own funding Medium Me	replacement)			water if not attended to.
Hospital Willing Wi	New reservoir at Maokeng to cater for			The current Maokeng
Valve and hydrant replacement and installation of additional valves and hydrants in all 3 towns MIG/DWS/Own funding MIG/DWS/Own fundi	future extensions adjacent to Boitumelo	MIC /DMC /Over		reservoir does not have
Valve and hydrant replacement and installation of additional valves and hydrants in all 3 towns MIG/DWS/Own funding MIG/DWS/Own fundi	Hospital		High	sufficient capacity to cater
Valve and hydrant replacement and installation of additional valves and hydrants in all 3 towns MIG/DWS/Own funding MIG/DWS/Own fundi		Tunaing		for future development in
installation of additional valves and hydrants in all 3 towns MIG/DWS/Own funding MEG/DWS/Own funding MEG/DWS/O				the area
hydrants in all 3 towns MIG/DWS/Own funding	Valve and hydrant replacement and			Currently cannot isolate
funding fun	installation of additional valves and			certain areas when
Pipeline directly between Bloemhoek dam and Kroonstad water treatment works Augmentation of raw water supply in all 3 towns and/or augmentation of potable water supply during periods of droughts. Refurbishment of remaining filters at Kroonstad water treatment works and backwash recovery system Installation of water networks in areas where township establishment was done in all 3 towns Water Reticulation for the 1436 new stands in Matlwangtlwang Water Reticulation for the 1086 new MIG/DWS/Own funding MI	hydrants in all 3 towns	MIG/DWS/Own	II: ala	attending to burst pipes,
Pipeline directly between Bloemhoek dam and Kroonstad water treatment works Augmentation of raw water supply in all 3 towns and/or augmentation of potable water supply during periods of droughts. Refurbishment of remaining filters at Kroonstad water treatment works and backwash recovery system Installation of water networks in areas where township establishment was done in all 3 towns Water Reticulation for the 1436 new stands in Matlwangtlwang Water Reticulation for the 1086 new MIG/DWS/Own funding M		funding	nign	cannot flush the line and
Pipeline directly between Bloemhoek dam and Kroonstad water treatment works Augmentation of raw water supply in all 3 towns and/or augmentation of potable water supply during periods of droughts. Refurbishment of remaining filters at Kroonstad water treatment works and backwash recovery system Installation of water networks in areas where township establishment was done in all 3 towns Water Reticulation for the 1436 new stands in Matlwangtlwang Water Reticulation for the 1086 new MIG/DWS/Own funding M				ensure clean water at the
dam and Kroonstad water treatment works Augmentation of raw water supply in all 3 towns and/or augmentation of potable water supply during periods of droughts. Refurbishment of remaining filters at Kroonstad water treatment works and backwash recovery system Installation of water networks in areas where township establishment was done in all 3 towns Water Reticulation for the 1436 new stands in Matlwangtlwang Water Reticulation for the 1086 new MIG/DWS/Own funding MIG/DWS/Own fund				end of the pipe repair.
Augmentation of raw water supply in all 3 towns and/or augmentation of potable water supply during periods of droughts. Refurbishment of remaining filters at Kroonstad water treatment works and backwash recovery system Installation of water networks in areas where township establishment was done in all 3 towns Water Reticulation for the 1436 new stands in Matlwangtlwang Water Reticulation for the 1086 new MIG/DWS/Own funding High Development cannot be done without first providing for infrastructure services Water Reticulation for the 1086 new Human Development cannot be	Pipeline directly between Bloemhoek	MIC /DMC /Own		limited quantity of water
Augmentation of raw water supply in all 3 towns and/or augmentation of potable water supply during periods of droughts. Refurbishment of remaining filters at Kroonstad water treatment works and backwash recovery system Installation of water networks in areas where township establishment was done in all 3 towns Water Reticulation for the 1436 new stands in Matlwangtlwang Water Reticulation for the 1086 new MIG/DWS/Own funding MIG/DWS/Own funding MIG/DWS/Own funding MIG/DWS/Own funding MIG/DWS/Own funding MIG/DWS/Own funding High Development cannot be done without first providing for infrastructure services Water Reticulation for the 1086 new Human Development cannot be	dam and Kroonstad water treatment		High	flowing from bloehoek to
3 towns and/or augmentation of potable water supply during periods of droughts. Refurbishment of remaining filters at Kroonstad water treatment works and backwash recovery system Installation of water networks in areas where township establishment was done in all 3 towns Water Reticulation for the 1436 new stands in Matlwangtlwang Water Reticulation for the 1086 new MIG/DWS/Own funding MIG/DWS/Own funding MIG/DWS/Own funding MIG/DWS/Own funding High Water/potable water supply for the community during periods of drought Negative impact on the quantity and the quality of water treated at the plant hamper development due to lack of services in place High Development cannot be done without first providing for infrastructure services Water Reticulation for the 1086 new Human Development cannot be	works	Tullullig		the plant
water supply during periods of droughts. Refurbishment of remaining filters at Kroonstad water treatment works and backwash recovery system Installation of water networks in areas where township establishment was done in all 3 towns Water Reticulation for the 1436 new stands in Matlwangtlwang Water Reticulation for the 1086 new Installation of water networks in areas where township establishment was done funding Water Reticulation for the 1436 new Settlement/Own funding High for the community during periods of drought Negative impact on the quantity and the quality of water treated at the plant hamper development due to lack of services in place Water Reticulation for the 1436 new Human Development cannot be Water Reticulation for the 1086 new Water Reticulation for the 1086 new Human Development cannot be	Augmentation of raw water supply in all			Not having sufficient raw
Refurbishment of remaining filters at Kroonstad water treatment works and backwash recovery system Installation of water networks in areas where township establishment was done in all 3 towns Water Reticulation for the 1436 new stands in Matlwangtlwang Water Reticulation for the 1086 new Water Reticulation for the 1086 new Water Reticulation for the 1086 new Installation of water networks in areas where township establishment was done in all 3 towns Water Reticulation for the 1436 new stands in Matlwangtlwang Water Reticulation for the 1086 new	3 towns and/or augmentation of potable	MIG/DWS/Own	High	water/potable water supply
Refurbishment of remaining filters at Kroonstad water treatment works and backwash recovery system Installation of water networks in areas where township establishment was done in all 3 towns Water Reticulation for the 1436 new stands in Matlwangtlwang Water Reticulation for the 1086 new Water Reticulation for the 1086 new Water Reticulation for the 1086 new HIG/DWS/Own funding MIG/DWS/Own funding High Negative impact on the quantity and the quality of water reated at the plant hamper development due to lack of services in place bevelopment cannot be done without first providing for infrastructure services Water Reticulation for the 1086 new Human Development cannot be	water supply during periods of droughts.	funding	Iligii	for the community during
Kroonstad water treatment works and backwash recovery system Installation of water networks in areas where township establishment was done in all 3 towns Water Reticulation for the 1436 new stands in Matlwangtlwang Water Reticulation for the 1086 new MIG/DWS/Own funding Medium quantity and the quality of water treated at the plant hamper development due to lack of services in place Development cannot be done without first providing for infrastructure services Water Reticulation for the 1086 new Human Development cannot be done without first providing for infrastructure services Development cannot be				periods of drought
Redium Guantity and the quality of water treatment works and backwash recovery system Installation of water networks in areas where township establishment was done in all 3 towns MIG/DWS/Own funding High Hig	Refurbishment of remaining filters at	MIC /DMC /Our		Negative impact on the
Installation of water networks in areas where township establishment was done in all 3 towns Water Reticulation for the 1436 new stands in Matlwangtlwang Water Reticulation for the 1086 new Water Reticulation for the 1086 new Human Settlement/Own for infrastructure services Water Reticulation for the 1086 new Water treated at the plant hamper development due to lack of services in place bevelopment cannot be done without first providing for infrastructure services Development cannot be		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Medium	quantity and the quality of
where township establishment was done in all 3 towns Water Reticulation for the 1436 new stands in Matlwangtlwang Water Reticulation for the 1086 new Water Reticulation for the 1086 new Water Reticulation for the 1086 new MIG/DWS/Own funding High Bevelopment cannot be done without first providing for infrastructure services Water Reticulation for the 1086 new Human Development cannot be		Tullullig		
Water Reticulation for the 1436 new stands in Matlwangtlwang Water Reticulation for the 1086 new Water Reticulation for the 1086 new Settlement/Own for infrastructure services High lack of services in place Bevelopment cannot be done without first providing for infrastructure services Water Reticulation for the 1086 new Human Development cannot be		MIC/DWS/Own		hamper development due to
Water Reticulation for the 1436 new stands in Matlwangtlwang Settlement/Own funding High Development cannot be done without first providing for infrastructure services Water Reticulation for the 1086 new Human Development cannot be	where township establishment was done		High	lack of services in place
stands in MatlwangtlwangSettlement/Own fundingdone without first providing for infrastructure servicesWater Reticulation for the 1086 newHumanDevelopment cannot be		Tullullig		
fundingHighfor infrastructure servicesWater Reticulation for the 1086 newHumanDevelopment cannot be				_
Water Reticulation for the 1086 new Human Development cannot be	stands in Matlwangtlwang			
		funding	High	
	stands in Rammulotsi (Northleigh)	Settlement/Own		done without first providing
funding High for infrastructure services		funding	High	
Water Reticulation for the 109 new Human Development cannot be				
stands in Viljoenskroon Settlement/Own done without first providing	stands in Viljoenskroon			
funding High for infrastructure services		funding	High	for infrastructure services
Water Reticulation for the 5126 new Human Development cannot be	Water Reticulation for the 5126 new	Human		Development cannot be
stands in Maokeng Settlement/Own done without first providing	stands in Maokeng	Settlement/Own		done without first providing
funding High for infrastructure services		funding	High	for infrastructure services

Project Description	Funding Source	Priority	Risk
Water Reticulation for the 326 new	Human		Development cannot be
stands in Brentpark	Settlement/Own		done without first providing
	funding	High	for infrastructure services
Water Reticulation for the 476 new	Human		Development cannot be
stands in Kroonstad (Tuinhof, Heuwelsig	Settlement/Own	_	done without first providing
and Elandia)	funding	High	for infrastructure services
Interconnecting pipe between Maokeng	MIG/DWS/Own	_	water losses due to frequent
reservoir, Khatliso and Brentpark	funding	High	burst pipes as a result of
	Tunumg		aged infrastructure
Installation of zonal meters in all towns	MIG/DWS/Own		the inability to quantify
	funding	High	water going to each area
	0		within Moqhaka
Installation of pressure control valves in	MIC /DIVIC /O		burst pipes and water losses
areas where excessive pressures occur	MIG/DWS/Own	High	as a result of high
(Tuinhof, Jordania, lower Gelukwaarts &	funding		pressurised pipes
Constantia)			
Replacement of conventional water meters with SMART prepaid water	MIC /DWC /Over		
meters with SMART prepaid water meters and the replacement of faulty	MIG/DWS/Own funding	High	Water Reticulation losses
meters	Tunung		(Non-Revenue Water)
Installation of Bulk and zonal meters	MIG/DWS/Own		Water Reticulation losses
installation of bulk and zonal meters	funding	High	(Non-Revenue Water)
Installation of direct supply lines	Tunung		water not reaching high
between main reservoir lines and high			lying areas when the
lying areas in Maokeng (for instance LTA	MIG/DWS/Own	High	reservoir level is low
and upper parts of Constantia /	funding	mgn	reservoir rever is low
Phomolong)			
Upgrading of Steynsrus Water Treatment			The current capacity of the
Plant to accommodate future new stands	NAC (DANG (O		plant does not have
	MIG/DWS/Own	High	sufficient capacity to cater
	funding	o o	for future development in
			the area
Upgrading of raw water supply to			Insufficient capacity of
Steynsrus (new dams etc.)	MIG/DWS/Own	II: ada	current infrastructure to
	funding	High	cater for future
			development
Erection of additional reservoirs in all 3			Currently not having 48hr
towns to ensure 48 hour continuous			continues supply of water
supply	MIG/DWS/Own		from reservoirs in case of
	funding	High	refurbishment work has to
	Tunumg		be done at the plant or a
			major supply pipe to the
TAT , 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	MIC /DIVIC /O		reservoirs bursts
Water master plan and implementation	MIG/DWS/Own	High	Ad-hoc planning, lack of
thereof	funding	 	blue print
Water Services Development Plan and	MIG/DWS/Own	High	Ad-hoc planning, lack of
implementation thereof Water conservation and demand	funding MIC /DWS /Own		blue print Water losses
	MIG/DWS/Own	High	water iosses
management system Meter replacement and upgrading house	funding MIG/DWS/Own		Water losses, by-passed
connections	funding	High	meters
Rehabilitation of reservoir structures	MIG/DWS/Own		aged infrastructure that can
Tenabilitation of reservoir structures	funding	High	fail at any time
Obtaining equipment for water services			sharing of equipment
section to function properly	MIG/DWS/Own	High	leading to inefficiencies,
F. 6 Port,	funding		slow service delivery pace
	I	1	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i

Project Description	Funding Source	Priority	Risk
Upgrading of Groblersdam to Bloemhoek pump station - MCC Panels	MIG/DWS/Own funding	High	old MMC panels, difficult to maintain
Refurbishment of all dams in Kroonstad water supply system	MIG/DWS/Own funding	High	leaking dam walls, and weirs, storage capacity of dams reduced due to silting
Hydrological survey of Vals River and dams to determine silting and current dam capacities	MIG/DWS/Own funding	High	inability to accurately quantify the storage capacity of dams due to siltation
De-silting of dams in Vals River	MIG/DWS/Own funding	High	storage capacity of dams reduced due to silting, flow of the water within the river restricted due to the silt
Installation of telemetry system for reservoir monitoring and pump control in all 3 towns	MIG/DWS/Own funding	High	currently monitoring reservoirs levels manually, experience overflowing reservoirs and sometimes critically low reservoir levels that are not detected quick due to lack of telemetry

7.4.3 Roads and Storm water

The following table is an extraction for the RRAMS Report for Moqhaka Local Municipality and is showing the km of roads and the type of roads to be maintained by the Municipality.

Town	Surface Types (km)				
	Flexible	Unpaved	Block		
Kroonstad & Maokeng	228.67	154.48	28.596		
Viljoenskroon & Rammulotsi	40.68	129.06	20.41		
Steynsrus & Matlwangtlwang	4.90	63.556	86.346		
Total	274.25	352.25	66.90		
Total km of roads	693.4				

Visual Condition for Collector and Distributor streets in Kroonstad/Maokeng (only U4 roads) shown in km

Surface	e Visual Condition Index (VCI) in kilometres										
Type	Very Poor		Poor		Average		Go	od	Very Good		Total
	0-20	%	21-40	%	41-60	%	61-80	%	81-100	%	
Flex	21.49	23.2	24.88	26.9	29.94	32.4	13.41	14.52	2.63	2.85	92.35
		7		4		2					
Unpave	3.00	58.3	1.8	34.9	0.35	6.80	0	0	0	0	5.15
d		0									
Block*	0.63	7.80	0.34	4.20	0	0	7.11	88.00	0	0	8.08
Total	25.13		27.02		30.28		20.52		2.63		105.5
											8

Visual Condition for **Collector and Distributor streets in Viljoenskroon/Rammulotsi** (only U4 roads) shown in km

Surface		Visual Condition Index (VCI) in kilometres									
Type	Very l	Poor	Poo	or	Aver	age	Go	od	Very	Good	Total
	0-20	%	21-40	%	41-60	%	61-80	%	81-	%	
									100		
Flex	0.19	0.77	3.1	12.6	8.748	35.6	4.69	19.10	7.83	31.89	24.56
				2		2					
Unpave	0.32	13.9	1.99	86.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.316
d		9		1							
Block*	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.99	100	0	0	4.99
Total	0.51		5.09		8.75		9.69		7.83		31.87

Visual Condition for **Collector and Distributor streets in Steynsrus/Matlwangtlwang** (only U4 roads) shown in km

Surface		Visual Condition Index (VCI) in kilometres									
Type	Very l	Poor	Poo	or	Aver	age	Go	od	Very	Good	Total
	0-20	%	21-40	%	41-60	%	61-80	%	81-100	%	
Flex	0	0	0.61	22.0	2.15	77.9	0	0			2.76
				4		6					
Unpave	0	0	0.61	21.5	1.39	49.4	0.82	28.98			2.82
d				9		3					
Block*	0	0	0	0	0	0	7.89	100			7.89
Total	0	0	1.22		3.54						13.46

Project Description	Funding Source	Priority	Risk
Upgrading of Cross Street Subway	Unfunded	High	Danger for community and loss of human life's.
Upgrading of Section of North Road	Unfunded	High	Danger for community.
Patching of tar roads project	Unfunded	High	Danger for community.
Installation of speed bumps	Unfunded	High	Protect pedestrians and human live
Upgrading of gravel roads to paved roads	Unfunded	High	Danger for community.
Licensing of gravel quarries	Unfunded	High	AG requirement
Upgrading of Storm water channel in Rammulotsi	Unfunded	High	Danger for community and loss of human life's.
Upgrading of Vlei areas in Maokeng	Unfunded	High	Danger for community and loss of human life's.
Re-gravelling of roads	Unfunded	High	Danger for community.
Constructions of new roads in green field areas.	Unfunded	High	Urgent need to allocate erfs.

7.5 Unfunded Projects

7.5.1 Short term: Water and Sanitation issues that must be addressed.

7.5.1.1 Viljoenskroon

Area	Project Description	Km	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Jordania	Upgrade sewer pump station	n/a	R750 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
Suidrand	Upgrade C sewer pump station		R825 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
Kroonstad/Maokeng	AC replacement all areas	180	R63 900 00	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
Maokeng	Sewer network upgrade (various)	Unknown	R7 550 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
Maokeng	Alternative line to Khatliso Moketsi	3.5	R1 550 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
Maokeng	Upgrade Gelukwaarts line to make Smit p/s redundant	4.0	R11 500 00	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
Constantia	Upgrade Sewer p/s and rising main to WWTW	5.2	R15 500 00	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
Suidrand	Upgrading of sewer line between Rowan str. and C pump station	2.35	R11 600 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
Kroonstad/Maokeng	Backup 600mm water line between WTW and Kroonheuwel reservoir		R9 650 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
Kroonheuwel	Upgrade tower pump station	n/a	R875 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
CBD	Upgrading of sewer line between Truter str and A Pump station	1.3	R11 600 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
CBD	Upgrading of sewer line (Oranje street)	0.8	R9 650 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
Elandia/ Kroonheuwel	Upgr4ading of sewer line Marais street	3.2	R875 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
Viljoenskroon/ Rammulotsi	Upgrade/replace pipeline to WWTW	1.2	R3 150 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
Viljoenskroon/ Rammulotsi	Upgrade various problems sewers	n/a	R1 500 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
Viljoenskroon/ Rammulotsi	Upgrade various water lines	3	R1 065 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
Industrial area	Upgrade pump station and pipe line	1.4	R975 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
Viljoenskroon/ Rammulotsi	Upgrade reservoir p/s (grinders etc.)	n/a	R3 150 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted

Area	Project Description	Km	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Viljoenskroon/ Rammulotsi	Increase WTW capacity	n/a	R150 000 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
Viljoenskroon/ Rammulotsi	Increase WWTW capacity	n/a	R14 364 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
Viljoenskroon/ Rammulotsi	Additional line from reservoir	22.00	R41 470 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
Rammulotsi	P/S and pipeline to WWTW	3.1	R4 570 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
Industrial area	Provide sewer network	n/a	R8 550 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted

7.5.1.2 Steynsrus

Area	Project Description	Km	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Matlwangtlwang	Upgrade sewers	n/a	R2 880 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
Matlwangtlwang	Upgrade water network	n/a	R1 910 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
Steynsrus	Upgrade water network – infill	n/a	R850 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
Steynsrus	Upgrade sewer network - infill	n/a	R975 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
Steynsrus	Upgrade WWTW	n/a	R31 800 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
Steynsrus/Matlwangtlwang	Upgrade raw water supply	n/a	R25 000 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
Matlwangtlwang	Sewer services new stands	n/a	R12 519 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted
Matlwangtlwang	Water services new stands	n/a	R7 704 000	Unfunded	BP to be submitted

7.5.2 Short term: Gravel Roads to be upgraded to paved Roads

7.5.2.1 Kroonstad

Area	Street name	KM	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Maokeng	KKV 14914-14896	0.15	R975 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Phomolong Dingalo str	0.88	R5 720 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Brentpark	Stadium Road	0.6	R6 500 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Seeisoville 1248-1303	0.46	R2 990 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP

Area	Street name	KM	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Maokeng	Constantia 7712-7470	0.38	R2 470 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	KKV 14898-18336	0.40	R2 600 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	KKV 10857-13845	0.45	R2 925 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Constantia 6972-6988	0.11	R715 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Internal Roads KKV 16661	0.86	R5 590 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Ntanga Street	0.26	R1 690 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Constantia 7716-7568	0.39	R2 535 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Constantia 8615 -8610	0.125	R812 500	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Constantia 6973-6987	0.09	R585 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Constantia 9050-9042	0.05	R325 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Constantia 6972-6988	0.11	R544 500	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Phomolong 1775-1576	0.11	R715 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Phomolong Robert Sello Str	0.23	R1 495 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Phomolong Drie en Twintigste	0.40	R2 600 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Internal roads Kgahliso Moeketsi	8.85	R55 250 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Internal roads Ward 4	3	R19 500 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Internal roads Ward 5	3	R19 500 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	KKV (16084 – 16293)	.520	R 4 420 000.00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Mahabani Street	.690	R 3 795 000.00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Makobe Street	.350	R 1 925 000.00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	KKV (10660 -10857 -14098)	2.39	R 13 167 000.00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Gelukwaarts (517 -553)	.420	R 2 310 000.00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Skele Street	1.1	R 6 050 000.00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Gelukwaarts (21419 – 21433)	.702	R 38 561 000.00	Unfunded	Should submit BP

7.5.2.2 Viljoenskroon

Area	Street name	KM	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Rammulotsi	4333-1615	0.5	R3 250 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Rammulotsi	4453-3436	1.06	R6 890 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Rammulotsi	411 – 483	0.97	R6 500 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Rammulotsi	3717 – 1843	0.38	R2 470 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Rammulotsi	817-888	0.46	R2 990 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Rammulotsi	Rammulotsi (4274 – 4218)	.30	R 1 760 000.00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Rammulotsi	Rammulotsi (1088 -1064 -1867)	2.65	R1 457 500.00	Unfunded	Should submit BP

7.5.2.3 Steynsrus

Area	Street name	KM	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Matlwangtlwang	49-732	0.58	R3 770 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Matlwangtlwang	683-749	0.14	R910 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Matlwangtlwang	772 -804	0.14	R910 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Matlwangtlwang	684-732	0.47	R3 055 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Matlwangtlwang	773-805	0.35	R2 275 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Matlwangtlwang	600 – 665	0.38	R2 470 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Matlwangtlwang	Matlwangtlwang (1496 - 1522)	.870	R 4 785 000.00	Unfunded	Should submit BP

7.5.3 Short term: Existing paved roads to be urgently reconstructed (Identified by RRAMS process)

7.5.3.1 Kroonstad

Area	Street name	KM	Estimated Amount	Funding	Remarks
				Source	
CBD	Subway and north			Unfunded	Should submit BP
	road	3.545	R27 296 500,00		
Kroonstad	Truter Street	0.675	R3 081 375,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	S-bridge	0.372	R2 455 200,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Symon Street	0.596	R5 572 600,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Voster Street	1.560	R6 263 400,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Motel Avenue	1.665	R5 860 800,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Hospital Streets	1.040	R6 292 000,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Orpen Street	1.127	R13 636 700,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Retief Street	0.553	R5 048 890,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Brentpark	Brentpark entrance			Unfunded	Should submit BP
	10th road	1.240	R6 274 400,00		
Brentpark	Brentpark entrance			Unfunded	Should submit BP
	11th road	3.400	R16 082 000,00		
Brentpark	Fisher Street	0.960	R4 804 800,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Brentpark	Brierley Street	0.957	R3 842 355,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	15th Road (entrance			Unfunded	Should submit BP
	Maokeng)	1.620	R6 504 300,00		
Maokeng	Makhoba Street	1.100	R4 416 500,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Ben Mervis Street	2.015	R9 198 475,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Ras van niekerk			Unfunded	Should submit BP
	Street	1.620	R6 504 300,00		
Kroonstad	Meyer Street	0.450	R1 806 750,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Steward Street	2.542	R12 582 900,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP

Area	Street name	KM	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Kroonstad	Brummer Street	0.591	R2 795 430,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Turner Street	0.903	R5 463 150,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Station Street	0.520	R3 432 000,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Section Reitz Street	1.017	R11 746 350,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Brand Street	1.650	R17 696 250,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Section Murray Street	0.595	R6 545 000,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Hatting Street	0.180	R2 079 000,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Gibbon Street	0.180	R2 079 000,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Moll Street	0.410	R2 706 000,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Presedent Street	1.200	R5 676 000,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Residensie Avenue	0.252	R1 011 780,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Van der Lingen Street	1.225	R6 468 000,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Lintott Street	1.045	R4 942 850,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Schoeman Street	0.940	R3 774 100,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Border Street	0.780	R3 131 700,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Strang Street	0.595	R2 814 350,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	King Street	0.595	R2 814 350,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP

7.5.3.2 Viljoenskroon

Area	Street name	KM	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Viljoenskroon	Reitz street	0.880	R6 388 800,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Viljoenskroon	Reid street	0.615	R 4 059 000,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP

7.6.3.3 Steynsrus

Area	Street name	KM	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Steynsrus	Haasbroek street	1.500	R10 725 000,00	Unfunded	Should submit BP

7.5.4 Planned Storm water projects

7.5.4.1 Kroonstad

Area	Street name	Description	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Maokeng	KKV	Channelling and vehicular	R28 520 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Constantia	Channelling and Pedestrian	R18 500 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP

7.5.4.2 Viljoenskroon

Area	Street name	Description	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Viljoenskroon	Storm water industrial flooding	Channelling and vehicular	R5 701 754	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Rammulotsi	Storm water between Rammulotsi and Northleigh	Channelling of vlei areas with pedestrian crossings	R13 450 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP

7.5.5 Short term: Planned Paved roads to be resealed

7.5.5.1 Kroonstad

Area	Street name	KM	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Kroonstad	Marais str	2.9	R3 045 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Bukes Str	1.0	R2 100 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Van der Lingen str	1.8	R2 160 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Du Toit str	3.1	R1 953 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Verwoerd str	0.35	R220 500	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Steward str	1.9	R2 660 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP

Area	Street name	KM	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Kroonstad	Ben Merwes Str	1.9	R1 265 500	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Schoemand str	0.95	R684 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Schornborn str	0.90	R648 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Derken str	0.48	R345 600	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Turner str	1.1	R792 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Hospitaal weg	1.3	R33 800 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Manis str	2.4	R1 512 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	First Lane	0.45	R283 500	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Seroto str	2.0	R1 260 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Lethetsa str	1.9	R1 330 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP

7.5.5.2 Viljoenskroon

Area	Street name	KM	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Viljoenskroon	Burger str	0.2	R126 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Viljoenskroon	Steynberg str	0.9	R567 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Viljoenskroon	Reitz str	1.0	R630 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Viljoenskroon	Engelbrecth str	0.4	R252 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Viljoenskroon	Piet Retief str	1.3	R819 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Rammulotsi	2172-394	0.8	R504 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Rammulotsi	5461-1905	2.3	R1 449 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Rammulotsi	5089-3287	3.05	R2 897 500	Unfunded	Should submit BP

7.5.5.3 Steynsrus

Area	Street name	KM	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Steynsrus	Main str.	1.3	R33 800 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP

7.5.5.4 Viljoenskroon

Area	Street name	KM	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Rammulotsi	4333-1615	0.5	R3 250 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Rammulotsi	4453-3436	1.06	R6 890 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Rammulotsi	411 – 483	0.97	R6 500 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Rammulotsi	3717 – 1843	0.38	R2 470 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Rammulotsi	817-888	0.46	R2 990 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP

7.5.5.5 Steynsrus

Area	Street name	КМ	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Matlwangtlwang	49-732	0.58	R3 770 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Matlwangtlwang	683-749	0.14	R910 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Matlwangtlwang	772 -804	0.14	R910 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Matlwangtlwang	684-732	0.47	R3 055 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Matlwangtlwang	773-805	0.35	R2 275 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Matlwangtlwang	600 – 665	0.38	R2 470 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP

7.5.6 Short term: Existing paved roads to be urgently reconstructed

7.5.6.1 Kroonstad

Area	Street name	KM	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Maokeng	Smaldeel Road (four lanes)	3.9	R58 000 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Makoba and Ntanga Str	0.5	R3 250 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Orpen Str	1.8	R16 200 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP

Area	Street name	KM	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Kroonstad	Reitz str (cross/swart)	1.1	R28 600 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Section Brand Str (cross to Swart str)	1.1	R9 900 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Section Station Str (Cross to Thesen str)	0.5	R4 500 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Eight Road Industria	1.4	R15 400 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Ninth road Industria	0.9	R9 900 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Sevent road Industria	1.15	R12 650 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Dolf Street (South Road to Orpen)	0.65	R5 850 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Crossing plellisier and Tom Ferreira Str	0.05	R800 00	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Makobe Str (Section not paved)	0.31	R1 488 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP

7.5.6.2 Viljoenskroon

Area	Street name	KM	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Viljoenskroon	Industrial area access road	0.47	R3 050 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Viljoenskroon	Burger Street Section	0.30	R1 950 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Viljoenskroon	Steynberg street section	0.30	R1 950 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Viljoenskroon	Link between Renevance and Fotuna str	0.70	R4 550 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP

7.5.7 Planned Storm water projects

7.5.7.1 Kroonstad

Area	Street name	Description	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Maokeng	KKV	Channelling and vehicular	R28 520 000	MIG/OWN	R14 272 560 MIG
Maokeng	Constantia	Channelling and Pedestrian	R18 500 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP

7.5.7.2 Viljoenskroon

Area	Street name	Description	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Viljoenskroon	Storm water industrial flooding	Channelling and vehicular	R5 701 754	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Rammulotsi	Storm water between Rammulotsi and Northleigh	Channelling of vlei areas with pedestrian crossings	R13 450 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP

7.5.8 Short term: Planned Pave roads to be resealed

7.5.8.1 Kroonstad

Area	Street name	KM	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Kroonstad	Marais str	2.9	R3 045 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Bukes Str	1.0	R2 100 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Van der Lingen str	1.8	R2 160 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Du Toit str	3.1	R1 953 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Verwoerd str	0.35	R220 500	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Steward str	1.9	R2 660 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Ben Merwes Str	1.9	R1 265 500	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Schoemand str	0.95	R684 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Schornborn str	0.90	R648 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Derken str	0.48	R345 600	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Kroonstad	Turner str	1.1	R792 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP

Area	Street name	KM	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Kroonstad	Hospitaal weg	1.3	R33 800 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Manis str	2.4	R1 512 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	First Lane	0.45	R283 500	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Seroto str	2.0	R1 260 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Maokeng	Lethetsa str	1.9	R1 330 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP

7.5.8.2 Viljoenskroon

Area	Street name	KM	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Viljoenskroon	Burger str	0.2	R126 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Viljoenskroon	Steynberg str	0.9	R567 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Viljoenskroon	Reitz str	1.0	R630 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Viljoenskroon	Engelbrecth str	0.4	R252 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Viljoenskroon	Piet Retief str	1.3	R819 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Rammulotsi	2172-394	0.8	R504 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Rammulotsi	5461-1905	2.3	R1 449 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP
Rammulotsi	5089-3287	3.05	R2 897 500	Unfunded	Should submit BP

7.5.8.3 Steynsrus

Area	Street name	KM	Estimated Amount	Funding Source	Remarks
Steynsrus	Main str.	1.3	R33 800 000	Unfunded	Should submit BP

7.5.8.4 Electricity Unfunded Projects

۷r:	Project Name	Project Description	Implementation Date	Cost	Comments
				5.47.000	
	Viljoenskroon NMD		Unfunded for	R 47 000	
	increase Premium Supply		financial year	000	
	Upgrading overloaded LV		Unfunded for		
	Network: Seeisoville &		financial year		
	Phomolong				
	Implementation of Load		Unfunded for		
	Control System / smart		financial year		
	Metering				
	Replacement of 66kV		Unfunded for		
	switchgear		financial year		
	Check meters to verify		Unfunded for		
	Eskom accounts		financial year		
	Construction of Central		Unfunded for		
	Substation Kroonstad CBD		financial year		
	(Phase4) - Installation of		inianciai yeai		
	66kV ring feed cables to				
	Botha Street				
			11.6.1.16		
	Energy efficient public		Unfunded for		
	lighting		financial year		
	Upgrade of Main		Unfunded for		
	substation in Steynsrus		financial year		
	Upgrade of Main		Unfunded for		
	substation in Viljoenskroon		financial year		
	Energy efficient traffic		Unfunded for		
	lights		financial year		
	Moqhaka Public Lighting		Unfunded for		
			financial year		
	Upgrade MV switchgear		Unfunded for		
	panels in Kroonstad		financial year		
	Substations		inianiciai yeai		
	Electrification projects	Brentpark ext. 12 - 326	Unfunded for		
	Licetimeation projects	erven	financial year		
	Electrification projects	Elandia - 200 erven	Unfunded for		
	Electrification projects	Elandia - 200 erven			
	-1		financial year		
	Electrification projects	Heuwelsig - 73 erven	Unfunded for		
			financial year		
	Electrification projects	Maokeng ext. 10 (next to	Unfunded for	R 50 000	
		Boitumelo phase 1) - 2278	financial year	000	
		erven			
	Electrification projects	Maokeng ext. 13 (next to	Unfunded for		
		Boitumelo phase 2) - 2848	financial year		
		erven			
	Electrification projects	Viljoenskroon ext. 14 - 109	Unfunded for		
	, ,	erven	financial year		
	Electrification projects	Vogelvlei - 800 erven	Unfunded for		
			financial year		
	Electrification projects	Northleigh phase 1 - 2126	Unfunded for		
	Licetiffication projects	erven	financial year		
	Electrification proints				
	Electrification projects	Northleigh phase 2 - 1964	Unfunded for		
	=1	erven	financial year		
	Electrification projects	Northleigh phase 3 - 1509	Unfunded for		
		erven	financial year		
	Electrification projects	Tuinhof - 109 erven	Unfunded for	R2 500	
			financial year – own	000	
			funding		

Nr:	Project Name	Project Description	Implementation	Cost	Comments
			Date		
	Electrification projects	Matlwangtlwang ext. 2 -	Unfunded for		
		605 erven	financial year		
	Electrification projects	Rammulotsi ext. 6 (re	Unfunded for		
		planned hostel area) - 42 erven	financial year		
	66 kV overhead line bulk		Unfunded for		
	supply to Maokeng 10km phase 2		financial year		
	Ring feed to Rammulotsi Ext 5		Unfunded for financial year		
	Upgrade LT Network –		Unfunded for		
	Steynsrus, Viljoenskroon		financial year		
	Bulk and zonal meters		Unfunded for		
			financial year		
	Conversion of conventional		Unfunded for		
	with prepaid meters and replacement of damaged prepaid meters		financial year		
	Electricity network upgrade		Unfunded for		
	to accommodate increased NMD : Kroonstad / Maokeng		financial year		
	Electricity office building		Unfunded for		
	repairs		financial year		
	Extension of Streetlights -		Unfunded for		
	North Rd and Reitz Street		financial year		
	Insulators for pole/line		Unfunded for		
	anchors		financial year		
	New 66kV substation in Maokeng - 20MVA transformer and switchgear		Unfunded for financial year		
	Phasing out of old		Unfunded for		
	propriety metering		financial year		
	Replace 2 x 800 kVa		Unfunded for		
	transformers - Brand Street		financial year		
	Replace concrete		Unfunded for		
	electricity/streetlight poles with steel poles		financial year		
	Ring supplies in Steynsrus		Unfunded for		
	,		financial year		
	Ring supplies in		Unfunded for		
	Viljoenskroon		financial year		
	Ring feed - Marock to Mark		Unfunded for		
	Street		financial year		
	Ring feed in Brentpark		Unfunded for		
	between Krelling and		financial year		
	Brierley str		11.6		
	Ring feed to Brentpark		Unfunded for financial year		
	Substation building		Unfunded for		
	refurbishment in Moqhaka		financial year		
	Upgrade computers and		Unfunded for		
	network electricity admin building		financial year		
	Upgrade LV switchgear panels in Kroonstad Substations		Unfunded for financial year		

Nr:	Project Name	Project Description	Implementation Date	Cost	Comments
	Upgrade of Max Demand Meters		Unfunded for financial year		
	Upgrade of MV and LV network in Brentpark		Unfunded for financial year		
	Upgrade of overloaded electrical network (2 x 500kVa mini subs) Seeisoville & CBD		Unfunded for financial year		
	Upgrade transformer protection (Steiner, Ramsbottom and Piet de Vries subs)		Unfunded for financial year		
	Vrisgewaagd small holdings Repair and replace of faulty cable		Unfunded for financial year		

7.6 PROJECTS FROM SECTOR DEPARTMENTS

7.6.1 Free State Department of Education

Project name	me		Coordin ates/Pr		Timeframes/Proj ect status		Actual budget		
	Location	Location Ward		Start date	End date	2019/20	2020/20	2021/2 022	
DEVELOPMENT OF NEW			SCHOOL	S ALREA	DY IN CC	NSTRUC	TION PHA	SE	
Dr. Sello	Viljoensk roon	23	New School	Under construc tion	Anticipa ted complet ion in 2022 financia I year	n/a	n/a	n/a	

7.6.2 Department of Water and Sanitation

Project name			Coordin ates/pr	Timeframes		Actual budget		
	Location	Ward	operty descript ion	Start date	End date	2019/2 020	2020/2 021	2021/2 022
				W	SIG			
Construction of 3MI new reservoir and 3 km pipeline in Steynsrus	Fezile Dabi DM	Steynsru s Matlwa ngtlwan g	N/A	April 2020	Decemb er 2021	12 193 615	15 000 (for entire WSIG programm e)	16 500 (for entire WSIG programm e)

7.6.3 Department of Police, Roads and Transport

Project name	Area			Coordina Timefra tes/prop		Į.	Actual budget		
	Location	War d	erty descripti on	Start date	End date	2019/20 20 (R'000)	2020/20 21 (R'000)	2021/20 22 (R'000)	
Flood damage	Whole free state province			Apr- 19	Mar-22	15 000	19 000	58 101	

Contractor development programme	Whole free state province	Sep-18	Sep-21	125 560	103 253	140 000
Flood damage	Whole free state province	Apr- 19	Mar-22	15 000	19 000	58 101
Contractor development programme	Whole free state province	Sep-18	Sep-21	125 560	103 253	140 000

Project name	Area		Coordi nates/	Timef	rames	, and a	Actual budge	et
	Location	War d	propert y descrip tion	Start date	End date	2019/20 20 (R'000)	2020/20 21 (R'000)	2021/20 22 (R'000)
Kroonstad – steynsrus (phase 3)	Kroonstad – steynsrus			21-aug- 19	31-mar- 21	51 065	60 000	66 930
Bothaville – viljoenskroon (phase 3)	Bothaville – viljoenskroon			04-jul-19	20-sep- 20	60 000	50 000	0
Vredefort – viljoenskroon (phase 3)	Vredefort – viljoenskroon			22-jul-19	31-mar- 21	55 000	57 000	38 000
Kroonstad – viljoenskroon	Wesselsbron – hoopstad			01-apr- 20	31-mar- 23	10 000	60 000	70 000
Regravelling	Whole fezile dabi district			Oct 2018	Oct 2021	20 000	10 000	40 000
Flood damage	Whole free state province			Apr- 19	Mar-22	15 000	19 000	58 101
Contractor development programme	Whole free state province			Sep-18	Sep-21	125 560	103 253	140 000

Project name	Are Location	a Ward	Coordi nates/ propert y descrip tion	Start date	Frames End date	Act 2019/20 20	2020/2 021	2021/ 2022
	All Districts	Various wards				15 651m	ТВС	ТВС

Cleaning and Greening			Cleaning and ,beautific	1 st April 2020	31 st March 2021			
Community Work Programme	All Districts	Various wards	ation of public areas	1 st April 2020	31 st March 2021	11 183m	ТВС	ТВС
Cash for Waste	Fezile Dabi	Various wards	Cleaning ,illegal dumping and waste collectio n	1 st April 2020	31 st March 2021	3 954m	ТВС	ТВС
National Youth Services (NYS)	All Districts	Various wards	Provide work place skills	1 st April 2020	1 st April 2020	42 4m	ТВС	ТВС
Contractor Development Programme (CDP)	All Districts		Provide construct ion skills	TBC	ТВС	5 2m	ТВС	ТВС

7.6.4 Department Of Economics, Small Business, Tourism And Environmental Affairs Annexure A: District Development Model (SP)

Project name	Area		Coordi nates/	Timefr	Timeframes		Actual budget		
	Location	Ward	proper ty descri ption	Start date	End date	2019/2 020	2020/2 021	2021/2 022	
Development of the Air Quality Management Plan	All	All	n/a	01/04/2020	31/03/20 21		R500 000		
Review of the Integrated Waste Management Plan	All	All	n/a	01/04/2020	31/03/20 21		R500 000		

Project name	Arc	ea	Coordi nates/	Timefr	ames	Α	ctual budg	et
name	Location	Ward	proper ty descri	Start date	End date	2019/2 020	2020/2 021	2021/2 022
Review of the Climate Change Mitigation Plan Adaptation and Response Implementatio n Plan	All	All	n/a	01/04/2020	31/03/20 21		R500 000	
Development FS Province Wildlife and Biodiversity Economy Strategy and Implementatio n Plan	All	All	n/a	01/04/2020	31/03/20 21		R1.2 Million	
Development of the FS Province Environment Sector Funding Model	All	All	n/a	01/04/2020	31/03/20 21		R800 000	
Development of the FS Province Waste Township Economy and Recycling Strategy and Implementatio n Plan	All	All	n/a	01/04/2021	31/03/20 22			R800 000
Development of an EIAS Approval Process Jobs Tracking Model	All	All	n/a	01/04/2021	31/03/20 22			R300 000

Project name	Arc	ea	Coordi nates/	Timefra	ames	А	ctual budget	
	Location	Ward	proper ty descri ption	Start date	End date	2019/2 020	2020/2 021	2021/2 022
Development of a Research Future Projections of Development Opportunities within the Environment Sector	All	All	n/a	01/04/2020	31/03/20 21		R400 000	
Development of an MTEF Projects Plan in line with the Sector Gender Strategy and Draft Environment Sector Skills Development Strategy	All	All	n/a	01/04/2020	31/03/20 21		R100 000	

Project name	Area		Coordinates /property description	Time	frames	Drafted budget awaiti final appropriation bu from Provincial Treasu		n budget
	Location	Ward		Start date			2020/2 021	2021/2 022
			T 1:	uate	date	020		
Marabastad	Moqhaka		Township		31 Mar	R3 500	TBC	TBC
TRP			Revitalization		2022	000		
			Programme					
Steynsrus	Moqhaka		Township	23 Oct	31 Mar	R3 640	TBC	TBC
TRP	-	'		2019	2022	000		
			Programme					

Works Design, Construction and Maintenance

Project name	Area		Coordinat es/proper ty	Timeframes		Drafted budget awaiting final appropriation budget from Provincial Treasury		
	Location	War	descriptio	Start	End	2019/2	2020/2	2021/2
		d	n	date	date	020	021	022
Boitumelo Hos T/S	Moqhaka		Hospital	2019/2020				

7.6.5 Department of Environmental Affairs

DISTRICT	LOCAL MUNICIPALITY	PROJECT NAME	PURPOSE/ ENVISAGED IMPACT	RESPONSIBLE AGENT/ PARTY	TIME FRAME
Fezile Dabi	Moqhaka LM	Moqhaka Waste Management Initiative	Raising awareness, and Waste Bylaws, converting corner dumps in vegetable gardens and parks	Coke-a-Cola, DESTEA and DEFF	2020- 2021
Fezile Dabi	Moqhaka LM	Review IWMP	Legislatively required activity on the updating of waste management plans	Fezile Dabi DM, DEFF:Andrew Motha, DESTEA, Moqhaka LM and DEFF:LGS	2020-2021
Fezile Dabi	All municipalities	Implementation of Good Green Deeds Project	of Good Green Employment of 132		2019-2022 (3yrs)
Fezile Dabi	Moqhaka and Mafube LM	Skills Development Training projects	Plumbing and Environmental Management	DEFF: EPIP and DEFF: LGS	2019-2020

DISTRICT	LOCAL MUNICIPALITY TO BENEFIT	NUMBER OF CANDIDATES APPOINTED	RESOURCES PROVIDED BY DEA	KEY PERFORMANCE AREAS
Fezile Dabi	All 4 LM	2 (Metsimaholo and Mafube Currently employed and 2 (Moqhaka and Ngwathe LM) awaiting appointment	Laptops, Transport, Cellphones, salaries for 3 years	 ➢ Coordinate ward based environmental education programme ➢ Coordinate the school based environmental education programme ➢ Focal point for DEA to ensure effective communication and coordination between DEA and the local municipality ➢ Provide support in the coordination of stakeholder engagements & events

7.6.6 Department of Social Development

Project name	Area	Area		Timeframes (Annual)	Actual b	Actual budget		
	Location	Ward	ates/pro perty descripti on	Start date	End date	2019/2 020	2020/20 21	2021/2 022	
Pelo Nolo community Centre	Moqhaka Kroonstad			01 Apr 2020	31 Mar 2021		R149 160		
Ahanang Soup Kitchen • Awareness campaigns • Counselling	Moqhaka Kroonstad			01 Apr 2020	31 Mar 2021		R157 296		

Project name	Area		Coordin ates/pro	Timeframes (Annual)		Actual budget		
	Location	Ward	perty descripti on	Start date	End date	2019/2 020	2020/20 21	2021/2 022
Sports Activities								
Rearabetswe CNDC Gardening	Moqhaka Steynsrus			01 Apr 2020	31 Mar 2021		R67 800	

7.6.7 Department of Health

Project name	Project Status	Municipality / Region	Economic Classification	Type of infrastructure	Project o	luration	Delivery Mechnism (Individual project or
			(Buildings and Other fixed Structures, Goods & Services, Plant,machinery & Equipments, COE)		Date: Start	Date: Finish	Packaged Program)
1. Clinics and CHCs	1	1			ı		
Upgrades Clinics: Fezile Dabi District	Procurement (bids evaluations)	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinic and CHS	01 April 2017	31 March 2020	Packaged Program
Upgrades Clinics: Xhariep District	Procurement (bids evaluations)	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinic and CHS	01 April 2017	31 March 2020	Packaged Program
Upgrades Clinics: Mangaung Metro District	Procurement (bids evaluations)	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinic and CHS	01 April 2017	31 March 2020	Packaged Program
2. Rehabilitation, renovations and	d refurbishments						
2.1 Clinics and Community Healt	h Centers						
Refurbishment of Clinics: Fezile Dabi District	Planning	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Clinic and CHS	01 April 2017	31 March 2021	Packaged Program
2.2 District Hospitals	I	ı	I				
District Hospitals Refurbish and replacement Mechanical Equipment (Lifts, Aircons, Calorifiers, Autoclaves, etc)	Ongoing	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 June 2014	31 March 2021	Packaged Program
District Hospitals Refurbishment and replacement of Generators	Ongoing	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 June 2014	31 March 2021	Packaged Program
District Hospitals Refurbishment and Replacement of Boilers	Ongoing	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	District Hospital	01 April 2014	31 March 2021	Packaged Program
2.3 Provincial Hospitals							
Boitumelo Hospital	Planning	Moqhaka	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincial Hospital	01 Aprile 2017	31 March 2021	Individual Project

Project name	Project Status	Municipality / Region	Economic Classification	Type of infrastructure	Project o	luration	Delivery Mechnism (Individual project or
			(Buildings and Other fixed Structures, Goods & Services, Plant,machinery & Equipments, COE)		Date: Start	Date: Finish	Packaged Program)
Provincial Hospitals Refurbishment and Replacement of Boilers	Ongoing	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincial Hospital	01 April 2014	31 March 2021	Packaged Program
Provincial Hospitals Refurbish and replacement Mechanical Equipment (Lifts, Aircons, Calorifiers, Autoclaves, etc)	Ongoing	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincial Hospital	01 June 2014	31 March 2021	Packaged Program
Provincial Hospitals Refurbishment and replacement of Generators	Ongoing	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Provincial Hospital	01 June 2014	31 March 2021	Packaged Program
3.3 Central and Specialised Hos	pitals						
Central and Specialised Hospitals Refurbishment and Replacement of Boilers	Ongoing	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Central and Specialised Hospital	01 April 2014	31 March 2021	Packaged Program
Central and Specialised Hospitals Refurbish and replacement Mechanical Equipment (Lifts, Aircons, Calorifiers, Autoclaves, etc)	Ongoing	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Central and Specialised Hospital	01 June 2014	31 March 2021	Packaged Program
Central and Specialised Hospitals Refurbishment and replacement of Generators	Ongoing	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Central and Specialised Hospital	01 June 2014	31 March 2021	Packaged Program
Universitas Academic Hospital	Planning	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Central Hospital	01 April 2017	31 March 2021	Individual Project

Project name	Project Status	Municipality / Region	Economic Classification	Type of infrastructure	Project o	luration	Delivery Mechnism (Individual project or
			(Buildings and Other fixed Structures, Goods & Services, Plant,machinery & Equipments, COE)		Date: Start	Date: Finish	Packaged Program)
Free State Psychiatric Complex (FSPC)	Planning	Mangaung Metro	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Specialised Hospital	01 April 2017	31 March 2021	Individual Project
3.3 EMS Facilities							
3.3 OTHER Facilities							
Installation of Water Tanks (incl. Jojo tanks, connections and boholes)	Planning	All Municipalities	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Other	01 April 2018	30 June 2021	Packaged Program
Kroonstad Laundry	Identified	Moqhaka	Buildings and Other Fixed Structures	Laundry	01 March 2019	30 June 2021	Individual Project
4.1 Clinics and Community Healt	h Centers				-		
Maintenance of CHC's and Clinics Fezile Dabi	Planning	All Municipalities	Goods and Services	Clinics and CHC's	01 March 2018	30 March 2021	Packaged Program
4.2 District Hospital							
Maintenance District Hospitals Fezile Dabi District	Planning	All Municipalities	Goods and Services	District Hospitals	01 April 2017	31 March 2021	Packaged Program
4.4 OTHER Facilities	ı	J					
Maintenance Other Infrastructure Fezile Dabi District	Planning	All Municipalities	Goods and Services	Mortuaries, Residential, Etc	01 April 2016	31 March 2021	Packaged Program
Maintenance Nursing Colleges And Schools	Planning	All Municipalities	Goods and Services	Nursing colleges and Schools	01 April 2016	31 March 2021	Packaged Program
Maintenance & Repairs of Water Treatment Facilities	Planning	All Municipalities	Goods and Services	Other facilities	01 April 2017	31 March 2021	Packaged Program
Maintenance and Repair Of Medical Gas Equipment	Planning	All Municipalities	Goods and Services	Nursing colleges and Schools	01 April 2016	31 March 2021	Packaged Program

Project name	Project Status	Municipality / Region	Economic Classification	Type of infrastructure	Project o		Delivery Mechnism (Individual project or
			(Buildings and Other fixed Structures, Goods & Services, Plant,machinery & Equipments, COE)		Date: Start	Date: Finish	Packaged Program)

Project Name	Program	Project Description	Project Starting Date	Project completion Date	Total Est. Cost (R'000)
Boitumelo Regional Hosp.(Kroonstad)	8	Completion of revitalization, final contract	01/04/2020 planning	31/03/2022	260,000
Laundry Kroonstad	8	Refurbishment of entire facility and replacement of equipment	01/03/2021	30/06/2023	5,000
Hill Street Clinic (Kroonstad)	8	Constraction of new clinic (Replacement)	01/04/2020	31/03/2024	40,000
Brentpark Clinic (Kroonstad)	8	Refurbishment and upgrading of entire facility	01/042020	30/11/2023	8,000
Lesedi CHC(Kroonstad)	8	Refurbishment and upgrading of entire facility	01/04/2018	30/03/2023	20,000
Pax CHC (Viljoenskroon)	8	Refurbishment and upgrading of entire facility	30/06/2020	30/06/2021	80,000
Bophelong Clinic (Kroonstad)	8	Replacement of Clinic	01/04/2020	31/03/2023	8,000

7.6.8 Department of Public Works

Type of infrastructure	Project name	IDMS Gates (Project initiation, Infrastructure planning, Strategic resourcing, Preparation and briefing or prefeasibility, Concept and viability or feasibility, Design development, Design documentation (Production information), Design documentation (Man	Municipality / Region	Project duration Date: Start	Project duration Date: Finish	Budget programme name
Access roads	MARABASTAD T/S REVIT	Design	Moqhaka	01/04/2019	31/03/2022	EPWP

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

- Projects :Senekal Dwevelopment
- Place :Viljoenskroon
- Coodinator :271226.5 S 26 54 55.0 E
- Activities: Renovation of five layer houses connection of water, purchasing egg grading machinelayers, feeds and medication, packaging material, egg trolleys, office furniture, installation of solar geyser on the packing facility.
- Budget:R5 500 000.00
- Beneficiaries :M=1;F=9;Disabled=0;Youth=0;Total=0
- Jobs created :M=1;F=9;Disable=0;Youth=0;Total =1=
- Projects:Naledi Trust
- Place :Kroonstad
- Coodinates: 27 37 30 1S 27 09 45.3.E
- Activities: Constraction of 1x7 500 layer house with cages, water and electricity connection, purchasing of 7 500 facility for layers and vegetables, packaging material, constraction of two poly carbon tunnels office and ablution facilities, office furniture, installation of solar geyser.
- Budget :R7 500 000
- Beneficiaries :M=6 F=13;Disabled=3;Youth=12;Total=19

Jobs Created:M=6;F=13;

ILIMA/LETSEMA PROJECTS CONT:

- Project:Klipan 2(Ramaele Farming)
- Place :Steynsrus
- Coodinates:27 27.37S 28 38 25.95E
- Total Ha:100 ha
- Activities: Purchase of 25 cattle @R17 000 and 1 bull @R66 000 planting of maize for 100 ha (12 000/ha including diesel and machinery)
- Budget:R1 791 000
- Bebeficiaries:M=2;F=4;Disabled=0;Youth=1;Total =6
- Jobs Created:M=2F=4:Disabled=0:Youth=1 Total 6
- Project:Jaskraal
- Place:Steynsrus
- Codinates: 27 59 04 5S 27 32 24.7E
- Total :Ha: 130 ha
- Activities:Planting of maize for 130ha (12 00/ha including diesel and machinery)
- Budget:R1 691 000
- Beneficiaries M=11;F=6;Disabled=0;Youth=4; Total

ILIMA/LETSEMA PROJECTS CONT:

- Project:Olivenfontein Farm (Sekekete Farming)
- Place :Steynsrus
- Total: 27 33 53, 8, 5S 27 33 05 .4E
- Total Ha: 200ha
- Activities: Planting of maize 20ha (R12 000 including diesel and machinery
- Budget: R2 400 000
- Beneficiaries:M=4;F=5;Disabled=0;Youth=4;Total=9
- Jobs Created:M=4;F=5;Youth=0;To

ILIMA/LETSEMA PROJECTS CONT:

- Project: Vergenoeg Farm (Phahla Farming)
- Place:Viljoenskroon
- Coodinates: 27 15 028S 28 31 30.E
- Total:Ha 130 ha
- Activities: Purchasing of 25 cattle @ R17 000 and 1 bujll @ R66 000 feed and medication.

• Budget: R550 000

• Beneficiaries:M=1;F=0;Disabled=0;Youth=0;Total=1

• Jobs Created M=1;F=0;Disabled=0;Youth=0 Total =1

ILIMA/LETSEMA PROJECTS CONT:

Poject: Selai Farming

Place: Kroonstad

Coodinates:

Total Ha 284 ha

• Activities Sitting ;drilling and equipping





Standardized reporting template for draft/final budgeted projects and programmes

Name of Municipality: Moqhaka LM

Project name	Area		Coordinates/ property	Timeframes		Actual budget		
	Location	Ward	description	Start date	End date	2019/2020	2020/2021	2021/2022
PORTION 1 FARM ZAAIPLAATS; REMAINING EXTENT FARM ZAAIPLAATS 1708	Steynsrus	2	X: 27,32040000000 Y: -27,91050000000	Not Indicated		R4 300 000	R4 300 000	
REMAINDER OF FARM DALMANUTHA 1213	Kroonstad	2	X: 27,28660000000 Y: -27,59480000000	Not Indicated		R13 450 000	R13 450 000	
R EFARM ZAAIPLAATS 1708	Steynsrus	2	X: 27,32040000000 Y: -27,91050000000	Not Indicated		R108 235	R108 235	
PTN 1 FARM MAGDALA	Kroonstad	2	X: 27,28660000000 Y: -27,59480000000	Not Indicated		R108 235	R108 235	
Groenhof and Geluksvlei(0)	Koppies	21	X: 27,36850000000 Y: -27,27480000000	Not Indicated		R24 500 000	R12 000 000	
PSP FOR THE DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION MONITORING OF KROONSTAAD FPSU BULK SERVICES & LOGISTICTS CENTRE	Kroonstad	7	X: 27,20630000000 Y: -27,60030000000	April 2020	September 2020	R500 000	R924 268	
CONSTRUCTION OF KROONSTAAD FPSU BULK SERVICES & LOGISTICTS CENTRE	Kroonstad	7	X: 27,20630000000 Y: -27,60030000000	January 2020	September 2020	R6 000 000	R12 186 786	





Project name	Area		Coordinates/ property	Timeframes		Actual budget		
	Location	Ward	description	Start date	End date	2019/2020	2020/2021	2021/2022
KROONSTAD FPSU	Kroonstad	7	X: 27,206302 Y: -27,600323	No Predicted Month		R9 500 000	R1 000 000	
CORNELIA & SCOTTSVALLEY	Vredefort	21	X: 27,14510000000 Y: -27,01550000000	Not Indicated		R7 500 000	R8 000 000	
ZAAIPLAATS	Steynsrus	2	X: 27,32040000000 Y: -27,91050000000	Not Indicated		R7 500 000	R8 000 000	
WELTEVREDE NOORD	Viljoenskroon	23	X: 27,01430000000 Y: -27,15410000000	Not Indicated		R7 500 000	R8 000 000	
MIDDENSPRUIT ZUID	Kroonstad	7	X: 27,19540000000 Y: -27,58510000000	Not Indicated		R7 500 000	R8 000 000	
ZEBRA	Steynsrus	2	X: 27,63230000000 Y: -27,90280000000	Not Indicated		R7 500 000	R50 000	